### Kareeberg

[These financial statements have been audited]

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
30 JUNE 2019

### Index

Cont	ents	7
Gen	eral Information	1
Appr	oval of the Financial Statements	2
Repo	ort of the Auditor General	
State	ement of Financial Position	3
State	ement of Financial Performance	4
State	ement of Changes In Net Assets	5
Cash	n Flow Statement	6
	ement of comparison of budget and actual amounts - Statement nancial Position	7 - 8
	ement of comparison of budget and actual amounts - Statement nancial Performance	9 - 10
	ment of comparison of budget and actual amounts - Cash statement	11 - 12
Acco	unting Policies	13 - 47
Note	s to the Financial Statements	48 - 80
APPI	ENDICES - Unaudited	
Α	Segmental Statement of Financial Performance - Municipal Votes	81
В	Segmental Statement of Financial Performance	82
С	Disclosure of Grants and Subsidies In Terms of Section 123 of MFMA, 56 of 2003	83
D	National Treasury Appropriation Statements - Revenue and Expenditure (Revenue by Source and Expenditure by Type) - Revenue and Expenditure (Standard Classification) - Revenue and Expenditure (Municipal Vote Classification) - Revenue and Expenditure (Revenue by Source and Expenditure by Type) - Capital Expenditure by Vote, Standard Classification and Funding - Cashflows	84 85 86 87 88 89
Е	Deviations - Section 36(2) - Supply Chain Management	90 - 92

### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

### **GENERAL INFORMATION**

### **NATURE OF BUSINESS**

Kareeberg Municipality is a local municipality performing the functions as set out in the Constitution. (Act no 105 of 1996)

### **COUNTRY OF ORIGIN AND LEGAL FORM**

South African Category B Municipality (Local Municipality) as defined by the Municipal Structures Act. (Act no 117 of 1998)

### **JURISDICTION**

The Kareeberg Municipality includes the following geographical areas: Carnarvon Vosburg Vanwyksvlei

### MAYOR

Mr N.S. van Wyk

### **MUNICIPAL MANAGER**

Mr F. Manuel (Since 1 December 2017)

### **CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER**

Mr W. de Bruin (Since 5 March 2018)

### **REGISTERED OFFICE**

Hanau Street, CARNARVON, 9825

### **AUDITORS**

Office of the Auditor General (NC) Oliver Road, Kimberley, 8301

### PRINCIPLE BANKERS

ABSA, Victoria Street, Carnarvon

### **ATTORNEYS**

G.B. Kempen & De Wet Nel, Victoria Street, Carnarvon Herman Van Heerden Ing, Southey Street, Douglas

### **RELEVANT LEGISLATION**

Municipal Finance Management Act (Act no 56 of 2003) Division of Revenue Act The Income Tax Act Value Added Tax Act Municipal Structures Act (Act no 117 of 1998) Municipal Systems Act (Act no 32 of 2000) Municipal Planning and Performance Management Regulations Water Services Act (Act no 108 of 1997) Housing Act (Act no 107 of 1997) Municipal Property Rates Act (Act no 6 of 2004) Electricity Act (Act no 41 of 1987) Skills Development Levies Act (Act no 9 of 1999) Employment Equity Act (Act no 55 of 1998) Unemployment Insurance Act (Act no 30 of 1966) Basic Conditions of Employment Act (Act no 75 of 1997) Supply Chain Management Regulations, 2005 Collective Agreements SALBC Leave Regulations

### MEMBERS OF THE KAREEBERG LOCAL MUNICIPALITY

WARD	COUNCILLOR
1	Mr E. Hoorn
2	Mr N.S. van Wyk
3	Mr G.P. van Louw
4	Mr B.J.E. Slambee
Proportional	Mr J.E.J. Hoorn
Proportional	Ms G. Saal
Proportional	Mr W.D. Horne

### APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

I am responsible for the preparation of these annual financial statements year ended 30 June 2019, which are set out on pages 1 to 92 in terms of Section 126 (1) of the Municipal Finance Management Act and which I have signed on behalf of the Municipality.

The annual financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Standards of Generally Recognised Accounting Practice (GRAP), including any interpretations, guidelines and directives issued by the Accounting Standards Board.

The annual financial statements are based upon appropriate accounting policies consistently applied and supported by reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates.

I acknowledge that I am ultimately responsible for the system of internal financial control and that the system of internal control provides reasonable assurance that the financial records can be relied on.

I have reviewed the Municipality's cash flow forecast for the year to 30 June 2020 and is satisfied that the Municipality can continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future.

The external auditors are responsible for independently reviewing and reporting on the Municipality's financial statements.

I certify that the remuneration of Councillors and in-kind benefits are within the upper limits of the framework envisaged in Section 219 of the Constitution, read with the Remuneration of Public Office Bearers Act and the Minister of Corporative Governance determination in accordance with this Act.

The annual financial statements were prepared on the going concern basis and the municipality has neither the intention nor the need to liquidate or curtail materially the scale of the municipality.

Mr F. Manuel (Since 1 December 2017)

Municipal Manager

31 August 2019

Date

### **STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AT 30 JUNE 2019**

NET ASSETS AND LIABILITIES	Notes	2019 (Actual) R	2018 (Restated) R
Net Assets		166 027 703	400 047 540
		100 027 703	139 917 548
Capital Replacement Reserve	2	11 347 812	11 347 812
Housing Development fund Accumulated Surplus	2	48 202 154 631 690	45 545
•			128 524 191
Non-Current Liabilities		34 364 080	33 536 490
Employee benefits	3	7 958 829	9 098 455
Non-Current Provisions	4	26 405 251	24 438 036
Current Liabilities		19 248 834	22 563 070
Consumer Deposits	5	327 904	325 569
Current Employee benefits	6	2 658 170	2 227 279
Trade and Other Payables from exchange transactions	7	1 958 002	1 671 714
Unspent Transfers and Subsidies	8	14 304 758	18 338 507
Total Net Assets and Liabilities		219 640 617	196 017 108
ASSETS			
Non-Current Assets		173 527 678	148 793 563
Property, Plant and Equipment	10	155 961 000	131 610 858
Investment Property	11	15 412 204	15 425 146
Intangible Assets	12	26 631	14 136
Heritage Assets	13	14 900	14 900
Capitalised Restoration Cost Long-Term Receivables	14 15	2 096 992	1 708 738
•	15	15 951	19 785
Current Assets		46 112 939	47 223 545
Inventory	16	546 936	546 936
Trade Receivables from exchange transactions	17	3 045 857	3 385 230
Other Receivables from non-exchange transactions	18	53 219	-
Operating Lease Asset Current Portion of Long-term Receivables	19 15	33 870	37 909
Cash and Cash Equivalents	20	4 967 42 428 089	4 773 43 248 697
·		72 720 009	75 270 037
Total Assets		219 640 617	196 017 108

### STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

Revenue from Non-exchange Transactions Taxation Revenue Properly taxes 21		Notes	2019 (Actual) R	2018 (Actual) R	Correction of Error - Note 36.06 R	2018 (Previously reported) R
Taxation Ravenue	REVENUE				.,	N.
Property taxes	Revenue from Non-exchange Transactions		68 484 499	45 563 113	(137 355)	45 700 469
Transfer Revenue	Taxation Revenue		8 327 522	4 430 162		4 430 162
Soverment Grants and Subsidies - Capital Government Grants and Subsidies - Capital Government Grants and Subsidies - Operating Contributed Property, Plant and Equipment	Property taxes	21	8 327 522	4 430 162		4 430 162
Contributed Property, Plant and Subsidies - Operating Contributed Property, Plant and Equipment   22   29 887 898   28 350 728   26 350 728   26 350 728   26 350 728   26 350 728   26 350 728   26 350 728   26 350 728   26 350 728   26 350 728   26 350 728   27 20 43	Transfer Revenue		58 184 891	40 784 060		40 784 060
Actuarial Gains Availability Charges Availability C	Government Grants and Subsidies - Operating			26 350 728	- 1	26 350 728
Availability Charges   23   301 996   272 043   272 043   35 263   35 263   12661   17978   - 1978   17978   - 1978   17978   - 1978   17978   - 1978   17978   - 1978   19620   - 1978   - 19	Other Revenue		1 972 087	348 891	(137 355)	486 246
Total Revenue   Total Revenu	Availability Charges		11	272 043		- 1
Property Rates - Penalties & Collection Charges Service Charges   24   16 022 540   12 246 000   (272 043)   16 930 110   13 4 553   16 930 110   16 930 110   16 930 110   16 930 110   17 10 10 10   17 10 10 10   17 10 10   17 10 10   17 10 10   17 10			12 661	11	-	111
Property Rates - Penalties & Collection Charges   24   16 022 540   12 246 000   (272 043)   12 518 043   1	Fines		9 620	20 520		III II
Property Rates - Penalties & Collection Charges   24   16 022 540   12 246 000   (272 043)   12 518 043   Rental of Facilities and Equipment   12 518 043   12	Revenue from Exchange Transactions		20 135 377	16 658 067	(272 043)	16 930 110
Service Charges   24   16 022 540   12 246 000   (272 043)   12 518 043   279 943   14 518 043   279 943   14 518 043   14 518 043   14 518 043   14 518 043   14 518 043   14 518 043   14 518 043   14 518 043   14 518 043   14 518 043   14 518 043   15 518 043   15 518 043   16 518 043			187 596	r 1r	(=:00:0)	
Interest Earned - external investments   1		24			(272 043)	12 518 043
Total Revenue   25					-	279 943
Agency Services Other Revenue  25			I I		-	
Cither Revenue         25         39 149         43 289         -         43 289           Total Revenue         88 619 876         62 221 180         (409 399)         62 630 578           EXPENDITURE           Employee related costs         27         20 781 043         19 218 421         (152 572)         19 370 993           Remuneration of Councillors         28         2 532 343         2 445 807         -         2 445 807           Debt Impairment         30         3 957 784         271 774         -         271 774           Depreciation and Amortisation         31         4 430 327         3 478 485         (42)         3 478 527           Impairments         10         52 936         8 058         -         8 058           Actuarial losses         3         29 812         76 757         -         76 757           Finance Charges         32         2 376 634         2 246 122         (35 755)         2 281 877           Bulk Purchases         33         9 485 219         8 887 294         -         8 887 294           Contracted services         29         -         (3 281 355)         3 281 355           Grants and Subsidies         34         -         -         (101					-	
EXPENDITURE   Employee related costs   27   20 781 043   19 218 421   (152 572)   19 370 993   Remuneration of Councillors   28   2532 343   2 445 807   2 445 807   2 445 807   2 445 807   2 445 807   2 445 807   2 245 827   2 245 8		25			-	
Employee related costs   27   20 781 043   19 218 421   (152 572)   19 370 993	Total Revenue		88 619 876		(409 399)	
Employee related costs   27   20 781 043   19 218 421   (152 572)   19 370 993	EXPENDITURE			8		8
Remuneration of Councillors  28	Employee related costs	27	20 791 042	40 040 404	(450 570)	
Debt Impairment  30 3 957 784 271 774 - 271 774  Depreciation and Amortisation  31 4 430 327 3 478 485 (42) 3 478 527  Impairments  10 52 936 8 058 - 8 058  Actuarial losses  3 29 812 76 757 - 76 757  Finance Charges  32 2 376 634 2 246 122 (35 755) 2 281 877  Bulk Purchases  33 9 485 219 8 887 294  Contracted services  29 - (32 81 355) 3 281 355  Grants and Subsidies  34 - (1018 370) 1 018 370  Stock Adjustments  33 1 648 775 1 601 689 - 1601 689  General Expenses  35 17 209 164 14 767 190 5 179 297 9 587 893  Total Expenditure  62 504 038 53 001 596 691 202 52 310 393  Operating Surplus for the Year  Loss on disposal of Property, Plant and  Equipment/Investment Property/Intangible Asset  Gain on disposal of Property, Plant &  Equipment/Investment Property/Intangible Asset  Fair Value Adjustments  26 1 133 1 274 - 13 277  Fair Value Adjustments  26 1 133 1 274 - 1274					(152 572)	
Depreciation and Amortisation 31 4 430 327 3 478 485 (42) 3 478 527 Impairments 10 52 936 8 058 - 8 058					-	
Impairments	Depreciation and Amortisation				(42)	
Actuarial losses 3 29812 76 757 - 76 757 Finance Charges 32 2376 634 2246 122 (35 755) 2281 877 Bulk Purchases 33 9485 219 8 887 294 - 8 887 294 Contracted services 29 - (3 281 355) 3 281 355 Grants and Subsidies 34 - (1018 370) 1018 370 Stock Adjustments 33 1648 775 1601 689 - 1601 689 General Expenses 35 17 209 164 14 767 190 5 179 297 9 587 893  Total Expenditure 62 504 038 53 001 596 691 202 52 310 393 Operating Surplus for the Year 26 115 838 9 219 584 (1 100 601) 10 320 185 Loss on disposal of Property/Intangible Asset Equipment/Investment Property/Intangible Asset Equipment/Investment Property/Intangible Asset Fair Value Adjustments 26 1 133 1 274 - 13 277 Fair Value Adjustments 260 TATES ASSET TOTAL TOT					(+2)	
Finance Charges  32	Actuarial losses					
Sulk Purchases   33   9 485 219   8 887 294   - 8 87 294   - 8 887 294   - 8 87 2		32	2 376 634		(35 755)	
Contracted services 28 - (3 281 355) 3 281 355 Grants and Subsidies 34 - (1 018 370) 1 018 370 Stock Adjustments 33 1 648 775 1 601 689 - 1 601 689 General Expenses 35 17 209 164 14 767 190 5 179 297 9 587 893  Total Expenditure 62 504 038 53 001 596 691 202 52 310 393  Operating Surplus for the Year 26 115 838 9 219 584 (1 100 601) 10 320 185 Loss on disposal of Property/Intangible Asset Equipment/Investment Property/Intangible Asset Fair Value Adjustments 26 1 133 1 274 - 13 277		33	9 485 219	8 887 294	-	
Stock Adjustments   33				-	(3 281 355)	
Total Expenditure   62 504 038   53 001 596   691 202   52 310 393			-		(1 018 370)	1 018 370
Total Expenditure					-	1 601 689
Operating Surplus for the Year         26 115 838         9 219 584         (1 100 601)         10 320 185           Loss on disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment/Investment Property/Intangible Asset Gain on disposal of Property, Plant & Equipment/Investment Property/Intangible Asset Fair Value Adjustments         10         -         13 277         -         13 277           Fair Value Adjustments         26         1 133         1 274         -         1 274	General Expenses	35	17 209 164	14 767 190	5 179 297	9 587 893
Loss on disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment/Investment Property/Intangible Asset Gain on disposal of Property, Plant & Equipment/Investment Property/Intangible Asset Equipment/Investment Property/Intangible Asset Fair Value Adjustments  10 (6 814) (2 400) - (2 400)  13 277 - 13 277  13 277  1 274	Total Expenditure		62 504 038	53 001 596	691 202	52 310 393
Equipment/Investment Property/Intangible Asset Gain on disposal of Property, Plant & Equipment/Investment Property/Intangible Asset Fquipment/Investment Property/Intangible Asset Fair Value Adjustments  26 1133 1274 - 13274  NET SURPLUS FOR THE VEAR			26 115 838	9 219 584	(1 100 601)	10 320 185
Equipment/Investment Property/Intangible Asset  Fair Value Adjustments  26 1133 1274 - 1274  NET SURPLUS FOR THE VEAR	Equipment/Investment Property/Intangible Asset	10	(6 814)	(2 400)	-	(2 400)
Fair Value Adjustments 26 1133 1274 - 1274		10	-	13 277	-	13 277
NET SURPLUS FOR THE YEAR 26 110 157 9 231 735 (1 100 601) 10 332 336		26	1 133	1 274	<b>-</b>	1 274
	NET SURPLUS FOR THE YEAR		26 110 157	9 231 735	(1 100 601)	10 332 336

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

	Housing Development Fund	Capital Replacement Reserve	Accumulated Surplus/ (Deficit)	Total
	œ	œ	œ	œ
Balance at 1 July 2017	43 061	11 347 812	119 442 074	130 832 947
Restated Balance at 1 July 2017  Net Surplus/(Deficit) for the year  Correction of error - See Note 36.06  Transfer to Housing Development Fund	<b>43 061</b>	11 347 812	119 442 074 10 332 336 (1 100 601) (2 484)	130 832 947 10 332 336 (1 100 601)
Balance at 30 June 2018 Correction of error - See Note 36.05	45 545	11 347 812	<b>128 671 325</b> (147 134)	<b>140 064 682</b> (147 134)
Restated Balance at 1 July 2018  Net Surplus/(Deficit) for the year  Transfer to/from Housing Development Fund  Rounding	45 545 - 2 657	11 347 812	128 524 191 26 110 157 (2 657) (2)	139 917 548 26 110 157

166 027 703

154 631 690

11 347 812

48 202

Balance at 30 June 2019

### CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

		2019	2018
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Notes	R	(Actual) R
Receipts			
Property Rates Service Charges Other Revenue Government - Operating Government - Capital Interest		7 159 002 11 521 996 4 342 176 26 106 000 28 019 000 3 335 972	4 366 905 10 970 362 3 464 871 24 609 000 19 079 000 3 605 728
Payments			
Suppliers and employees Finance charges	32	(50 172 814) (2 376 634)	(43 667 277) (2 246 122)
Net Cash from Operating Activities	37	27 934 699	20 182 467
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment Proceeds on Disposal of Fixed Assets Purchase of Intangible Assets		(28 782 947) 37 137 (16 602)	(15 173 707) 66 030 (13 372)
Net Cash from Investing Activities		(28 762 413)	(15 121 049)
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			<del>-</del>
(Increase)/Decrease in Long-term Receivables Increase/(Decrease) in Consumer Deposits Rounding		4 773 2 335 (1)	4 586 1 430 -
Net Cash from Financing Activities		7 107	6 016
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(820 608)	5 067 434
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the year Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of the year	38	43 248 697 42 428 089	38 181 264 43 248 697
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(820 608)	5 067 434

## KAREEBERG LOCAL MUNICIPALITY STATEMENT OF COMPARISON OF BUDGET AND ACTUAL AMOUNTS STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AT 30 JUNE 2019

## COMPARISON OF ACTUAL FIGURES TO FINAL BUDGET

	Explanations for material variances		Payment percentage increased and more interest received.	Error on Adjustment Budget strings.	Error on Adjustment Budget strings.	ncrease in rental debors and VAT.		Error on Adjustment Budget strings					Error on Adjustment Budget strings.	Error on Adjustment Budget strings.	)									Error on Adjustment Budget strings.	Error on Adjustment Budget strings.	Error on Adjustment Budget strings.			Error on Adjustment Budget strings.					Error on Adjustment Budget strings	Error on Adjustment Budget strings	
	explanations to		Payment percen	Error on Adjustn	Error on Adjustn	Increase in renta		Error on Adjustn					Error on Adjustn	Error on Adjustn										Error on Adjustn	Error on Adjustn	Error on Adjustn			Error on Adjustn					Error on Adjustm	Error on Adjustn	
2019 R	(variance)		4 063 903	42 170 168	5 201 557	831 908	4 967	646 936	52 919 440		15 951	(4)	15 412 185	123 828 343	<u>(</u> )	26 631	14 900	139 297 999	192 217 439			ю	- ∞	327 922	14 138 526	2 657 836	17 124 295	•	34 363 719	34 363 727	51 488 022	140 729 415		154 631 692	11 396 014	166 027 706
2019 R	(rinal buget)		(3 806 027)	45	(3 401 127)	200 608	,	(100 000)	(6 806 501)			4	19	34 229 649	7	•		34 229 679	27 423 178			(3)	(8)	(18)	2 124 234	334	2 124 539	Ś	(8) 360	352	2 124 891	25 298 287		(2)		(2)
2019 R	(Actual)		257 876	42 170 213	1 800 430	1 332 516	4 967	546 936	46 112 939		15 951		15 412 204	158 057 992	•	26 631	14 900	173 527 678	219 640 617			•	,	327 904	16 262 760	2 658 170	19 248 834		34 364 079	34 364 079	53 612 913	166 027 704		154 631 690	11 396 014	166 027 704
	ASSETS	Current assets	Cash	Call investment deposits	Consumer debtors	Other Receivables	Current portion of long-term receivables	Inventory	Total current assets	Non current assets	Long-term receivables	Investments	Investment property	Property, plant and equipment	Biological Assets	Intangible Assets	Heritage Assets	Total non current assets	TOTAL ASSETS	LIABILITIES	Current liabilities	Bank overdraft	Borrowing	Consumer deposits	Trade and other payables	Provisions and Employee Benefits	Total current liabilities	Non current liabilities	Provisions and Employee Benefits	Total non current liabilities	TOTAL LIABILITIES	NET ASSETS	COMMUNITY WEALTH	Accumulated Surplus/(Deficit)	Reserves	TOTAL COMMUNITY WEALTH/EQUITY

### KAREEBERG LOCAL MUNICIPALITY STATEMENT OF COMPARISON OF BUDGET AND ACTUAL AMOUNTS STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AT 30 JUNE 2019

### ADJUSTMENTS TO APPROVED BUDGET

	2019 R	2019 R	2019 R	
ASSETS	(Approved Budget)	(Adjustments)	(Final Buget)	Explanations for material adjustments
Current assets				
Cash	2 535 152	(6 341 179)	(3 806 027)	Lower bayment percentage and less interest on grants
Call investment deposits	45		45	
Consumer debtors	(3 401 127)	1	(3 401 127)	
Other Receivables	200 608	•	500 608	
Current portion of long-term receivables	110	1	*	
Inventory	(100 000)		(100 000)	
Total current assets	(465 322)	(6 341 179)	(6 806 501)	
Non current assets				
Long-term receivables	1	•		
Investments	4		4	
Investment property	19	٠	19	
Property, plant and equipment	70 561 699	(36 332 050)	34 229 649	RBIG funds not received.
Biological Assets	7	,	7	
Intangible Assets	•	,		
Heritage Assets		•	,	
Total non current assets	70 561 729	(36 332 050)	34 229 679	
TOTAL ASSETS	700.000.007	(40,070,000)	02,000,00	
	70.086.407	(42 673 229)	27 423 178	
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities				
Bank overdraft	(3)	1	(3)	
Borrowing	(8)	101	(8)	
Consumer deposits	(18)	12	(18)	
Trade and other payables	2 124 237	(3)	2 124 234	
Provisions and Employee Benefits	334		334	
Total current liabilities	2 124 542	(3)	2 124 539	
Non current liabilities				
Borrowing	(8)		(8)	
Provisions and Employee Benefits	360		360	
Total non current liabilities	352	,	352	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	2 124 894	(3)	2 124 891	
NET ASSETS	67 971 513	(42 673 226)	25 298 287	
COMMUNITY WEALTH				
Accumulated Surplus/(Deficit)	(2)	1	(2)	
TOTAL COMMUNITY WEALTH/EQUITY	(2)		(2)	

## KAREEBERG LOCAL MUNICIPALITY STATEMENT OF COMPARISON OF BUDGET AND ACTUAL AMOUNTS STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

## COMPARISON OF ACTUAL FIGURES TO FINAL BUDGET

Explanations for material variances	Valuation roll estimates incorrect.  Error on Adjustment Budget strings.  Not all facilities rented out.  Higher interest rates.  Error on Adjustment Budget strings.  Included under other revenue.  Reclassification of grant VAT and Equitable Share.	Vacancies and less provision.	Final calculation not in line with estimates.  Final calculation not in line with estimates.  mSCOA reclassification of line items.  Reclassification to general expenditure during audit.  Reclassification from contracted services and grants/subsidies paid during audit.  Reclassification from contracted services and grants/subsidies paid during audit.
2019 R (Variance)	830 306 187 596 9 168 925 (82 106) 620 198 (198 455) - (3 222) 6 779 151 238 3 781 898 (13 278 341)	(3 096 213) (272 746) 294 226	(1723 566) 1417 835 385 330 (1094 497) (6 522 273) (1 654 600) 8 284 632 6 814 (3 975 057) 5 159 873 (4 348 007) 8 118 866
2019 R (Final Buget)	7 497 216 2 819 360 199 500 12 842 5 882 5 882 5 882 5 882 5 882 5 882 6 106 000 14 966 433	59 139 200 23 877 256 2 805 089 3 663 558	6 153 893 958 799 10 748 664 1094 497 6 522 273 1 654 600 9 007 280 (7 346 709) 32 645 000 25 298 291
2019 R (Actual)	8 327 522 187 596 16 324 536 294 261 3 439 548 1 045 - 9 620 12 661 151 238 29 887 898 1 688 092	60 324 015 20 781 043 2 532 343 3 957 784	4 430 327 2 376 634 11 133 994 17 291 912 6 814 62 510 852 (2 186 836) 28 296 993 26 110 157
REVENUE BY SOURCE	Property rates Property rates Property rates - penalties & collection charges Service charges Rental of facilities and equipment Interest earned - external investments Interest earned - outstanding debtors Dividends received Fines Licences and permits Agency services Government Grants and Subsidies - Operating Other revenue Gains on disposal of PPE	Total Operating Revenue  EXPENDITURE BY TYPE  Employee related costs  Remuneration of councillors  Debt impairment	Depreciation & asset impairment Finance charges Bulk purchases Outher materials Contracted services Grants and subsidies paid Other expenditure Loss on disposal of PPE  Total Operating Expenditure Operating Deficit for the year Government Grants and Subsidies - Capital Net Surplus for the year

## KAREEBERG LOCAL MUNICIPALITY STATEMENT OF COMPARISON OF BUDGET AND ACTUAL AMOUNTS STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

### ADJUSTMENTS TO APPROVED BUDGET

и	·	ş <u>i</u>		S.	15.	
Reasons for material adjustments	Valuation roll changes.	Error on Adjustment Budget strings. Higher interet rate.	Reclassification of grant VAT.	mSCOA reclassification of line items. Lower payment percentage.	Increase in estimate.  Decrease in estimate.  mSCOA reclassification of line items.  mSCOA reclassification of line items.	RBIG funds not received.
2019 R (Final Buget)	7 497 216	7 155 510 376 367 2 819 350 199 500	12 842 5 882 - 26 106 000 14 966 433	59 139 200 23 877 256 2 805 089 3 663 568	6 153 893 958 799 10 748 664 1 094 497 6 522 273 1 654 600 9 007 280	66 485 909 (7 346 709) 32 645 000 25 298 291
2019 R (Adjustments)	417 877	1 500 000	. (5 077 879)	(12 847 636) 1 351 478 (11 042) 262 558	989 998 989 998 (1 800 000) 200 000 (127 299) (3 827 103)	(2 951 410) (9 896 226) (32 777 000) (42 673 226)
2019 R (Approved Budget)	7 079 339	376 367 1 319 350 199 500	12 842 5 882 - 26 106 000 20 044 312	71 986 836 22 525 778 2 816 131 3 401 000 5 125 905	5 153 895 958 799 12 548 664 894 497 6 522 273 1 781 899 12 834 383	69 437 319 2 549 517 65 422 000 67 971 517
REVENUE BY SOURCE	Property rates Property rates - penalties & collection charges Service charges	Rental of facilities and equipment Interest earned - external investments Interest earned - outstanding debtors	Dividends received Fines Licences and permits Agency services Government Grants and Subsidies - Operating Other revenue Gains on disposal of PPE	Total Operating Revenue  EXPENDITURE BY TYPE  Employee related costs  Remuneration of councillors  Debt impairment  Dennetiation & seest impairment	Expression is asset impainment. Finance charges Bulk purchases Other materials Contracted services Grants and subsidies paid Other expenditure Loss on disposal of PPE	Total Operating Expenditure Operating Surplus/(Deficit) for the year Government Grants and Subsidies - Capital Net Surplus/(Deficit) for the year

## KAREEBERG LOCAL MUNICIPALITY STATEMENT OF COMPARISON OF BUDGET AND ACTUAL AMOUNTS CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

## COMPARISON OF ACTUAL FIGURES TO FINAL BUDGET

Explanations for material variances	Error on Adjustment Budget strings. Error on Adjustment Budget strings. Roll Over.	Vacancies. Final calculation not in line with estimates. Reclassification to general expenditure during audit.	Error on Adjustment Budget strings.		Error on Adjustment Budget strings. Error on Adjustment Budget strings.
2019 R (Variance)	(338 214) 4 366 386 (11 218 848) - (4 626 000) 516 622	3 882 244 (1417 835) (1417 835) (1514 144)	37 137 4 773 - (28 799 550) (28 757 640)	2 335	
2019 R (Final Buget)	7 497 216 7 155 610 15 561 024 26 106 000 32 445 000 2 819 350	(54 055 058) (958 799) (1 621 500) 35 148 843			35 148 843
2019 R (Actual)	7 159 002 11 521 996 4 342 176 26 106 000 28 019 000 3 335 972	(50 172 814) (2 376 634) - 27 934 699	37 137 4 773 - (28 799 650) (28 795 640)	2 335	(820 608) 43 248 697 42 428 089
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receints	Service Charges Service Charges Other Revenue Government - Operating Government - Capital Interest Dividends	Payments Suppliers and Employees Suppliers and Employees Finance charges Transfers and Grants NET CASH FROM/(USED) OPERATING ACTIVITIES CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	Receipts Proceeds on disposal of Assets Decrease/(increase) in non-current receivables Decrease/(increase) in non-current investments Payments Capital assets NET CASH FROM/(USED) INVESTING ACTIVITIES	CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Receipts Borrowing Increase((decrease) in consumer deposits Payments Repayment of borrowing NET CASH FROM/(USED) FINANCING ACTIVITIES	NET INCREASE(DECREASE) IN CASH HELD  Cash and Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the year  Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of the year

### KAREEBERG LOCAL MUNICIPALITY STATEMENT OF COMPARISON OF BUDGET AND ACTUAL AMOUNTS CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

### ADJUSTMENTS TO APPROVED BUDGET

	2019	2019	2019	
	œ	œ	æ	
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(Approved Budget)	(Adjustments)	(Final Budget)	Reasons for material adjustments
Receipts				
Property rates, penalties & collection charges	7 079 339	417 877	7 497 216	
Service charges	16 843 244	(9 687 634)	7 155 610	Error on Adjustment Budget strings
Other revenue	20 638 903	(5 077 879)	15 561 024	Reclassification of grant VAT
Government - operating	26 106 000		26 106 000	
Government - capital	65 422 000	(32 777 000)	32 645 000	BBIG funds not received
Interest	1 319 350	1 500 000	2819350	Higher interest rate
Dividends	3		2	ingred interest rate.
Payments				
Suppliers and Employees	(58 141 725)	4 086 667	(54 055 058)	mSCOA raciacajforation of line items
Finance charges	(958 799)		(92, 53, 53)	mocos reciassification of line items.
Transfers and Grants	(1 621 500)	9 •	(1 621 500)	
NET CASH FROM(USED) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	76 686 812	-41 537 969	35 148 843	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Receipts				
Proceeds on disposal of Assets	•	٠		
Decrease/(increase) in non-current receivables	8 490	(8 490)	•	
Decrease/(increase) in non-current investments		,	1	
Payments				
Capital assets	(60 814 420)	60 814 420	•	Error on Adjustment Budget strings
NET CASH FROM/(USED) INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(60 805 930)	60 805 930	1	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Borrowing	•	1		
Increase/(decrease) in consumer deposits	10 000	(10 000)	0.)	
Payments		(222.2)		
Repayment of borrowing		14		
NET CASH FROM/(USED) FINANCING ACTIVITIES	10 000	(10 000)		
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH HELD	15 890 882	19 257 961	35 148 843	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the year				42
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of the year	15 890 882	19 257 961	35 148 843	Error on Adjustment Budget strings

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

### 1. ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES AND POLICIES APPLIED IN THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 1.1. BASIS OF PREPARATION

The annual financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis of accounting and are in accordance with historical cost convention unless specified otherwise.

The annual financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Finance Management Act (MFMA) and effective Standards of Generally Recognised Accounting Practice (GRAP), including any interpretations and directives issued by the Accounting Standards Board in accordance with Section 122(3) of the Municipal Finance Management Act, (Act No 56 of 2003).

Accounting policies for material transactions, events or conditions not covered by the GRAP reporting framework, have been developed in accordance with paragraphs 8, 10 and 11 of GRAP 3 (Revised – March 2015) and the hierarchy approved in Directive 5 issued by the Accounting Standards Board.

A summary of the significant accounting policies, which have been consistently applied except where an exemption or transitional provision has been granted, are disclosed below.

Assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses have not been offset except when offsetting is permitted or required by a Standard of GRAP.

The accounting policies applied are consistent with those used to present the previous year's financial statements, unless explicitly stated. The details of any changes in accounting policies are explained in the relevant notes to the annual financial statements.

In terms of Directive 7: "The Application of Deemed Cost on the Adoption of Standards of GRAP" issued by the Accounting Standards Board, the Municipality applied deemed cost to Property, Plant and Equipment, Investment Property and Intangible Assets where the acquisition cost of an asset could not be determined.

### 1.2. PRESENTATION CURRENCY

Amounts reflected in the financial statements are in South African Rand and at actual values. Financial values are rounded to the nearest one Rand. No foreign exchange transactions are included in the statements.

### 1.3. GOING CONCERN ASSUMPTION

These annual financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

### 1.4. COMPARATIVE INFORMATION

When the presentation or classification of items in the annual financial statements is amended, prior period comparative amounts are restated, unless a standard of GRAP does not require the restatements of comparative information. The nature and reason for the reclassification is disclosed. Where accounting errors have been identified in the current year, the correction is made retrospectively as far as is practicable, and the prior year

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

comparatives are restated accordingly. Where there has been a change in accounting policy in the current year, the adjustment is made retrospectively as far as is practicable, and the prior year comparatives are restated accordingly.

### 1.5. AMENDED DISCLOSURE POLICY

Amendments to accounting policies are reported as and when deemed necessary based on the relevance of any such amendment to the format and presentation of the financial statements. The principal amendments to matters disclosed in the current financial statements include errors.

### 1.6. MATERIALITY

Material omissions or misstatements of items are material if they could, individually or collectively, influence the decision or assessments of users made on the basis of the financial statements. Materiality depends on the nature or size of the omission or misstatements judged in the surrounding circumstances. The nature or size of the information item, or a combination of both, could be the determining factor. Materiality is determined as 1% of total operating expenditure. This materiality is from management's perspective and does not correlate with the auditor's materiality.

### 1.7. PRESENTATION OF BUDGET INFORMATION

The presentation of budget information is prepared in accordance with GRAP 24 and guidelines issued by National Treasury. The comparison of budget and actual amounts are disclosed as a separate additional financial statement, namely Statement of comparison of budget and actual amounts.

Budget information is presented on the accrual basis and is based on the same period as the actual amounts. The budget information is therefore on a comparable basis to the actual amounts.

The comparable information includes the following:

- the approved and final budget amounts:
- actual amounts and final budget amounts;

Explanations for differences between the approved and final budget are included in the Statement of Comparison of Budget and Actual Amounts.

Explanations for material differences between the final budget amounts and actual amounts are included the Statement of Comparison of Budget and Actual Amounts.

The disclosure of comparative information in respect of the previous period is not required in terms of GRAP 24.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

### 1.8. STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS TO STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE

GRAP 18 Segment Reporting is effective from 1 April 2015. The implementation of GRAP 18 is delayed, in terms of Directive 5, for municipalities for the 2018/19 financial year and municipalities are not required to apply or early adopt GRAP 18. The implementation date of GRAP 18 is 1 April 2020.

The following GRAP standards have been issued but are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the municipality:

Standard	Description	Effective Date
GRAP 20	Related Party Disclosure	1 April 2019
(Original – June 2011)	The objective of this Standard is to ensure that a Municipality's financial statements contains the disclosures necessary to draw attention to the possibility that its financial position and surplus or deficit may have been affected by the existence of related parties and by transactions and outstanding balances with such parties.	
	The Municipality resolved to adopt some of the disclosure requirements as per GRAP 20. The information is therefore included in the financial statements.	
GRAP 32	Service Concession Arrangements: Grantor	1 April 2019
(Original – Aug 2013)	The objective of this Standard is to prescribe the accounting for service concession arrangements by the grantor and a public entity.  No significant impact is expected as the Municipality's current treatment is already in line with the Standards treatment.	
GRAP 34	Separate Financial Statements	Unknown
(Revised – April 2019	The objective of this Standards is to prescribe the accounting and disclosure requirements in controlled entities, joint ventures and associates when an entity prepares separate financial statements.  No significant impact is expected as the Municipality's current treatment is already in line with the Standards treatment.	

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

Standard	Description	Effective Date
GRAP 35	Consolidated Financial Statements	Unknown
(Revised – April 2019)	The objective of this Standard is to establish principles for the presentation and preparation of consolidated financial statements when an entity controls one or more other entities.  No significant impact expected as no such transactions or events are expected in the	
	foreseeable future.	
GRAP 36	Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures	Unknown
(Revised – April 2019)	The objective of this Standard is to prescribe the accounting for investments in associates and joint ventures and to set out the requirements for the application of the equity method when accounting for investments in associates and joint ventures.  No significant impact expected as no such transactions or events are expected in the foreseeable future.	
GRAP 37	Joint Arrangements	Unknown
(Revised – April 2019)	The objective of this Standard is to establish principles for financial reporting by entities that have an interest in arrangements that are controlled jointly (i.e. joint arrangements)  No significant impact expected as no such transactions or events are expected in the foreseeable future.	
GRAP 38	Disclosure of Interest in Other Entities	Unknown
(Revised - April 2019)	The objective of this Standard is to require an entity to disclose information that enables users of its financial statements to evaluate:  a) the nature of, and risks associated with, its interest in controlled entities unconsolidated controlled entities, joint arrangements and associates, and structure entities that are not consolidated; and b) the effects of those interests on its financial position, financial performance and cash flows.  No significant impact is expected as the Municipality's current treatment is already in line with the Standards treatment.	CHRIOWII

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

Standard	Description	Effective Date
GRAP 104	Financial Instruments	Unknown
(Revised – April 2019)	The objective of this Standard is to establish principles for recognising, measuring, presenting and disclosing financial instruments.	
	No significant impact is expected as the Municipality's current treatment is already in line with the Standards treatment.	
<b>GRAP 108</b>	Statutory Receivables	1 April 2019
(Original – Sept 2013)	The objective of this Standard is to prescribe accounting requirements for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of statutory receivables.	
	The Municipality has resolved to adopt the principles as set out in GRAP 108 to formulate its own accounting policy.	
GRAP 109	Accounting by Principles and Agents	1 April 2019
	The objective of this Standard is to outline principles to be used by an entity to assess whether it is party to a principal-agent arrangement, and whether it is a principal or an agent in undertaking transactions in terms of such an arrangement.	
	No significant impact is expected as the Municipality's current treatment is already in line with the Standards treatment.	
GRAP 110	Living and non-living resources	1 April 2020
	The objective of this Standard is to prescribe the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure requirements for living resources; and disclosure requirements for non-living resources.	
	No significant impact is expected as the Municipality's current treatment is already in line with the Standards treatment.	
IGRAP17	Service Concession Arrangements Where a Grantor Controls a Significant Residual Interest in an Asset	Unknown
	The Interpretation of the Standard is to provide guidance to the grantor where it has entered into a service concession arrangement, but only controls, through a significant residual interest in a service concession asset at the end of the arrangement, where the arrangement does not constitute a lease.	
	No such transactions or events are expected in the foreseeable future.	

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

Standard	Description	Effective Date
IGRAP 18	Recognition and Derecognition of Land	1 April 2019
	The Interpretation provide guidance on when an entity should recognise and derecognise land as an asset in its financial statements.	
	No significant impact is expected as the Municipality's current treatment is already in line with the Interpretation.	
IGRAP 19	Liabilities to Pay Levies	1 April 2019
	The Interpretation provides guidance on the accounting for levies in the financial statements of the entity that is paying the levy. It clarifies when entities need to recognise a liability to pay a levy that is accounted for in accordance with GRAP 19.	
	No significant impact is expected as the Municipality's current treatment is already in line with the Interpretation.	

These standards, amendments and interpretations will not have a significant impact on the Municipality once implemented.

### 1.9. RESERVES

### 1.9.1 Capital Replacement Reserve (CRR)

In order to finance the provision of infrastructure and other items of property, plant and equipment from internal sources, amounts are transferred from the accumulated surplus to the CRR. The cash in the CRR can only be utilized to finance items of property, plant and equipment. The CRR is reduced and the accumulated surplus is credited by a corresponding amount when the amounts in the CRR are utilized.

### 1.9.2 Housing Development Fund

The Housing Development Fund was established in terms of the Housing Act, (Act No. 107 of 1997). Loans from National and Provincial Government, used to finance housing selling schemes undertaken by the Municipality, were extinguished on 1 April 1998 and transferred to the Housing Development Fund.

Housing selling schemes, both completed and in progress, as at 1 April 1998, were also transferred to the Housing Development Fund. In terms of the Housing Act, all proceeds from housing developments, which include rental income and sale of houses, must be paid into the Housing Development Fund. Monies standing to the credit of the Housing Development Fund can be used only to finance housing developments within the municipal area subject to the approval of the Provincial MEC responsible for housing.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

### 1.10. **LEASES**

### 1.10.1 Municipality as Lessee

Leases are classified as finance leases where substantially all the risks and rewards associated with ownership of an asset are transferred to the Municipality. Property, plant and equipment or intangible assets (excluding licensing agreements for such items as motion picture films, video recordings, plays, manuscripts, patents and copyrights) subject to finance lease agreements are initially recognised at the lower of the asset's fair value and the present value of the minimum lease payments. The corresponding liabilities are initially recognised at the inception of the lease and are measured as the sum of the minimum lease payments due in terms of the lease agreement, discounted for the effect of interest. In discounting the lease payments, the Municipality uses the interest rate that exactly discounts the lease payments and unguaranteed residual value to the fair value of the asset plus any direct costs incurred.

Subsequent to initial recognition, the leased assets are accounted for in accordance with the stated accounting policies applicable to property, plant and equipment, investment property or intangibles assets. The lease liability is reduced by the lease payments, which are allocated between the lease finance cost and the capital repayment using the effective interest rate method. Lease finance costs are expensed when incurred. The accounting policies relating to de-recognition of financial instruments are applied to lease payables.

Operating leases are those leases that do not fall within the scope of the above definition. Operating lease rentals are recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. The difference between the straight-lined expenses and actual payments made will give rise to a liability. The Municipality recognises the aggregate benefit of incentives as a reduction of rental expense over the lease term, on a straight-line basis unless another systematic basis is representative of the time pattern of the lessee's benefit from the use of the leased asset.

### 1.10.2 Municipality as Lessor

Under a finance lease, the Municipality recognises the lease payments to be received in terms of a lease agreement as an asset (receivable). The receivable is calculated as the sum of all the minimum lease payments to be received, plus any unguaranteed residual accruing to the Municipality, discounted at the interest rate implicit in the lease. The receivable is reduced by the capital portion of the lease instalments received, with the interest portion being recognised as interest revenue on a time proportionate basis. The accounting policies relating to de-recognition and impairment of financial instruments are applied to lease receivables.

Operating leases are those leases that do not fall within the scope of the above definition. Operating lease revenue is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. The difference between the straight-line revenue and actual payments received will give rise to an asset. The Municipality recognises the aggregate cost of incentives as a reduction of rental revenue over the lease term, on a straight-line basis unless another systematic basis is representative of the time pattern over which the benefit of the leased asset is diminished.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

### 1.11. UNSPENT CONDITIONAL GOVERNMENT GRANTS AND RECEIPTS

Conditional government grants are subject to specific conditions. If these specific conditions are not met, the monies received are repayable where applicable.

Unspent conditional grants are financial liabilities that are separately reflected on the Statement of Financial Position. They represent unspent government grants, subsidies and contributions from government organs.

This liability always has to be cash-backed. The following provisions are set for the creation and utilisation of this creditor:

- Unspent conditional grants are recognised as a liability when the grant is received.
- When grant conditions are met an amount equal to the conditions met are transferred to revenue in the Statement of Financial Performance.
- The cash which backs up the creditor is invested as individual investment or part of the general investments of the Municipality until it is utilised.
- Interest earned on the investment is treated in accordance with grant conditions. If
  it is payable to the funder it is recorded as part of the creditor. If it is the
  Municipality's interest, it is recognised as interest earned in the Statement of
  Financial Performance.

### 1.12. PROVISIONS

Provisions are recognised when the Municipality has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resource embodying economic benefits or service potential will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the provision can be made. Provisions are reviewed at reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of future outflows of resources. Where the effect is material, non-current provisions are discounted to their present value using a discount rate that reflects the market's current assessment of the time value of money, adjusted for risks specific to the liability.

The Municipality does not recognise a contingent liability or contingent asset. A contingent liability is disclosed unless the probability of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits or service potential is remote. A contingent asset is disclosed where an inflow of economic benefits or service potential is probable.

Future events that may affect the amount required to settle an obligation are reflected in the amount of a provision where there is sufficient objective evidence that they will occur.

Gains from the expected disposal of assets are not taken into account in measuring a provision. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses. The present obligation under an onerous contract is recognised and measured as a provision.

A provision for restructuring costs is recognised only when the following criteria over and above the recognition criteria of a provision have been met.

The Municipality has raised a valid expectation in those affected that it will carry out the restructuring by starting to implement that plan or announcing its main features to those affected by it.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the reporting date.

If it is no longer probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits or service potential will be required to settle the obligation, the provision is de-recognised.

### 1.13. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Defined contribution plans are post-employment benefit plans under which the Municipality pays fixed contributions into a separate entity (a fund) and will have no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employee benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Defined benefit plans are post-employment benefit plans other than defined contribution plans.

### 1.13.1. Post Retirement Medical Obligations

The Municipality provides post-retirement medical benefits by subsidizing the medical aid contributions of certain retired staff according to the rules of the medical aid funds. Council pays 70% as contribution and the remaining 30% is paid by the members. The entitlement to these benefits is usually conditional on the employee remaining in service up to retirement age and the completion of a minimum service period. The present value of the defined benefit liability is actuarially determined in accordance with GRAP 25 – "Employee Benefits" (using a discount rate applicable to high quality government bonds). The plan is unfunded.

These contributions are recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance when employees have rendered the service entitling them to the contribution. The liability was calculated by means of the projected unit credit actuarial valuation method. The liability in respect of current pensioners is regarded as fully accrued, and is therefore not split between a past (or accrued) and future in-service element. The liability is recognised at the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the reporting date, minus the fair value at the reporting date of plan assets (if any) out of which the obligations are to be settled directly, plus any liability that may arise as a result of a minimum funding requirements. Payments made by the Municipality are set-off against the liability, including notional interest, resulting from the valuation by the actuaries and are recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance as employee benefits upon valuation.

Actuarial gains and losses arising from the experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions, is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance in the period that it occurs. These obligations are valued annually by independent qualified actuaries.

### 1.13.2. Long Service Awards

Long service awards are provided to employees who achieve certain pre-determined milestones of service within the Municipality. The Municipality's obligation under these plans is valued by independent qualified actuaries annually and the corresponding liability is raised. Payments are set-off against the liability, including notional interest, resulting from the valuation by the actuaries and are recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance as employee benefits upon valuation.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

Actuarial gains and losses arising from the experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions, is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance in the period that it occurs. These obligations are valued annually by independent qualified actuaries.

### 1.13.3. Staff Leave

Liabilities for annual leave are recognised as they accrue to employees. The liability is based on the total amount of leave days, limited to 48 days, due to employees at year-end and also on the total salary of the employee.

Accumulating leave is carried forward and can be used in future periods if the current period's entitlement is not used in full. All unused leave will be paid out to the specific employee at the end of that employee's employment term.

Accumulated leave is vesting.

### 1.13.4. Staff Bonuses Accrued

Liabilities for staff bonuses are recognised as they accrue to employees. The liability at year end is based on bonus accrued at year-end for each employee.

### 1.13.5. Performance Bonuses

A provision, in respect of the liability relating to the anticipated costs of performance bonuses payable to Section 56 and 57 employees, is recognised as it accrues to Section 56 and 57 employees. Municipal performance bonus provisions are based on the performance contract stipulations as well as previous performance bonus payment trends.

### 1.13.6. Pension and retirement fund obligations

The Municipality provides retirement benefits for its employees. Defined contribution plans are post-employment benefit plans under which the Municipality pays fixed contributions into a separate entity (a fund) and will have no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employee benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods. The contributions to fund obligations for the payment of retirement benefits are recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance in the year they become payable.

The defined benefit funds, which are administered on a provincial basis, are actuarially valued tri-annually on the projected unit credit method basis.

Deficits identified are recovered through lump sum payments or increased future contributions on a proportional basis to all participating municipalities. The contributions and lump sum payments are recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance in the year they become payable. Sufficient information is not available to use defined benefit accounting for a multi-employer plan. As a result, defined benefit plans have been accounted for as if they were defined contribution plans.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

### 1.13.7. Other Short-term Employee Benefits

When an employee has rendered service to the Municipality during a reporting period, the Municipality recognises the undiscounted amount of short-term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for that service:

- as a liability (accrued expense), after deducting any amount already paid. If the
  amount already paid exceeds the undiscounted amount of the benefits, the
  Municipality recognises that excess as an asset (prepaid expense) to the extent
  that the prepayment will lead to, for example, a reduction in future payments or a
  cash refund; and
- as an expense, unless another Standard requires or permits the inclusion of the benefits in the cost of an asset.

### 1.14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

### 1.14.1 Initial Recognition

Property, plant and equipment are tangible non-current assets (including infrastructure assets) that are held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, rental to others, or for administrative purposes, and are expected to be used during more than one year. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised as an asset if, and only if it is probable that future economic benefits or service potential associated with the item will flow to the Municipality, and the cost or fair value of the item can be measured reliably. Items of property, plant and equipment are initially recognised as assets on acquisition date and are initially recorded at cost. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment is the purchase price and other costs attributable to bring the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by the Municipality. Trade discounts and rebates are deducted in arriving at the cost. The cost also includes the necessary costs of dismantling and removing the asset and restoring the site on which it is located.

When significant components of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

Where an asset is acquired by the Municipality for no or nominal consideration (i.e. a non-exchange transaction), the cost is deemed to be equal to the fair value of that asset on the date acquired.

Where an item of property, plant and equipment is acquired in exchange for a non-monetary asset or monetary assets, or a combination of monetary and non-monetary assets, the assets acquired is initially measured at fair value (the cost). It the acquired item's fair value is not determinable; it's deemed cost is the carrying amount of the asset(s) given up.

Major spare parts and servicing equipment qualify as property, plant and equipment when the Municipality expects to use them during more than one period. Similarly, if the major spare parts and servicing equipment can be used only in connection with an item of property, plant and equipment, they are accounted for as property, plant and equipment.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

Municipal land and building qualify as property, plant and equipment when the property is registered at the Deeds Office in the name of the Municipality or any identifiable unknown registered property. Where a spilt for land and building valuation cost is not available on the valuation received, management assumed that the building is calculated at 80% and the land at 20% of the valuation value.

Biological assets of the Municipality qualify as property plant and equipment as it is for recreation purposes. The Municipality controls the asset as a result of past events. Biological assets are initially measured at their fair value less cost to sell. The fair value of game is determined based on market prices of game. Initial recognition will be adjusted in each year a tender is issued to control the game numbers. A gain or loss arising on initial recognition of biological assets at fair value less cost to sell is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance for the period in which it arises.

### 1.14.2 Subsequent Measurement - Cost Model

Subsequent to initial recognition, items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Land is not depreciated as it is deemed to have an indefinite useful life.

Where the Municipality replaces parts of an asset, it derecognises the part of the asset being replaced and capitalises the new component. Subsequent expenditure incurred on an asset is capitalised when it increases the capacity or future economic benefits or service potential associated with the asset.

### 1.14.3 Depreciation and Impairment

Depreciation is calculated on the depreciable amount, using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Depreciation of an asset begins when it is available for use, i.e. when it is in the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Components of assets that are significant in relation to the whole asset and that have different useful lives are depreciated separately. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at each year end, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis. The annual depreciation rates are based on the following estimated useful lives:

Land and Buildings	<u>Years</u>
Land Buildings	Indefinite 10-57
<u>Infrastructure</u>	<u>Years</u>
Roads and Stormwater Electricity Mains Water Mains and Purification Sewerage Mains & Purification Refuse Mains	12-81 12-51 10-81 8-81 29-61
Community	<u>Years</u>
Recreation Grounds Civil Buildings Cemetery	11-102 30-57 30-80

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

Museum	30-57
Parks	30-52
Public Conveniences/Bathhouses	23-52
Libraries	30-57
Clinics and Hospitals	30-61
Other	Years
Motor Vehicles	5-25
Office equipment	4-31
Furniture and fittings	3-31
Refuse Truck	10-18
Plant and Equipment	3-34
Fire Engines	22-34
Computer Equipment	4-27

Changes to the useful life of assets are reviewed if there is an indication that a change may have occurred in the estimated useful life. If the expectation differs from the previous estimates, the change is accounted for in accordance with GRAP 3 either prospectively as a change in the accounting policy or retrospectively as a prior period error depending on the specific circumstances.

Property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each reporting date for any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. The impairment recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance is the excess of the carrying value over the recoverable amount.

An impairment is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment been recognised. A reversal of an impairment is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

### 1.14.4 De-recognition

Items of property, plant and equipment are derecognised when the asset is disposed or when there are no further economic benefits or service potential expected from the use of the asset. The gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value and is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

### 1.14.5 Land and buildings and Other Assets – application of deemed cost (Directive 7)

The Municipality opted to take advantage of the transitional provisions as contained in Directive 7 of the Accounting Standards Board, issued in December 2009. The Municipality applied deemed cost where the acquisition cost of an asset could not be determined. For Land and Buildings, the fair value as determined by a valuator was used in order to determine the deemed cost as on 1 July 2007. For Other Assets the depreciation cost method was used to establish the deemed cost as on 1 July 2007.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

### 1.15. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

### 1.15.1 Initial Recognition

An intangible asset is an identifiable non-monetary asset without physical substance.

An asset meets the identifiable criteria in the definition of an intangible asset when it:

- is separable, i.e. is capable of being separated or divided from the Municipality and sold, transferred, licensed, rented or exchanged, either individually or together with a related contract, identifiable asset or liability, regardless of whether the Municipality intends to do so; or
- arises from binding arrangements from contracts, regardless of whether those rights are transferable or separable from the Municipality or from other rights and obligations.

The Municipality recognises an intangible asset in its Statement of Financial Position only when it is probable that the expected future economic benefits or service potential that are attributable to the asset will flow to the Municipality and the cost or fair value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Internally generated intangible assets are subject to strict recognition criteria before they are capitalised. Research expenditure is never capitalised, while development expenditure is only capitalised to the extent that:

- the Municipality intends to complete the intangible asset for use or sale;
- it is technically feasible to complete the intangible asset;
- the Municipality has the resources to complete the project;
- it is probable that the municipality will receive future economic benefits or service potential; and

Intangible assets are initially recognised at cost.

Where an intangible asset is acquired in exchange for a non-monetary asset or monetary assets, or a combination of monetary and non-monetary assets, the asset acquired is initially measured at fair value (the cost). If the acquired item's fair value is not determinable, it's deemed cost is the carrying amount of the asset(s) given up.

### 1.15.2 Subsequent Measurement - Cost Model

Intangible assets are subsequently carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses. The cost of an intangible asset is amortised over the useful life where that useful life is finite. Where the useful life is indefinite, the asset is not amortised but is subject to an annual impairment test.

### 1.15.3 Amortisation and Impairment

Amortisation is charged so as to write off the cost or valuation of intangible assets over its estimated useful lives using the straight line method. Amortisation of an asset begins when it is available for use, i.e. when it is in the condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Components of assets that are significant in relation to the whole asset and that have different useful lives are amortised separately. The estimated useful lives, residual values and amortisation method are

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

reviewed at each year end, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis. The annual amortisation rates are based on the following estimated useful lives:

Intangible Assets	<u>Years</u>
Computer Software	4-12

Changes to the useful life of assets are reviewed if there is an indication that a change may have occurred in the estimated useful life. If the expectation differs from the previous estimates, the change is accounted for in accordance with GRAP 3 either prospectively as a change in the accounting policy or retrospectively as a prior period error depending on the specific circumstances.

### 1.15.4 De-recognition

Intangible assets are derecognised when the asset is disposed or when there are no further economic benefits or service potential expected from the use of the asset. The gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an intangible asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value and is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

### 1.15.5 Application of deemed cost (Directive 7)

The Municipality opted to take advantage of the transitional provisions as contained in Directive 7 of the Accounting Standards Board, issued in December 2009. The Municipality applied deemed cost where the acquisition cost of an asset could not be determined. For Intangible Assets the depreciated replacement cost method was used to establish the deemed cost as on 1 July 2007.

### 1.16. INVESTMENT PROPERTY

### 1.16.1 Initial Recognition

Investment property is recognised as an asset when, and only when:

- it is probable that the future economic benefits or service potential that are associated with the investment property will flow to the Municipality, and
- the cost or fair value of the investment property can be measured reliably.

Investment property includes property (land or a building, or part of a building, or both land and buildings held under a finance lease) held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation, rather than held to meet service delivery objectives, the production or supply of goods or services, or the sale of an asset in the ordinary course of operations. Property with a currently undetermined use, is also classified as investment property.

At initial recognition, the Municipality measures investment property at cost including transaction costs once it meets the definition of investment property. However, where an investment property was acquired through a non-exchange transaction (i.e. where it acquired the investment property for no or a nominal value), its cost is its fair value as at the date of acquisition. The cost of self-constructed investment property is measured at cost.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

Transfers are made to or from investment property only when there is a change in use. For a transfer from investment property to owner occupied property, the deemed cost for subsequent accounting is the fair value at the date of change in use. If owner occupied property becomes an investment property, the Municipality accounts for such property in accordance with the policy stated under property, plant and equipment up to the date of change in use.

### 1.16.2 Subsequent Measurement - Cost Model

Subsequent to initial recognition, items of investment property are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Land is not depreciated as it is deemed to have an indefinite useful life.

### 1.16.3 Depreciation and Impairment - Cost Model

Depreciation is calculated on the depreciable amount, using the straight-line method. Depreciation of an asset begins when it is available for use, i.e. when it is in the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Components of assets that are significant in relation to the whole asset and that have different useful lives are depreciated separately. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at each year end, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

Investment Property	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	29-30

Changes to the useful life of assets are reviewed if there is an indication that a change may have occurred in the estimated useful life. If the expectation differs from the previous estimates, the change is accounted for in accordance with GRAP 3 either prospectively as a change in the accounting policy or retrospectively as a prior period error depending on the specific circumstances.

### 1.16.4 De-recognition

Investment property is derecognised when it is disposed or when there are no further economic benefits expected from the use of the investment property. The gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of investment property is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value and is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

### 1.16.5 Application of deemed cost - Directive 7

The Municipality opted to take advantage of the transitional provisions as contained in Directive 7 of the Accounting Standards Board, issued in December 2009. The Municipality applied deemed cost where the acquisition cost of an asset could not be determined. The fair value as determined by a valuator was used in order to determine the deemed cost as on 1 July 2007.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

### 1.17 HERITAGE ASSETS

### 1.17.1 Initial Recognition

A heritage asset is defined as an asset that has a cultural, environmental, historical, natural, scientific, technological or artistic significance and is held and preserved indefinitely for the benefit of present and future generations.

A heritage asset is recognised as an asset if, and only if it is probable that future economic benefits or service potential associated with the asset will flow to the Municipality, and the cost or fair value of the asset can be measured reliably.

A heritage asset that qualifies for recognition as an asset, is measured at its cost. Where a heritage asset is acquired through a non-exchange transaction, its cost is deemed to be its fair value as at the date of acquisition.

### 1.17.2 Subsequent Measurement - Cost Model

After recognition as an asset, heritage assets are carried at its cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

### 1.17.3 Depreciation and Impairment

Heritage assets are not depreciated

Heritage assets are reviewed at each reporting date for any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. The impairment recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance is the excess of the carrying value over the recoverable amount.

An impairment is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment been recognised. A reversal of an impairment is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

### 1.17.4 De-recognition

Heritage assets are derecognised when it is disposed or when there are no further economic benefits expected from the use of the heritage asset. The gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of a heritage asset is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying value of the heritage asset and is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

### 1.17.5 Application of deemed cost - Directive 7

The Municipality opted to take advantage of the transitional provisions as contained in Directive 7 of the Accounting Standards Board, issued in December 2009. The Municipality applied deemed cost where the acquisition cost of an asset could not be determined. The fair value as determined by a valuator was used in order to determine the deemed cost as on 1 July 2007.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

### 1.18. IMPAIRMENT OF NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS

### 1.18.1 Cash-generating assets

Cash-generating assets are assets held with the primary objective of generating a commercial return.

The Municipality assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Municipality estimates the asset's recoverable amount.

In assessing whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired, the Municipality considers the following indications:

### (a) External sources of information

- During the period, an asset's market value has declined significantly more than would be expected as a result of the passage of time or normal use.
- Significant changes with an adverse effect on the Municipality have taken
  place during the period, or will take place in the near future, in the
  technological, market, economic or legal environment in which the
  Municipality operates or in the market to which an asset is dedicated.
- Market interest rates or other market rates of return on investments have increased during the period, and those increases are likely to affect the discount rate used in calculating an asset's value in use and decrease the asset's recoverable amount materially.

### (b) Internal sources of information

- Evidence is available of obsolescence or physical damage of an asset.
- Significant changes with an adverse effect on the Municipality have taken place during the period, or are expected to take place in the near future, in the extent to which, or manner in which, an asset is used or is expected to be used. These changes include the asset becoming idle, plans to discontinue or restructure the operation to which an asset belongs, plans to dispose of an asset before the previously expected date, and reassessing the useful life of an asset as finite rather than indefinite.
- Evidence is available from internal reporting that indicates that the economic performance of an asset is, or will be, worse than expected.

The re-designation of assets from a cash-generating asset to a non-cash generating asset or from a non-cash-generating asset to a cash-generating asset shall only occur when there is clear evidence that such a re-designation is appropriate. A re-designation, by itself, does not necessarily trigger an impairment test or a reversal of an impairment loss. Instead, the indication for an impairment test or a reversal of an impairment loss arises from, as a minimum, the indications listed above.

An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit's (CGU) fair value less costs to sell and its value in use and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. Where the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs to sell, an appropriate valuation model is used.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

Impairment losses are recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance in those expense categories consistent with the function of the impaired asset.

After the recognition of an impairment loss, the depreciation (amortisation) charge for the asset is adjusted in future periods to allocate the asset's revised carrying amount, less its residual value (if any), on a systematic basis over its remaining useful life.

An assessment is made at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such indication exists, the Municipality estimates the asset's or CGU's recoverable amount. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. The reversal is limited so that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its recoverable amount, nor exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

### 1.18.2 Non-cash-generating assets

Non-cash-generating assets are assets other than cash-generating assets.

The Municipality assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Municipality estimates the asset's recoverable service amount.

In assessing whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired, the Municipality considers the following indications:

### (a) External sources of information

- Cessation, or near cessation, of the demand or need for services provided by the asset.
- Significant long-term changes with an adverse effect on the Municipality have taken place during the period or will take place in the near future, in the technological, legal or government policy environment in which the Municipality operates.

### (b) Internal sources of information

- Evidence is available of physical damage of an asset.
- Significant long-term changes with an adverse effect on the Municipality have taken place during the period, or are expected to take place in the near future, in the extent to which, or manner in which, an asset is used or is expected to be used. These changes include the asset becoming idle, plans to discontinue or restructure the operation to which an asset belongs, or plans to dispose of an asset before the previously expected date.
- A decision to halt the construction of the asset before it is complete or in a usable condition.
- Evidence is available from internal reporting that indicates that the service performance of an asset is, or will be, significantly worse than expected.

An asset's recoverable service amount is the higher of a non-cash-generating asset's fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. If the recoverable service amount of an asset is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

recoverable service amount. That reduction is an impairment loss and is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

The value in use of a non-cash-generating asset is the present value of the asset's remaining service potential. The present value of the remaining service potential of the asset is determined using any one of the following approaches, depending on the nature of the asset in question:

- depreciation replacement cost approach the present value of the remaining service potential of an asset is determined as the depreciated replacement cost of the asset. The replacement cost of an asset is the cost to replace the asset's gross service potential. This cost is depreciated to reflect the asset in its used condition. An asset may be replaced either through reproduction (replication) of the existing asset or through replacement of its gross service potential. The depreciated replacement cost is measured as the reproduction or replacement cost of the asset, whichever is lower, less accumulated depreciation calculated on the basis of such cost, to reflect the already consumed or expired service potential of the asset.
- restoration cost approach the cost of restoring the service potential of an asset to
  its pre-impaired level. Under this approach, the present value of the remaining
  service potential of the asset is determined by subtracting the estimated restoration
  cost of the asset from the current cost of replacing the remaining service potential
  of the asset before impairment. The latter cost is usually determined as the
  depreciated reproduction or replacement cost of the asset, whichever is lower.
- service unit approach the present value of the remaining service potential of the
  asset is determined by reducing the current cost of the remaining service potential
  of the asset before impairment, to conform with the reduced number of service
  units expected from the asset in its impaired state. As in the restoration cost
  approach, the current cost of replacing the remaining service potential of the asset
  before impairment is usually determined as the depreciated reproduction or
  replacement cost of the asset before impairment, whichever is lower.

Fair value less costs to sell is the amount obtainable from the sale of an asset in an arm's length transaction between knowledgeable, willing parties, less the costs of disposal.

An impairment loss is recognised immediately in surplus or deficit, unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount in accordance with another Standard of GRAP. Any impairment loss of a revalued asset shall be treated as a revaluation decrease in accordance with that Standard of GRAP.

The Municipality assesses at each reporting date whether there is any indication that an impairment loss recognised in prior periods for an asset may no longer exist or may have decreased. If any such indication exists, the Municipality estimates the recoverable service amount of that asset.

An impairment loss recognised in prior periods for an asset is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable service amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. If this is the case, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to its recoverable service amount. The increased carrying amount of an asset attributable to a reversal of an impairment loss does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of depreciation or amortisation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior periods. Such a reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

### 1.19. INVENTORIES

### 1.19.1 Initial Recognition

Inventories comprise of current assets held for sale, consumption or distribution during the ordinary course of business. Inventories are recognised as an asset if, and only if, it is probable that future economic benefits or service potential associated with the item will flow to the Municipality, and the cost of the inventories can be measured reliably. Inventories are initially recognised at cost. Cost generally refers to the purchase price, plus non-recoverable taxes, transport costs and any other costs in bringing the inventories to their current location and condition. Where inventory is manufactured, constructed or produced, the cost includes the cost of labour, materials and overheads used during the manufacturing process.

Water inventory is being measured by multiplying the cost per kilolitre of water by the volume of water in storage.

Where inventory is acquired by the Municipality for no or nominal consideration (i.e. a non-exchange transaction), the cost is deemed to be equal to the fair value of the item on the date acquired.

### 1.19.2 Subsequent Measurement

Inventories, consisting of consumable stores, finished goods, housing stock, land, materials and supplies, water and work-in-progress, are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value unless they are to be distributed at no or nominal charge, in which case they are measured at the lower of cost and current replacement cost. Redundant and slow-moving inventories are identified and written down. Differences arising on the valuation of inventory are recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance in the year in which they arose. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of inventories arising from an increase in net realisable value or current replacement cost is recognised as a reduction in the amount of inventories recognised as an expense in the period in which the reversal occurs.

The carrying amount of inventories is recognised as an expense in the period that the inventory was sold, distributed, written off or consumed, unless that cost qualifies for capitalisation to the cost of another asset.

The basis of allocating cost to inventory items is the weighted average method.

### 1.20. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial instruments recognised in the Statement of Financial Position include receivables (both from exchange transactions and non-exchange transactions), cash and cash equivalents, annuity loans and payables (both from exchange and non-exchange transactions) and non-current investments. The future utilization of Unspent Conditional Grants is evaluated in order to determine whether it is treated as financial instruments.

### 1.20.1 Initial Recognition

Financial instruments are initially recognised when the Municipality becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument at fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset or financial liability not at fair value, transaction costs that are directly attributable to

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

the acquisition or issue of the financial asset or financial liability. If finance charges in respect of financial assets and financial liabilities are significantly different from similar charges usually obtained in an open market transaction, adjusted for the specific risks of the Municipality, such differences are immediately recognised in the period it occurs, and the unamortised portion adjusted over the period of the loan transactions.

### 1.20.2 Subsequent Measurement

Financial assets are categorised according to their nature as either financial assets at fair value, financial assets at amortised cost or financial assets at cost. Financial liabilities are categorised as either at fair value or financial liabilities carried at amortised cost. The subsequent measurement of financial assets and liabilities depends on this categorisation.

### 1.20.2.1 Receivables

Receivables are classified as financial assets at amortised cost, and are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

For amounts due from debtors carried at amortised cost, the Municipality first assesses whether objective evidence of impairment exists individually for financial assets that are individually significant, or collectively for financial assets that are not individually significant. Objective evidence of impairment includes significant financial difficulties of the debtor, probability that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation and default or delinquency in payments. If the Municipality determines that no objective evidence of impairment exists for an individually assessed financial asset, whether significant or not, it includes the asset in a group of financial assets with similar credit risk characteristics and collectively assesses them for impairment. Assets that are individually assessed for impairment and for which an impairment loss is, or continues to be, recognised are not included in a collective assessment of impairment.

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss has been incurred, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future expected credit losses that have not yet been incurred). The carrying amount of the asset is reduced through the use of an allowance account and the amount of the loss is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance. Interest income continues to be accrued on the reduced carrying amount based on the original effective interest rate of the asset. Loans together with the associated allowance are written off when there is no realistic prospect of future recovery and all collateral has been realised or has been transferred to the municipality. If, in a subsequent year, the amount of the estimated impairment loss increases or decreases because of an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is increased or reduced by adjusting the allowance account. If a future write-off is later recovered, the recovery is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

The present value of the estimated future cash flows is discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate, if material. If a loan has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

# 1.20.2.2 Payables and Annuity Loans

Financial liabilities consist of payables and annuity loans. They are categorised as financial liabilities held at amortised cost, and are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using an effective interest rate, which is the initial carrying amount, less repayments, plus interest.

# 1.20.2.3 Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash includes cash on hand (including petty cash) and cash with banks. Cash equivalents are short-term highly liquid investments, readily convertible into known amounts of cash that are held with registered banking institutions with maturities of three months or less and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value. For the purposes of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, highly liquid deposits and net of bank overdrafts. The Municipality categorises cash and cash equivalents as financial assets carried at amortised cost.

Bank overdrafts are recorded based on the facility utilised. Finance charges on bank overdraft are expensed as incurred. Amounts owing in respect of bank overdrafts are categorised as financial liabilities carried at amortised cost.

#### 1.20.2.4 Non-Current Investments

Investments which include fixed deposits invested in registered commercial banks, are stated at amortised cost.

Where investments have been impaired, the carrying value is adjusted by the impairment loss, which is recognised as an expense in the Statement of Financial Performance in the period that the impairment is identified.

On disposal of an investment, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

The carrying amounts of such investments are reduced to recognise any decline, other than a temporary decline, in the value of individual investments.

# 1.20.3 De-recognition of Financial Instruments

# 1.20.3.1 Financial Assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognised when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- the Municipality has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either (a) the Municipality has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Municipality has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Municipality has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, and has neither transferred nor

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the old asset is derecognised and a new asset is recognised to the extent of the Municipality's continuing involvement in the asset.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Municipality could be required to repay.

When continuing involvement takes the form of a written and/or purchased option (including a cash settled option or similar provision) on the transferred asset, the extent of the Municipality's continuing involvement is the amount of the transferred asset that the Municipality may repurchase, except that in the case of a written put option (including a cash settled option or similar provision) on an asset measured at fair value, the extent of the Municipality's continuing involvement is limited to the lower of the fair value of the transferred asset and the option exercise price.

#### 1.20.3.2 Financial Liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

#### 1.20.4 Offsetting of Financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Statement of Financial Position if, and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously

#### 1.21 STATUTORY RECEIVABLES

Statutory receivables arise from legislation, supporting regulations, or similar means and require settlement by another entity in cash or another financial asset. Statutory receivables can arise from both exchange and non-exchange transactions.

#### 1.21.1 Initial Recognition

Statutory receivables are recognised when the related revenue is recognised or when the receivable meets the definition of an asset.

#### 1.21.2 Measurement

The Municipality initially measures the statutory receivables at their transaction amount. The Municipality measure statutory receivables after initial recognition using the cost method. Under the cost method, the initial measurement of the receivable is changed subsequent to reflect any:

(a) interest or other charges that may have accrued on the receivable;

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

- (b) impairment losses; and
- (c) amounts derecognised.

The Municipality assesses at each reporting date whether there is any indication that a statutory receivable may be impaired. If there is an indication that a statutory receivable may be impaired, the Municipality measures the impairment loss as the difference between the estimated future cash flows and the carrying amount. Where the carrying amount is higher than the estimated future cash flows, the carrying amount of the statutory receivable is reduced, through the use of an allowance account. The amount of the loss is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance. In estimating the future cash flows, the Municipality considers both the amount and timing of the cash flows that it will receive in future. Consequently, where the effect of the time value of money is material, the Municipality discounts the estimated future cash flows using a rate that reflects the current risk free rate and any risks specific to the statutory receivable for which the future cash flow estimates have not been adjusted.

An impairment loss recognised in prior periods for a statutory receivable is revised if there has been a change in the estimates used since the last impairment loss was recognised, or to reflect the effect of discounting the estimated cash flows. Any previously recognised impairment loss is adjusted by adjusting the allowance account. The amount of any adjustment is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

# 1.21.3 Derecognition

The Municipality derecognises a statutory receivable when:

- (a) the rights to the cash flows from the receivable are settled, expire or are waived;
- (b) the Municipality transfers to another party substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the receivable; or
- (c) the Municipality, despite having retained some significant risks and rewards of ownership of the receivable, has transferred control of the receivable to another party and the other party has the practical ability to sell the receivable in its entirety to an unrelated third party, and is able to exercise that ability unilaterally and without needing to impose additional restrictions on the transfer. In this case, the Municipality:
  - (i) derecognise the receivable; and
  - (ii) recognise separately any rights and obligations created or retained in the transfer.

#### 1.22. REVENUE

# 1.22.1 Revenue from Non-Exchange Transactions

Revenue from non-exchange transactions refers to transactions where the Municipality received revenue from another entity without directly giving approximately equal value in exchange. Revenue from non-exchange transactions is generally recognised to the extent that the related receipt or receivable qualifies for recognition as an asset and there is no liability to repay the amount.

Grants, transfers and donations received or receivable are recognised when the resources that have been transferred, meet the criteria for recognition as an asset. A corresponding liability is recognised to the extent that the grant, transfer or donation is conditional. The liability is transferred to revenue as and when the conditions attached to

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

the grant are met. Grants without any conditions attached are recognised as revenue when the asset is recognised.

Revenue from property rates is recognised when the legal entitlement to this revenue arises. At the time of initial recognition, the full amount of revenue is recognised. If the Municipality does not enforce its obligation to collect the revenue, this would be considered as a subsequent event. Collection charges are recognised when such amounts are legally enforceable. Rebates and discounts are offset against the related revenue, in terms of iGRAP 1, as there is no intention of collecting this revenue.

Penalty interest on unpaid rates is recognised on a time proportionate basis as an exchange transaction.

Fine Revenue constitutes of spot fines. Revenue from spot fines is recognised when receipted.

Revenue from public contributions and donations is recognised when all conditions associated with the contribution have been met or where the contribution is to finance property, plant and equipment, when such items of property, plant and equipment qualifies for recognition and first becomes available for use by the Municipality. Where public contributions have been received, but the Municipality has not met the related conditions, it is recognised as an unspent public contribution (liability).

Revenue from third parties i.e. insurance payments for assets impaired, are recognised when it can be measured reliably and is not being offset against the related expenses of repairs or renewals of the impaired assets.

Contributed property, plant and equipment is recognised when such items of property, plant and equipment qualifies for recognition and become available for use by the Municipality.

All unclaimed deposits are initially recognised as a liability until 12 months expires, when all unclaimed deposits into the Municipality's bank account will be treated as revenue. Historical patterns have indicated that minimal unidentified deposits are reclaimed after a period of twelve months. This assessment is performed annually at 30 June. Therefore, the substance of these transactions indicate that even though the prescription period for unclaimed monies is legally three years, it is reasonable to recognised all unclaimed monies older than twelve months as revenue. Although unclaimed deposits are recognised as revenue after 12 months, the Municipality still keep record of these unclaimed deposits for three years in the event that a party should submit a claim after 12 months, in which case it will be expensed.

Revenue from the recovery of unauthorised, irregular, fruitless and wasteful expenditure is based on legislated procedures, including those set out in the Municipal Finance Management Act (Act No. 56 of 2003) and is recognised when the recovery thereof from the responsible councillors or officials is virtually certain.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable.

When, as a result of a non-exchange transaction, a Municipality recognises an asset, it also recognises revenue equivalent to the amount of the asset measured at its fair value as at the date of acquisition, unless it is also required to recognise a liability. Where a liability is required to be recognised it will be measured as the best estimate of the amount required to settle the present obligation at the reporting date, and the amount of the increase in net assets, if any, recognised as revenue. When a liability is subsequently

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

reduced, because the taxable event occurs or a condition is satisfied, the amount of the reduction in the liability will be recognised as revenue.

Revenue from Grant VAT income is recognised when expenditure occurred.

#### 1.22.2 Revenue from Exchange Transactions

Revenue from exchange transactions refers to revenue that accrued to the Municipality directly in return for services rendered or goods sold, the value of which approximates the consideration received or receivable.

At the time of initial recognition, the full amount of revenue is recognised where the Municipality has an enforceable legal obligation to collect, unless the individual collectability is considered to be improbable. If the Municipality does not successfully enforce its obligation to collect the revenue this would be considered a subsequent event.

Service charges relating to electricity and water are based on consumption and a basic charge as per Council resolution. Meters are read on a monthly basis and are recognised as revenue when invoiced. Where the Municipality was unable to take the actual month's reading of certain consumers, a provisional estimate of consumption for that month will be created. The provisional estimates of consumption are recognised as revenue when invoiced. Adjustments to provisional estimates of consumption are made in the invoicing period in which meters have been read. These adjustments are recognised as revenue in the invoicing period.

Revenue from the sale of electricity prepaid meter cards is recognised at the point of sale. It is estimated that pre-paid electricity is consumed within 2 to 3 days after date of purchase. The pre-paid electricity sold, but not consumed yet at year-end is not material and thus not disclosed under Payables from Exchange Transactions in the Statement of Financial Position.

Service charges relating to refuse removal are recognised on a monthly basis in arrears by applying the approved tariff to each property that has improvements. Tariffs are determined per category of property usage, and are levied monthly based on the recorded number of refuse points per property.

Service charges relating to sanitation (sewerage) are recognised on a monthly basis in arrears by applying the approved tariff to each property that has improvements. Tariffs are determined per category of property usage. In the case of some residential property a fixed monthly tariff is levied and in the case of other properties a tariff is levied based on the number of sewerage removals on the property. Service charges based on a basic charge as per Council resolution.

Interest revenue is recognised using the effective interest rate method.

Revenue from the rental of facilities and equipment is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease agreement.

Dividends are recognised on the date that the Municipality becomes entitled to receive the dividend.

Revenue arising from the application of the approved tariff of charges is recognised when the relevant service is rendered by applying the relevant tariff.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when substantially all the risks and rewards in those goods are passed to the consumer.

Revenue arising out of situations where the Municipality acts as an agent on behalf of another entity (the principal) is limited to the amount of any fee or commission payable to the municipality as compensation for executing the agreed services.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable.

The amount of revenue arising on a transaction is usually determined by agreement between the Municipality and the purchaser or user of the asset or service. It is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable taking into account the amount of any trade discounts and volume rebates allowed by the Municipality.

In most cases, the consideration is in the form of cash or cash equivalents and the amount of revenue is the amount of cash or cash equivalents received or receivable. However, when the inflow of cash or cash equivalents is deferred, the fair value of the consideration may be less than the nominal amount of cash received or receivable. When the arrangement effectively constitutes a financing transaction, the fair value of the consideration is determined by discounting all future receipts using an imputed rate of interest. The imputed rate of interest is the more clearly determinable of either:

- The prevailing rate for a similar instrument of an issuer with a similar credit rating;
- A rate of interest that discounts the nominal amount of the instrument to the current cash sales price of the goods or services.

The difference between the fair value and the nominal amount of the consideration is recognised as interest revenue.

When goods or services are exchanged or swapped for goods or services which are of a similar nature and value, the exchange is not regarded as a transaction that generates revenue. When goods are sold or services are rendered in exchange for dissimilar goods or services, the exchange is regarded as a transaction that generates revenue. The revenue is measured at the fair value of the goods or services received, adjusted by the amount of any cash or cash equivalents transferred. When the fair value of the goods or services received cannot be measured reliably, the revenue is measured at the fair value of the goods or services given up, adjusted by the amount of any cash or cash equivalents transferred.

#### 1.23. RELATED PARTIES

The Municipality resolved to adopt the disclosure requirements as per GRAP 20 – "Related Party Disclosures".

A related party is a person or an entity:

- with the ability to control or jointly control the other party,
- or exercise significant influence over the other party, or vice versa,
- or an entity that is subject to common control, or joint control.

The following are regarded as related parties of the Municipality:

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

- (a) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to the Municipality if that person:
  - has control or joint control over the Municipality.
  - has significant influence over the Municipality. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the Municipality.
  - is a member of the management of the Municipality or its controlling entity.
- (b) An entity is related to the Municipality if any of the following conditions apply:
  - the entity is a member of the same economic entity (which means that each controlling entity, controlled entity and fellow controlled entity is related to the others).
  - one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of an economic entity of which the other entity is a member).
  - both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
  - one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
  - the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Municipality or an entity related to the Municipality. If the reporting entity is itself such a plan, the sponsoring employers are related to the entity.
  - the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
  - a person identified in (a) has significant influence over that entity or is a member of the management of that entity (or its controlling entity).

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by that person in their dealings with the Municipality. A person is considered to be a close member of the family of another person if they:

- (a) are married or live together in a relationship similar to a marriage; or
- (b) are separated by no more than two degrees of natural or legal consanguinity or affinity.

Management (formerly known as "Key Management") includes all persons having the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Municipality, including:

- (a) all members of management of the Municipality:
- (b) a member of management of an economic entity who has the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Municipality;
- (c) any key advisors of a member, or sub-committees, of the management who has the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Municipality; and
- (d) the senior management team of the Municipality, including the accounting officer or permanent head of the Municipality, unless already included in (a).

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

Management personnel include:

- (a) All managers or council of the Municipality, being the Mayor and members of the Council.
- (b) Other persons having the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the reporting Municipality being the Municipal Manager, Chief Financial Officer an all other managers reporting directly to the Municipal Manager or as designated by the Municipal Manager.

Remuneration of management includes remuneration derived for services provided to the Municipality in their capacity as members of the management team or employees. Benefits derived directly or indirectly from the Municipality for services in any capacity other than as an employee or a member of management do not meet the definition of remuneration. Remuneration of management excludes any consideration provided solely as a reimbursement for expenditure incurred by those persons for the benefit of the Municipality.

The Municipality operates in an economic environment currently dominated by entities directly or indirectly owned by the South African government. As a result of the Constitutional independence of all three spheres of government in South Africa, only parties within the same sphere of government will be considered to be related parties. Only transactions with such parties which are not at arm's length and not on normal commercial terms are disclosed.

#### 1.24. UNAUTHORISED EXPENDITURE

Unauthorised expenditure is expenditure that has not been budgeted, expenditure that is not in terms of the conditions of an allocation received from another sphere of government, municipality or organ of state and expenditure in a form of a grant that is not permitted in terms of the Municipal Finance Management Act (Act No. 56 of 2003). Unauthorised expenditure is accounted for as an expense (measured at actual cost incurred) in the Statement of Financial Performance and when recovered, it is subsequently accounted for as revenue in the Statement of Financial Performance.

# 1.25. IRREGULAR EXPENDITURE

Irregular expenditure is expenditure that is contrary to the Municipal Finance Management Act (Act No. 56 of 2003), the Municipal Systems Act (Act No. 32 of 2000), the Public Office Bearers Act, and (Act. No. 20 of 1998) or is in contravention of the Municipality's Supply Chain Management Policy. Irregular expenditure excludes unauthorised expenditure. Irregular expenditure is accounted for as expenditure (measured at actual cost incurred) in the Statement of Financial Performance and when recovered, it is subsequently accounted for as revenue in the Statement of Financial Performance.

# 1.26. FRUITLESS AND WASTEFUL EXPENDITURE

Fruitless and wasteful expenditure is expenditure that was made in vain and could have been avoided had reasonable care been exercised. Fruitless and wasteful expenditure is accounted for as expenditure (measured at actual cost incurred) in the Statement of

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

Financial Performance and when recovered, it is subsequently accounted for as revenue in the Statement of Financial Performance.

#### 1.27. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND CONTINGENT ASSETS

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Municipality. A contingent liability could also be a present obligation that arises from past events, but is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to the obligation or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

The Municipality does not recognise a contingent liability or contingent asset. A contingent liability is disclosed unless the probability of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits or service potential is remote. A contingent asset is disclosed where the inflow of economic benefits or service potential is probable.

Management judgement is required when recognising and measuring contingent liabilities.

#### 1.28. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

In the process of applying the Municipality's accounting policy, management has made the following significant accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements.

#### 1.28.1 Post-retirement medical obligations and long service awards

The cost of post retirement medical obligations and long service awards are determined using actuarial valuations. The actuarial valuation involves making assumptions about discount rates, expected rates of return on assets, future salary increases, mortality rates and future pension increases. Major assumptions used are disclosed in note 3 of the financial statements. Due to the long-term nature of these plans, such estimates are subject to significant uncertainty.

# 1.28.2 Impairment of Receivables

The calculation in respect of the impairment of debtors is based on an assessment of the extent to which debtors have defaulted on payments already due, and an assessment of their ability to make payments based on their creditworthiness. This was performed per service-identifiable categories across all classes of debtors.

# 1.28.3 Property, Plant and Equipment

The useful lives of property, plant and equipment are based on management's estimation. Infrastructure's useful lives are based on technical estimates of the practical useful lives for the different infrastructure types, given engineering technical knowledge of the infrastructure types and service requirements. For other assets and buildings management considers the impact of technology, availability of capital funding, service requirements and required return on assets to determine the optimum useful life expectation, where appropriate. The estimation of residual values of assets is also based

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

on management's judgement whether the assets will be sold or used to the end of their useful lives, and in what condition they will be at that time.

Management referred to the following when making assumptions regarding useful lives and residual values of property, plant and equipment.

- The useful life of movable assets was determined using the age of similar assets available for sale in the active market. Discussions with people within the specific industry were also held to determine useful lives.
- Local Government Industry Guides was used to assist with the deemed cost and useful life of infrastructure assets.
- The Municipality referred to buildings in other municipal areas to determine the useful life of buildings. The Municipality also consulted with engineers to support the useful life of buildings, with specific reference to the structural design of buildings.

For deemed cost applied to other assets as per adoption of Directive 7, management used the depreciation cost method which was based on assumptions about the remaining duration of the assets.

The cost for depreciated replacement cost was determined by using either one of the following:

- cost of items with a similar nature currently in the Municipality's asset register;
- cost of items with a similar nature in other municipalities' asset registers, given that
  the other municipality has the same geographical setting as the Municipality and
  that the other municipality's asset register is considered to be accurate;
- cost as supplied by suppliers.

For deemed cost applied to land and buildings as per adoption of Directive 7, management made use of an independent valuator. The valuator's valuation was based on assumptions about the market's buying and selling trends and the remaining duration of the assets.

#### 1.28.4 Intangible Assets

The useful lives of intangible assets are based on management's estimation. Management considers the impact of technology, availability of capital funding, service requirements and required return on assets to determine the optimum useful life expectation, where appropriate.

Management referred to the following when making assumptions regarding useful lives of intangible assets:

 Reference was made to intangibles used within the Municipality and other municipalities to determine the useful life of the assets.

For deemed cost applied to intangible assets as per adoption of Directive 7, management used the depreciation cost method which was based on assumptions about the remaining duration of the assets.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

#### 1.28.5 Investment Property

The useful lives of investment property are based on management's estimation. Management considers the impact of technology, availability of capital funding, service requirements and required return on assets to determine the optimum useful life expectation, where appropriate. The estimation of residual values of assets is also based on management's judgement whether the assets will be sold or used to the end of their economic lives, and in what condition they will be at that time.

Management referred to the following when making assumptions regarding useful lives and valuation of investment property:

- The Municipality referred to buildings in other municipal areas to determine the useful life of buildings.
- The Municipality also consulted with professional engineers and qualified valuators to support the useful life of buildings.

For deemed cost applied to Investment Property as per adoption of Directive 7, management made use of on independent valuator. The valuator's valuation was based on assumptions about the market's buying and selling trends and the remaining duration of the assets.

#### 1.28.6 Provisions and Contingent Liabilities

Management judgement is required when recognising and measuring provisions and when measuring contingent liabilities. Provisions are discounted where the time value effect is material.

#### 1.28.7 Revenue Recognition

Accounting Policy 1.22.1 on Revenue from Non-Exchange Transactions and Accounting Policy 1.22.2 on Revenue from Exchange Transactions describes the conditions under which revenue will be recognised by management of the Municipality.

In making their judgement, management considered the detailed criteria for the recognition of revenue as set out in GRAP 9: Revenue from Exchange Transactions and GRAP 23: Revenue from Non-Exchange Transactions.). Specifically, whether the Municipality, when goods are sold, had transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods and when services are rendered, whether the service has been performed. Fine Revenue constitutes of spot fines. Revenue from spot fines is recognised when receipted. The management of the Municipality is satisfied that recognition of the revenue in the current year is appropriate.

#### 1.28.8 Provision for Landfill Sites

The provision for rehabilitation of the landfill sites are recognised as and when the environmental liability arises. The provision is calculated by a qualified environmental engineer. The provision represents the net present value at the reporting date of the expected future cash flows to rehabilitate the landfill sites. To the extent that the obligations relate to an asset, it is capitalised as part of the cost of those assets. Any subsequent changes to an obligation that did not relate to the initial related asset are recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

Management referred to the following when making assumptions regarding provisions:

- Professional engineers were utilised to determine the cost of rehabilitation of landfill sites as well as the remaining useful life of each specific landfill site.
- Interest rates (investment rate) linked to prime was used to calculate the effect of time value of money.

# 1.28.9 Provision for Staff leave

Staff leave is accrued to employees according to collective agreements. Provision is made for the full cost of accrued leave at reporting date (limited to 48 days). This provision will be realised as employees take leave or when employment is terminated.

# 1.28.10 Provision for Performance bonuses

The provision for performance bonuses represents the best estimate of the obligation at year end and is based on historic patterns of payment of performance bonuses. Performance bonuses are subject to Council approval.

#### 1.28.11 Componentisation of Infrastructure assets

All infrastructure assets are unbundled into their significant components in order to depreciate all major components over the expected useful lives. The cost of each component is estimated based on the current market price of each component, depreciated for age and condition and recalculated to cost at the acquisition date if known or to the date of initially adopting the standards of GRAP.

# 1.29. TAXES - VALUE ADDED TAX

Revenue, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amounts of value added tax. The net amount of Value Added Tax recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the Statement of Financial Position.

#### 1.30. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

Capital commitments disclosed in the financial statements represents the contractual balance committed to capital projects on reporting date that will be incurred in the period subsequent to the specific reporting date.

# 1.31. EVENTS AFTER REPORTING DATE

Events after the reporting date are those events, both favourable and unfavourable, that occur between the reporting date and the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue. Two types of events can be identified:

- those that provide evidence of conditions that existed at the reporting date (adjusting events after the reporting date); and
- those that are indicative of conditions that arose after the reporting date (non-adjusting events after the reporting date).

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

If non-adjusting events after the reporting date are material, the Municipality discloses the nature and an estimate of the financial effect.

# 1.32. BORROWING COSTS

The Municipality recognises all borrowing costs as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

		2019	2018
2	NET ASSET RESERVES	R	R
	RESERVES	11 396 014	11 393 357
	Capital Replacement Reserve Housing Development fund	11 347 812 48 202	11 347 812 45 545
	Total Net Asset Reserves	11 396 014	11 393 357
2.1	The Capital Replacement Reserve is used to finance future capital expenditure from own funds.		
2.2	The Housing Development Fund was established in terms of section 15 (5) and 16 of the Housing Act, Act 107 of 1997. The proceeds in this fund are utilised for housing development projects approved by the MEC. Any surplus/(deficit) on the Housing Department in the Statement of Financial Performance is transferred to the Housing Development Fund.		
3	EMPLOYEE BENEFITS		
	Post Retirement Benefits - Refer to Note 3.1	7 208 453	8 320 888
	Long Service Awards - Refer to Note 3.2	750 376	777 567
	Total Non-current Employee Benefit Liabilities	7 958 829	9 098 455
	Post Retirement Benefits		
	Balance 1 July	8 692 485	8 197 069
	Contribution for the year  Expenditure for the year	903 696 (371 597)	878 667
	Actuarial Loss/(Gain)	(1 647 809)	(380 164) (3 087)
	Total post retirement benefits 30 June	7 576 774	8 692 485
	Less: Transfer of Current Portion - Note 6	(368 321)	(371 597)
	Balance 30 June	7 208 453	8 320 888
	Long Service Awards		
	Balance 1 July	875 025	760 640
	Contribution for the year Expenditure for the year	143 365	117 772
	Actuarial Loss/(Gain)	(114 433) 29 812	(80 144) 76 757
	Total long service awards 30 June	933 769	875 025
	Less: Transfer of Current Portion - Note 6	(183 393)	(97 458)
	Balance 30 June	750 376	777 567
	TOTAL NON-CURRENT EMPOLYEE BENEFITS		
	Balance 1 July	9 567 510	8 957 709
	Contribution for the year Expenditure for the year	1 047 061	996 439
	Actuarial Loss/(Gain)	(486 030) (1 617 998)	(460 308) 73 670
	Total employee benefits 30 June	8 510 543	9 567 510
	Less: Transfer of Current Portion - Note 6	(551 714)	(469 055)
	Balance 30 June	7 958 829	9 098 455
3.1	Post Retirement Benefits	2019 R	2018 R
	The Post Retirement Benefit Plan is a defined benefit plan, of which the members are made up as follows:	••	
	In-service (employee) members Continuation members (e.g. Retirees, widows, orphans)	6 9	6 9
	Total Members	15	15
	The liability in respect of past service has been estimated to be as follows:		
	In-service (employee) members	3 082 913	3 566 735
	Continuation (retiree and widow) members	4 493 861	5 125 750
	Total Liability	7 576 774	8 692 485

#### NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

#### EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (CONTINUE)

The liability in respect of periods commencing prior to the comparative ye	ar has been
estimated as follows:	

	2017 R	2016 R	2015 R
In-service members Continuation members	3 681 751 4 515 318	5 413 393 3 113 069	4 570 000 3 202 000
Total Liability	8 197 069	8 526 462	7 772 000
Experience adjustments were calculated as follows:		2019 Rm	2018 Rm
Liabilities: (Gain) / loss Assets: Gain / (loss)		(1.239) -	0.564
The experience adjustments in respect of periods commencing prior to the comparative year has been estimated as follows:			
	2017 Rm	2016 Rm	2015 Rm
Liabilities: (Gain) / loss Assets: Gain / (loss)	0.153	0.332	0.287

The municipality makes monthly contributions for health care arrangements to the following medical aid schemes:

Hosmed LA Health

The Municipality's Accrued Unfunded Liability at 30 June 2019 is estimated at R7 576 774. The Current-service Cost for the year ending 30 June 2019 is estimated at R99 942. It is estimated to be R80 793 for the ensuing year.

Key actuarial assumptions used:	2019 %	2018 %
i) Rate of Interest		
Discount rate Health Care Cost Inflation Rate Net Effective Discount Rate	9.44% 6.85% 2.42%	9.48% 7.35% 1.98%

Discount Rate: GRAP 25 stipulates that the choice of this rate should be derived from government bond yields consistent with the estimated term of the post-employment liabilities. However, where there is no deep market in government bonds with a sufficiently long maturity to match the estimated term of all the benefit payments, current market rates of the appropriate term should be used to discount shorter term payments, and the discount rate for longer maturities should be estimated by extrapolating current market rates along the yield curve. Consequently, a discount rate of 9.44% per annum has been used. The corresponding index-linked yield at this term is 3.41%. These rates do not reflect any adjustment for taxation. These rates were deduced from the interest rate data obtained from the Johannesburg Stock Exchange after the market close on 24 June 2019.

#### II) Mortality rates

The PA 90 ultimate table, rated down by 1 year of age was used by the actuaries.

#### iii) Normal retirement age

The normal retirement age (NRA) for all active employees was assumed to be 65 years.

# iv) Average retirement age

It has been assumed that in-service members will retire at age 62, which then implicitly allows for expected rates of early, ill-health and early retirement.

## v) Expected rate of salary increases

2019/2020 - CPI + 1,5% 2020/2021 - CPI + 1,25%

The three-year Salary and Wage Collective Agreement ends on 30 June 2021.

	2019 R	2018 R
The amounts recognised in the Statement of Financial Position are as follows:		
Present value of fund obligations	7 576 774	8 692 485
Total Liability	7 576 774	8 692 485
Reconciliation of present value of fund obligation:		
Present value of fund obligation at the beginning of the year Total expenses	8 692 485 532 099	8 197 069 498 503
Current service cost Interest Cost Benefits Paid	99 942 803 754 (371 597)	142 716 735 951 (380 164)
Actuarial (gains)/losses	(1 647 810)	(3 087)
Present value of fund obligation at the end of the year	7 576 774	8 692 485
Less: Transfer of Current Portion - Note 6	(368 321)	(371 597)
Balance 30 June	7 208 453	8 320 888

# NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

#### EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (CONTINUE)

3.2

Sensitivity Analysis on the Accrued Liability

Parametric   Par	octourity relayers on the recited Elem	,				
Central Risks   15						
Heath can eniferition	•	Change				% change
Meath case inflution		40/				12%
Discount Fishe						
Discount Rate   1/96						
Secretary   Secr						12%
Continuement of memberships at retirement   10%   2.672   4.494   7.166		-1 year	3.178			
Search   Part						
Current-service   Current-se	Continuation of membership at retirement	-10%	2.672	4.494	7.166	-5%
Cata	Sensitivity Analysis on Current-service a	nd Interest Costs f	or year ending 30 June 202	0		
Assumption				Interest Cost	Total	
Central Assumption	Assumption	Change				% change
Meath care inflation				698 300	779 100	
Discount Rate	Health care inflation	1%	93 400	786 200		
Discount Rate						
Post-present mortality						
Average pretirement age						
Continuation of membership at retirement   .10%   70 000   659 500   729 500   .6%						
The Long Service Bonuse plans are defined benefit plans. As at year end, 63 employees were eligible for Long Service Bonuse plans are defined benefit plans. As at year end, 63 employees were eligible for Long Service Bonuses.  The Current-service Cost for the ensuing year has been estimated to be R.80 410.    Page 2019						
The Long Service Bonus plans are defined benefit plans. As at year end, 63 employees were eligible for Long Service Bonuses invalidation of the pear ending 30 June 2019 is R 73 424. The Current-eervice Cost for the ensuing year has been estimated to be R 80 410.    Next Contract	Continuation of membership at retirement	-10%	70 000	659 500	729 500	-076
The Current-service Cost for the year ending 30 June 2019 is R 73 424. The Current-service Cost for the ensuing year has been estimated to be R 80 410.    Rate of Interest	Long Service Bonuses					
Name   Page		oenefit plans. As at y	ear end, 63 employees were	eligible for Long		
		g 30 June 2019 is R	73 424. The Current-service	Cost for the ensuing		
Discount rate Discount rate Canana Isalary Inflation (long-term) Nat Effective Discount Rate applied to salary-related Long Service Bonuses  Discount Rate: GRAP 25 stipulates that the choice of this rate should be derived from poverment bond yields consistent with the astimuted term of the amployee benefit sibilities. However, where there is no deep markel in government bonds with a sufficiently from patiently to make the estimate of term of the amployee benefit sibilities. However, where there is no deep markel in government bonds with a sufficiently from patiently to make the estimated term of all the enselfit payments, current market rates of the appropriate term should be used to discount shorter term payments, and the discount rate for longer maturities should be estimated to mor after the enselfit payment of long service awards, for each employee. The 7.37% per annum has been used. The first step in the derivation of this yield is to calculate the liability estighted average of the yields consopred in the first step. The corresponding is the scalar learns until payment of long service awards, for each employee. The 7.37% is then derived as the liability-weighted average of the yields consopred in the first step. The corresponding is beliefly weighted average of the yields consopred in the first step. The corresponding to the actual term until payment of long service awards, for each employee. The 7.37% is then derived as the liability-weighted average of the yields consopred in the first step. The corresponding is beliefly weighted awards of the term of the payment of long service awards. The first step in the derivation of the service of the payment of long service awards and the payment of long service awards. The first step in the first step. The corresponding time step is the market close of 24 June 2019.  Experience adjustments in respect of periods commencing prior to the comparative year has been estimated as follows:  Liabilities: (Gain) / loss  Represent value of fund obligations  Represent value					2019	2018
Discount rate General Salary Inflation (long-term) Nat Effective Discount Rate applied to salary-related Long Service Bonuses  2019 Rm  Discount Rate: GRAP 25 stipulates that the choice of this rate should be derived from government bond yields consistent with the estimated torm of the employee benefit liabilities. However, where there is no deep market in government bonds with a sufficienty long maturity to match the estimated form of all the benefit payments, current market rates of the appropriate term should be used to discount shorter term payments, and the discount rate for longer maturities should be estimated by extrapolating current market rates so the appropriate term should be used to discount shorter term payments, and the discount rate for longer maturities should be estimated by extrapolating current market rates along the yield is to calculate the fability-weighted average of the yelvate corresponding to the actual terms until payment of the yield is to calculate the fability-weighted average of the yelvate corresponding to the actual terms until payment of the yield is to calculate the fability-weighted vaverage of the yelvate corresponding to the actual terms until payment of the yield is to calculate the fability-weighted vaverage of the yelvate corresponding to the actual terms until payment of the yield is to calculate the fability weighted vaverage of the yelvate corresponding to the actual terms until payment of the yield is to calculate the fability weighted vaverage of the yelvate corresponding to the actual terms until payment of the yield is to calculate the fability weighted vaverage of the yelvate corresponding to the actual terms until payment of the yelf terms and yelf yelf yelf yelf yelf yelf yelf yelf	Key actuarial assumptions used:				%	%
Separat Salary Inflation (Inong-term)	i) Rate of interest					
Discount Rate: GRAP 25 atipulates that the choice of this rate should be derived from government bond yields consistent with the estimated term of the employee benefit liabilities. However, where there is no deep market in government bonds with a sufficienty long maturity to match the estimated term of all the benefit payments, current market rates of the appropriate term should be used to discount shorter term payments, and the discount rate for longer maturities should be used to discount shorter term payments, and the discount rate of 7.97% per annum has been used. The first step in the derivation of this yield is to calculate the liability-weighted average of the yields corresponding to the actual terms until payment of long service awards, for each employee. The 7.97% is then derived as the liability-weighted average of the yields derived in the first step. The corresponding liability-weighted in devention of this control of the comparative yields derived in the first step. The corresponding liability-weighted average of the yields derived in the first step. The corresponding liability-weighted index-finited yield is 2.89%. These rates do not reflect any adjustment for trasteor. These rates were deduced from the interest rate data obtained from the Johannesburg Stock Exchange after the market close on 24 June 2019.  Experience adjustments were calculated as follows:  2017 2016 Rm	General Salary Inflation (long-term)	alary-related Long S	ervice Bonuses		5.45%	6.12%
Discount Rate: GRAP 25 stipulates that the choice of this rate should be derived from government bond yields consistent with the estimated term of the employee benefit liabilities. However, where there is no deep market in government bonds with a sufficiently long maturity to match the estimated term of all the benefit payments, current market rates of the appropriate term should be used to discount shorter term payments, and the discount rate for longer maturities should be estimated by extrapolating current market rates along the appropriate term should be used to discount shorter term payments, and the discount rate of 737% per annum has been used. The first step in the derivation of this yield is to calculate the fiability-weighted average of the yields corresponding to the actual terms until payment of long service awards, for each employee. The 7.37% is then derived as the liability-weighted average of the yields derived in the first step. The corresponding liability-weighted index-linked yield is 2.89%. These rates do not reflect any adjustment for trastation. These rates were deduced from the interest rate data obtained from the Johannesburg Stock Exchange after the market close on 24 June 2019.  Experience adjustments were calculated as follows:  Experience adjustments in respect of periods commencing prior to the comparative year has been estimated as follows:  Present value of flund obligations in respect of periods commencing prior to the comparative year has been estimated as follows:  Present value of fund obligation at the beginning of the year  Present value of fund obligation at the beginning of the year  Present value of fund obligation at the beginning of the year  Present value of fund obligation at the beginning of the year  Present value of fund obligation at the end of the year  Present value of fund obligation at the end of the year  Present value of fund obligation at the end of the year  Present value of fund obligation at the end of the year		-				
Liabilities: (Gain / loss   97 386   88 534   Assets: Gain / (loss)   2017   2016   Rm   Rm   Rm   Rm   Rm   Rm   Rm   R	current market rates of the appropriate to discount rate for longer maturities should curve. Consequently, a discount rate of yield is to calculate the liability-weighted long service awards, for each employee, yields derived in the first step. The corres	erm should be used I be estimated by ex 7.97% per annum ha average of the yield The 7.97% is then sponding liability-we	to discount shorter term pays trapolating current market ra- as been used. The first step is s corresponding to the actual derived as the liability-weight ighted index-linked yield is 2.	nents, and the tes along the yield on the derivation of this terms until payment of ed average of the 89%. These rates do		
Liabilities: (Gain / loss   97 386   88 534     Assetis: Gain / (loss)   2016   2015     Rm   Rm   Rm   Rm   Rm     Liabilities: (Gain / (loss)   89 998)   (67 443)   (27 192)     Assets: Gain / (loss)   2019   2018     Assets: Gain / (loss)   2019   2018     Assets: Gain / (loss)   2019   2018     R   R   R     Present value of fund obligations   933 769   375 025     Reconciliation of present value of fund obligation at the beginning of the year   75 424   58 809     Interest Cost   69 941   59 943     Interest Cost   69 941   59 943     Actuarial losses/(gains)   29 812   76 757     Present value of fund obligation at the end of the year   933 769   375 025     Less: Transfer of Current Portion - Note 6   183 393   (97 458)     Less: Transfer of Current Portion - Note 6   183 393   (97 458)     Control Reconciliation of the comparative control and price of the comparative control a	Johannesburg Stock Exchange after the	market close on 24				
Assets: Gain / (loss)   The experience adjustments in respect of periods commencing prior to the comparative year has been estimated as follows:    2017	•				<b>97 ዓ</b> ጻጵ	88 534
year has been estimated as follows:         2017 Rm         2016 Rm         2015 Rm           Liabilities: (Gain / loss)         (89 998)         (67 443)         (27 192)           Assets: Gain / (loss)         2019         2018           The amounts recognised in the Statement of Financial Position are as follows:         R         R           Present value of fund obligations         933 769         875 025           Net liability/(asset)         933 769         875 025           Reconciliation of present value of fund obligation:         875 025         760 640           Total expenses         28 932         37 628           Current service cost interest Cost Benefits Paid         73 424         58 809           Interest Cost Benefits Paid         69 941         55 963           Actuaral losses/(gains)         29 812         76 757           Present value of fund obligation at the end of the year         933 769         875 025           Present value of fund obligation at the end of the year         933 769         875 025					J1 300	-
Liabilities: (Gain) / loss		riods commencing p	prior to the comparative			
Assets: Gain / (loss)   2019   2018   R   R   R   R   R   R   R   R   R	, Doubleton de l'ollotte.					
Assets: Gain / (loss)   2019   2018   R   R   R   R   R   R   R   R   R	Liabilities: (Gain) / loss			(89 998)	(67 443)	(27 192)
The amounts recognised in the Statement of Financial Position are as follows:         R         R           Present value of fund obligations         933 769         875 025           Net liability/(asset)         933 769         875 025           Reconciliation of present value of fund obligation:         875 025         760 640           Present value of fund obligation at the beginning of the year         28 932         37 628           Current service cost interest						,
Net liability/(asset)         933 769         875 025           Reconciliation of present value of fund obligation:         875 025         760 640           Total expenses         28 932         37 628           Current service cost Interest Cost         73 424         58 809           Interest Cost         69 941         58 963           Benefits Paid         (114 433)         (80 144)           Actuarial losses/(gains)         29 812         76 757           Present value of fund obligation at the end of the year         933 769         875 025           Less:         Transfer of Current Portion - Note 6         (183 393)         (97 458)	The amounts recognised in the Statemen	t of Financial Posit	ion are as follows:			
Reconciliation of present value of fund obligation:           Present value of fund obligation at the beginning of the year         875 025         760 640           Total expenses         28 932         37 628           Current service cost Interest Cost         69 941         58 809           Benefits Paid         (114 433)         (80 144)           Actuarial losses/(gains)         29 812         76 757           Present value of fund obligation at the end of the year         933 769         875 025           Less:         Transfer of Current Portion - Note 6         (183 393)         (97 458)	Present value of fund obligations				933 769	875 025
Present value of fund obligation at the beginning of the year         875 025         760 640           Total expenses         28 932         37 628           Current service cost interest Cost         69 941         58 809           Interest Cost 69 941         58 963           Benefits Paid         (114 433)         (80 144)           Actuarial losses/(gains)         29 812         76 757           Present value of fund obligation at the end of the year         933 769         875 025           Less: Transfer of Current Portion - Note 6         (183 393)         (97 458)	Net liability/(asset)			(1	933 769	875 025
Total expenses         28 932         37 628           Current service cost Interest Cost         73 424 69 941 58 809 158 963 (114 433) (80 144)         58 963 (114 433) (80 144)           Benefits Paid         (114 433) (80 144)         29 812 76 757           Actuarial losses/(gains)         29 812 76 757         76 750           Present value of fund obligation at the end of the year         933 769 875 025           Less:         Transfer of Current Portion - Note 6         (183 393) (97 458)	Reconciliation of present value of fund of	ollgation:				
Interest Cost         69 941 (114 433)         58 963 (80 144)           Benefits Paid         (114 433)         (80 144)           Actuarial losses/(gains)         29 812         76 757           Present value of fund obligation at the end of the year         933 769         875 025           Less:         Transfer of Current Portion - Note 6         (183 393)         (97 458)		ning of the year				
Benefits Paid         (114 433)         (80 144)           Actuarial losses/(gains)         29 812         76 757           Present value of fund obligation at the end of the year         933 769         875 025           Less:         Transfer of Current Portion - Note 6         (183 393)         (97 458)				Ī		
Actuarial losses/(gains)         29 812         76 757           Present value of fund obligation at the end of the year         933 769         875 025           Less:         Transfer of Current Portion - Note 6         (183 393)         (97 458)						
Present value of fund obligation at the end of the year         933 769         875 025           Less:         Transfer of Current Portion - Note 6         (183 393)         (97 458)				L		
	· <del>-</del>	f the year			933 769	875 025
Balance 30 June 750 376 777 567	Less: Transfer of Current Portion - Note 6				(183 393)	(97 458)
	Balance 30 June				750 376	777 567

#### NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

#### EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (CONTINUE)

3

Sensitivity Analysis on the Unfunded Accrued Liability			
		Liability	
Assumption	Change	(Rm)	% change
Central assumptions		0.934	
General salary inflation	1%	0.976	5%
General salary inflation	-1%	0.895	-4%

 Central assumptions
 0.934

 General salary inflation
 1%
 0.976
 5%

 General salary inflation
 -1%
 0.895
 -4%

 Discount Rate
 1%
 0.891
 -5%

 Discount Rate
 -1%
 0.981
 5%

 Average retirement age
 -2 yrs
 0.895
 -4%

 Average retirement age
 2 yrs
 1.144
 22%

 Withdrawal rates
 -50%
 1.022
 9%

Sensitivity Analysis on Current-service and Interest Costs for year ending 30 June 2020

		Current-service			
		Cost	Interest Cost	Total	
Assumption	Change	(R)	(R)	(R)	% change
Central Assumption		80 400	67 300	147 700	
General salary inflation	1%	86 400	70 600	157 000	6%
General salary inflation	-1%	75 100	64 100	139 200	-6%
Discount Rate	1%	75 600	71 900	147 500	0%
Discount Rate	-1%	85 900	62 100	148 000	0%
Average retirement age	-2 yrs	77 100	64 900	142 000	-4%
Average retirement age	2 yrs	94 900	84 000	178 900	21%
Withdrawal rates	-50%	94 900	74 300	169 200	15%

#### 3.3 Retirement funds

Discount Rate used

The Municipality requested detailed employee and pensioner information as well as information on the Municipality's share of the Pension and Retirement Funds' assets from the fund administrator. The fund administrator confirmed that assets of the Pension and Retirement Funds are not split per participating employer. Therefore, the Municipality is unable to determine the value of the plan assets as defined in GRAP 25.

As part of the Municipality's process to value the defined benefit liabilities, the Municipality requested pensioner data from the fund administrator. The fund administrator claim that the pensioner data to be confidential and were not willing to share the information with the Municipality. Without detailed pensioner data the Municipality was unable to calculate a reliable estimate of the accrued liability in respect of pensioners who qualify for a defined benefit pension.

Therefore, although the Consolidated retirement fund for local government is a Multi Employer fund defined as defined benefit plan, it will be accounted for as defined contribution plan. All the required disclosure has been made as defined in GRAP 25.31.

#### LA RETIREMENT FUND (PREVIOUSLY CAPE JOINT PENSION FUND)

The contribution rate payable is 9% by members and 18% by Council. The actuarial valuation report at 30 June 2018 disclosed an actuarial valutation amounting to R1,776,181,000 (30 June 2017: R1,859,077,000), with a nett accumulated surplus of R63,423,000 (2017: R46,989,000), with a funding level of 103.7% (30 June 2017: 102.6%).

## CAPE JOINT PENSION FUND (LA RETIREMENT FUND)

The contribution rate payable is 9% by members and 18% by Council. The actuarial valuation report at 30 June 2018 indicated that the defined contribution scheme of the fund is in a sound financial position, with a assets amounting to R2,018,237,000 (30 June 2017: R1,911,937,000), net investment reserve of R0 (30 June 2017: R0) and with a funding level of 100% (2017: 100%).

Contributions paid recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance	1 695 158	1 508 756
NON-CURRENT PROVISIONS		
Provision for Rehabilitation of Landfili-sites	26 405 251	24 438 036
Total Non-current Provisions	26 405 251	24 438 036
Landfill Sites		
Balance 1 July	24 438 036	23 401 408
Increase in Estimate	464 276	(414 580)
Unwinding of discounted interest	1 502 939	1 451 208
Total provision 30 June	26 405 251	24 438 036
Less: Transfer of Current Portion to Current Provisions	-	
Balance 30 June	26 405 251	24 438 036

2019

4 005 450

5.56%

5.21%

2018

Location	Estimated decommission date	Cost of rehabilitation	Cost of rehabilitation
		2019 R	2018 R
Carnarvon Vanwyksvlei Vosburg	2036 2084 2029	15 215 055 5 787 823 5 402 373	13 840 069 5 453 358 5 144 609
		26 405 251	24 438 036
	2017	2018	2019

6.21%

The discount rate used the calculate the present value of the rehabilitation costs at each reporting period is based on a calculated risk free rate as determined by the municipality. This rate is in line with a competitive investment rate the municipality can obtain from an A grade financial institution. This rate used is also within the inflation target range of the South African Reserve Bank of between 3% to 6%.

# NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

5	CONSUMER DEPOSITS	2019 R	2018 R
	Water & Electricity	327 904	325 569
	Total Consumer Deposits	327 904	325 569
	The fair value of consumer deposits approximate their carrying value. Interest is not paid on these amounts.		
6	CURRENT EMPLOYEE BENEFITS		
	Current Portion of Post Retirement Benefits - Note 3	368 321	371 597
	Current Portion of Long-Service Provisions - Note 3 Provision for Performance Bonuses	183 393	97 458
	Provision for Annual Bonuses	424 122 284 211	271 172 283 650
	Provision for Staff Leave	1 398 123	1 203 402
	Total Current Employee Benefits	2 658 170	2 227 279
	The movement in current employee benefits are reconciled as follows:		
	Current Portion of Post Retirement Benefits - Note 3		
	Balance at beginning of year	371 597	380 164
	Transfer from non-current Expenditure incurred	368 321	371 597
	Balance at end of year	(371 597) 368 321	(380 164)
		368 321	3/1 59/
	Current Portion of Long-Service Provisions - Note 3		
	Balance at beginning of year Transfer from non-current	97 458	69 793
	Expenditure incurred	200 368 (114 433)	107 809 (80 144)
	Balance at end of year	183 393	97 458
	Provision for Performance Bonuses		
	Balance at beginning of year	271 172	204 272
	Contribution to current portion	419 700	253 107
	Expenditure incurred	(266 750)	(186 207)
	Balance at end of year	424 122	271 172
	Performance bonuses are being paid to Municipal Manager and Managers after an evaluation of performance was approved by the council. There is no possibility of reimbursement.		
	Provision for Staff Leave		
	Balance at beginning of year	1 203 402	1 004 515
	Contribution to current portion Expenditure incurred	412 127	495 252
	Balance at end of year	1 398 123	(296 364)
	balance at one of year	1 350 123	1 203 402
	Staff leave accrued to employees according to collective agreement. Provision is made for the full cost of accrued leave up to 48 days, at reporting date. This provision will be realised as employees take leave.		
	Provision for Annual Bonuses		
	Balance at beginning of year Contribution to current portion	283 650 561	222 815 60 835
	Balance at end of year	284 211	283 650
	Annual bonuses are being paid to Municipal personnel after one full year's service. There is no possibility of reimbursement.		
_		2019	2018
7	TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES FROM EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS	R	R
	Trade Payables Payments received in advance	1 812 753 145 249	1 547 241 124 474
	Other Payables	173 270	124414
	Total Trade Payables	1 958 002	1 671 714

Payables are being paid within 30 days as prescribed by the MFMA. This credit period granted is considered to be consistent with the terms used in the public sector, through established practices and legislation. Discounting of trade and other payables on initial recognition is not deemed necessary. Payables are being recognised net of any discounts.

8	UNSPENT TRANSFERS AND SUBSIDIES	2019 R	2018 R
	Unspent Grants	14 304 758	18 338 507
	National and Provincial Government Grants	14 304 758	18 338 507
	Total Conditional Grants and Receipts	14 304 758	18 338 507
	The Unspent Grants are cash-backed by term deposits. The municipality compiled with the conditions attached to all grants received to the extent of revenue recognised.		
9	TAXES	2019 R	2018 R
	VAT Payable Less: Contribution to provision for impairment of trade receivables from exchange transactions	<u> </u>	
	VAT is payable on the receipts basis. Only once payment is received from debtors is VAT paid over to SARS.		<u>_</u>

# NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

10 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

30 JUNE 2019

622 378

117 707 938

20 810 789

24 165 365

622 378

Carrying Value

5 652 871 43 381 732 19 187 280 370 769 8 550 692 30 019 465 10 545 129

1 116 758 10 411 789 4 657 872 117 231 753 284 3 753 854

11 592 267

1 905 904

8 698 822 96 261 1249 236 283 293 288 270 893 794 22 379 60 211

1 360 870 26 099 197 587 76 707 72 530 141 826 6 901 23 385

675 545 500 476 336 559 221 836 428 661 900 23 472 75 214

2 390 754 1 119 760 364 146 537 367 2 221 315 780 369 264

155 961 000

28 438 362

(431 068)

4 340 193

24 529 238

48 661

184 461 150

28 782 947

156 153 222

2 495 430

# NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

10 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Lucia material Lucia materiala Lucia material Lucia material Lucia material Lucia material Luc	Reconciliation of Carrying Value			Cost		Accu	Accumalated Impairments	ints		Accumulated Depreciation	clation		Carrying Value
10   10   10   10   10   10   10   10		Opening Balance R		Disposals/Revaluation/ Transfers R	Closing Balance R	Opening Batance R	Additions/ Disposal R	Closing Balance R	Opening Balance R	Depreciation Charge R	Disposals R		<u></u>
10   10   10   10   10   10   10   10	Land and Buildings	24 788 148			24 788 148	405		405	490 727	65 826	74	556 552	24 231 197
15   15   15   15   15   15   15   15	Land Buildings	22 218 460		8.	22 218 460	100	u.				o .		22 218 46(
17 10 30 4   17	Infrastructure	000 444 200	44 202 004		000 000 7	200		405	490 727	65 826		556 552	2 012 73
1	mrastructure	96 444 382	14 323 894		110 768 275		1		15 111 013	2 598 291		17 709 304	93 058 972
1,5 86 17   1,5 80 17   1,5 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Electricity	5 199 366	13 621	7 327	5 220 314	*			810 327	132 086		942 412	4 277 901
Total State	Sanitation	16 385 176	2 369 377	2 14E 112	50 540 889	500			7 426 220	1 461 703	•	8 887 923	41 652 966
Total 186 (1867)         Fig. 282	Solid Waste Disposal	488 000	1000	711 641 7	242 010 240 488 000	† 33	•	•	3 511 009	465 717		3 976 726	18 541 518
9 328 316 3 781 909 13 552 665	Stormwater	7 034 333	1 503 901		8 538 234	·			89 491	13 870		103 361	384 635
9 322 810 2 657 129 (2 162 439) 9 857 500	Water Supply	9 833 186	3 791 909		13 625 095	(18)			2 826 713	388 013		304 157	10 410 355
13 CB 122   13 CB 172   13 CB 122   14 C	WIP	9 332 810	2 657 129	(2 152 439)	9 837 500	•						07/ +170	9 837 500
13 081 426 281 178	Balance previously reported	9 332 810	2 676 229	(2 152 439)	9 856 600								0 956 600
13 081 426 281 178	Correction of Error - Note 36.01		(19 101)		(19 101)		'	•	×	*	•		(19 101
10   19   940   10   19   10   19   10   10   10   1	Community Assets	13 081 426	281 178		13 362 604	11 383		11 383	1 097 048	389 736		1 486 784	11 864 437
122 360   45 60   45	Recreation Grounds	10 119 940		,	10 119 940	10 248		10 248	667 603	346.634		1 044 226	0 005 450
151   151	Civil Buildings	122 360		1	122 360	•			21 718	2 191	٠	23 908	004 000 E
350 800	Cemetery	453 000	46 508	947 315	1 446 823				151 000	15 145	•	166 145	1 280 678
Fig. 604 000 234 670 - 888 670 - 1070 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 00	Clinic	360 800		•	360 000	•		•	63 830	6 438		70 268	289 732
Seg 279 - 10 Table	Libraries	604 000	234 670		838 670				60 518	900 9	٠	66 524	294 276
For the search of the search o	Parks & Gardens	29 279			29 279			, ,	107 USZ	10 824		117 916	720 754
6 703 497 615 588 (84 891) 7 224 195 10 342 -9 003 1 339 4 465 471 314 311 3184 4 776 598  2 846 388 360 000 - 3 196 388 - 2 206 926 130 516 - 2 337 442  4 51 569 929 103 379 (3 184) 1 610 124 - 9 003 1 339 4 465 471 314 311 3 184 4 776 598  8 1 6 703 497 (13 184) 1 610 124 - 9 003 1 339 4 465 471 3 143 11 3 184 4 776 598  8 2 846 388 360 000 - 3 196 388 - 2 206 926 13 184 965 721  8 2 846 389 360 000 - 3 196 389 - 2 337 442  8 8 1 443 3 19	Public Conveniences/Bathhouses	84 731	**		84 731	1135		1 135	19 534	1925		21 450	22 95
6 703 497         615 588         (84 891)         7 234 195         10 342         -9 003         1 339         4 465 471         314 311         3 184         4 776 598         2           2 846 388         350 000         -         3 196 388         -         -         -         2 206 926         1 30 516         -         2 337 442           4 51 564         15 562         -         5 662         -         -         4 964 2         1 56 53         -         3 157 67           8 1 55         -         5 662         -         -         4 942         1 6 157 67         -         1 6 159 10           8 1 55         -         -         5 662         -         -         4 942         2 6 156         -         5 19 10           8 1 5 5         -         -         6 12 840         -         -         4 964         -         5 19 10         -         2 138         -         2 138         -         2 138         -         2 138         -         2 138         -         2 138         -         2 138         -         2 138         -         2 138         -         2 138         -         2 138         -         -         2 138         - <td< td=""><td></td><td>947 315</td><td>6.</td><td>(947 315)</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>(3)</td><td>2</td><td>20</td></td<>		947 315	6.	(947 315)							(3)	2	20
1 2 846 388 350 000 3 196 388 2 206 926 130 516 - 2 337 442 150 928 103 379 (3 184) 16 10 124 881 443 87 463 3 184 965 721 9	Other Assets	6 703 497	615 588	(84 891)	7 234 195	10 342	-9 003	1 339	4 465 471	314 311	3 184	4 776 598	2 456 258
1 1508 929 103 379 (3184) 16 10 124	Motor Vehicles	2 846 388	350 000		3 196 388		,	٠	2 206 926	130 516		2 337 442	868 046
s 451 554 555 5 507 889	Plant & Equipment	1 509 929	103 379	(3 184)	1 610 124		(6)		881 443	87 463		965 721	644 402
Lipment 520 014 62 350 - 803 427 - 493754 26 156 519 910 2136 20 164 28 - 2 135 2738 10 2738 1	Cince Equipment	491 364	26 325	•	507 889		•	90	296 442	19 325		315 767	192 122
Jipment 520 014 92 826 612 840 - 2 135 527 86 2 2 135 135 1738 15 220 660 (84 891) 156 153 222 22 129 (9 03) 13 126 91 40 549 273 810 361 812	Fire Engines	2 648	coc c		724 208				493 754	26 156	•	519 910	285 516
392 736 23.318 40.491 27.3.810 27.3.810 367.736 10.342 (9.003) 13.39 351.504 10.308 361.812 361.812 141.017 453 15.220 660 (84.891) 156 153 22 22.129 (9.003) 13.156 21.164.250 3.3.69 142 3.3.69 142 3.3.69 143 3.69 3.3.69 143 3.69 3.3.69 143 3.69 3.3.69 3.3.69 143 3.69 3.3.69	Computer Equipment	520 014	92 826		612 840		• (6		2 083	53		2 135	513
178 356 9 494 (81 707) 106 143 10 342 (9 003) 1 339 US STATE	Refuse Tankers	392 736			392 736		66	60	233 318	40 491	*	273 810	339 030
15 220 660 (94 891) 156 153 222 22 129 (9 003) 13 126 9 1464 950 3 3 558 153 2 104 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105	Game	178 356	9 494	(81 707)	106 143	10 342	(6006)		÷ .	one ni	€.	361 812	30 924 104 804
		141 017 453	15 220 660	(84 891)	156 153 222	22 129	(500.0)		04 464 950	000 000 0			

#### NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

1	PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)		2019 R	2018 R
10.03	Property, Plant and Equipment which is in the process of being constructed or developed:			
	Infrastructure Assets		10 545 129	9 837 500
	Roads		2 041 063	124 746
	Electricity Water Supply		325 449 8 178 617	870 638 8 842 116
	Sanitation		-	
	Community Assets		<del></del>	
	Total		10 545 129	9 837 500
	The movements for the year can be reconciled as follows:			
	Balance at beginning of year		9 837 500 28 093 159	10 280 125 14 624 172
	Expenditure during the year Assets unbundled during the year		(27 385 559)	(15 066 797)
	Impairment recognised during the year  Balance at end of year		10 545 099	9 837 500
	Balance at end of year		10 040 000	000.000
10.04	Property, Plant and Equipment that is taking a significantly longer period of time to complete the expected:	nan		
	Infrastructure Assets		8 178 617	7 932 449
	Water Supply		8 178 617	7 932 449
	Community Assets			
	Total		8 178 617	7 932 449
	No funding was allocated for 2016/2017 in the MIG (Municipal Infrastructure Grant) for the completion Tender awarding problems in 2017/2018 for the completion of the Bulk Water Supply: Vanwyksvlei/Ca		ries project.	
10.05	Property, Plant and Equipment where construction or development has been halted:			
	Infrastructure Assets		8 178 617	7 932 449
	Water Supply		8 178 617	7 932 449
	Total		8 178 617	7 932 449
	Tender awarding problems in 2017/2018 for the completion of the Bulk Water Supply: Vanwyksvlei/Ci	amarvon.		
10.06	Expenditure incurred to repair and maintain Property, Plant and Equipment:			
	Other materials		871 339	1 065 984
	Contracted Services		70 993	3 281 355
	Total Repairs and Maintenance		942 331	4 347 339
10.07	Assets pledged as security:			
	No assets are pledged as security.			
10.08	Third party payments received for losses incurred:			
	Payments received (Excluding VAT)		-	35 263
	Carrying value of assets written off/lost		<del>=</del>	(9 537) <b>25 726</b>
	Surplus/Deficit		)((=	23 126
10.09	Impairment losses of Property, Plant and Equipment			
	Impairment losses on Property, Plant and Equipment recognised in Statement of Financial Performant follows:	ce are as		
	Community Assets		50 000	
	Total		50 000	
10.10	Reversal of Impairment losses of Property, Plant and Equipment			
	Reversal of Impairment losses on Property, Plant and Equipment recognised in statement of financial performance are as follows:			
	Other		(1 339)	(9 003)
	Total		(1 339)	(9 003)
10.11	Effect of changes in accounting estimates			
	The effect of a change in accounting estimate will have on the current period and subsequent periods:			
		2019 R	2020 R	2021 R
	Effect on Property, plant and equipment	(974 672)	(974 672)	(937 219)
10.12	Details of Valuation			

#### 10.12 Details of Valuation

10

The effective date of the valuations was 1 July 2018. Valuations were performed by an independent valuer, HCB Valuators. The valuer are not connected to the municipality. Land and Buildings are revalued independently every 5 years.

# NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

10		PROPERTY OF ANY AND POLYMENT (CONTINUES)	2019	2018
10	40.40	PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)	R	R
	10.13	Contractual commitments for acquisition of Property, Plant and Equipment:		
		Approved and contracted for:	5 598 435	10 447 874
		Infrastructure Community	5 598 435	10 447 874
		Total	5 598 435	10 447 874
		This expenditure will be financed from:		
		Government Grants	5 598 435	10 447 874
		Total	5 598 435	10 447 874
11		INVESTMENT PROPERTY		
		Net Carrying amount at 1 July	15 425 146	15 438 087
		Cost Accumulated Depreciation	15 562 100 (136 954)	15 562 100 (124 013)
		Depreciation for the year	(12 941)	(12 941)
		Net Carrying amount at 30 June	15 412 204	15 425 146
		Cost Accumulated Depreciation	15 562 100 (149 896)	15 562 100 (136 954)
		There are no restrictions on the realisability of Investment Property or the remittance of revenue and proceeds of	(143 030)	(130 354)
		disposal.  There are no contractual obligations to purchase, construct or develop investment property or for repairs and		
		maintenance or enhancements.		
		Estimated Fair Value of Investment Property at 30 June  Fair value was determined by valuation roll.	20 114 700	20 114 700
	11.01			
	11.01	Revenue from Investment Property	004 500	044.444
		Revenue derived from the rental of Investment Property	261 590	241 444
	11.02	Operating Expenditure incurred on properties:	Repairs and Maintenance	Other Operating Expenditure
		Revenue Generating	219	3 888
		Improved Property Unimproved Property	219	3 888
		Non-revenue Generating		
		Improved Property Unimproved Property		
		Total Operating Expenditure	219	3 888
	11.03	Investment Property which is in the property of helps constructed or developed.	2019 R	2018 R
	11.03	Investment Property which is in the process of being constructed or developed:	K	ĸ
		Revenue Generating Improved Property		
		Unimproved Property		
		Non-revenue Generating		
		Improved Property Unimproved Property		-
		Total		
		The movements for the year can be reconciled as follows:		
		Balance at beginning of year Expenditure during the year	:	-
		Assets unbundled during the year Impairment recognised during the year		·
		Balance at end of year		
	11.04	Investment Property that is taking a significantly longer period of time to complete than expected:		
		Revenue Generating		2
		Improved Property	-	*
		Unimproved Property		
			1	*
		Unimproved Property  Non-revenue Generating	- 1	<u> </u>
		Unimproved Property  Non-revenue Generating Improved Property	- 1	<u> </u>

No reason required

11	INVESTMENT PROPERTY (CONTINUED)		2019 R	2018 R
11.05	Investment Property where consruction or developmen	t has been halted:		
	Revenue Generating		_	_
	Improved Property		-	
	Unimproved Property  Non-revenue Generating		-	
	Improved Property		1	
	Unimproved Property			·]
	Total			
12	No reason required		2019	2018
12	INTANGIBLE ASSETS		R	R
	Computer Software			
	Net Carrying amount at 1 July Cost		14 136 25 714	2 813 12 342
	Balance previously reported		20714	668 446
	Correction of Error - Note 36.02			(656 104)
	Accumulated Amortisation  Balance previously reported		(11 577)	(9 529) (24 564)
	Correction of Error - Note 36.02			15 034
	Acquisitions		16 602	13 372
	Balance previously reported Correction of Error - Note 36.02			892 943 (879 572)
	Disposals Impairments		(4)	•
	Amortisation		(4 108)	(2 048)
	Balance previously reported Correction of Error - Note 36.02			(2 090) 42
	Disposal Amortisation		4	
	Net Carrying amount at 30 June		26 631	14 136
	Cost Accumulated Amortisation		42 312 (15 681)	25 714 (11 577)
12.01	Material Intangible Assets included in the carrying value:	:		
		Compliant Amendiant	Carrying	
	Description	Remaining Amortisation Period	Carrying 2019 R	Value 2018 R
	Description  MS Office & Kaspersky		2019	2018
		Period 3-5	2019 R	2018 R
	MS Office & Kaspersky	Period 3-5 Il life.	2019 R	2018 R
	MS Office & Kaspersky  No intangible asset were assessed having an indefinite useful	Period 3-5 Il life.	2019 R	2018 R
	MS Office & Kaspersky  No intangible asset were assessed having an indefinite useful.  There are no internally generated intangible assets at reporting	Period 3-5 ul life. ng date.	2019 R	2018 R
	MS Office & Kaspersky  No intangible asset were assessed having an indefinite useful.  There are no internally generated intangible assets at reportion.  There are no intangible assets whose title is restricted.	Period 3-5  ul life.  ng date.	<b>2019</b> R 26 631	2018 R 14 136
12.02	MS Office & Kaspersky  No intangible asset were assessed having an indefinite useful.  There are no internally generated intangible assets at reporting the are no intangible assets whose title is restricted.  There are no intangible assets pledged as security for liabilities.	Period 3-5  ul life.  ng date.	2019 R	2018 R
12.02	MS Office & Kaspersky  No intangible asset were assessed having an indefinite useful.  There are no internally generated intangible assets at reporting the are no intangible assets whose title is restricted.  There are no intangible assets pledged as security for liabilitie.  There are no contractual commitments for the acquisition of interesting the acquisition of inte	Period 3-5  ul life.  ng date.	2019 R 26 631	2018 R 14 136 2018
12.02	MS Office & Kaspersky  No intangible asset were assessed having an indefinite useful.  There are no internally generated intangible assets at reporting the are no intangible assets whose title is restricted.  There are no intangible assets pledged as security for liabilities. There are no contractual commitments for the acquisition of interpretation and Development Costs:	Period 3-5  ul life.  ng date.	2019 R 26 631	2018 R 14 136 2018
	MS Office & Kaspersky  No intangible asset were assessed having an indefinite useful. There are no internally generated intangible assets at reportion of the are no intangible assets whose title is restricted. There are no intangible assets pledged as security for liabilitie. There are no contractual commitments for the acquisition of increase and Development Costs:  Research and Development Costs:  Research Expenditure Development Expenditure  Total Research and Development Expenditure	Period 3-5  ul life.  ng date.  es  ntangible assets.	2019 R 26 631	2018 R 14 136 2018
12.02	MS Office & Kaspersky  No intangible asset were assessed having an indefinite useful. There are no internally generated intangible assets at reporting the are no intangible assets whose title is restricted.  There are no intangible assets pledged as security for liabilities. There are no contractual commitments for the acquisition of interest and Development Costs:  Research and Development Costs:  Research Expenditure  Development Expenditure  Total Research and Development Expenditure  Intangible Assets which is in the process of being constructions.	Period 3-5  ul life.  ng date.  es  ntangible assets.	2019 R 26 631	2018 R 14 136 2018
	MS Office & Kaspersky  No intangible asset were assessed having an indefinite useful.  There are no internally generated intangible assets at reporting the process of being constructed.  There are no intangible assets whose title is restricted.  There are no intangible assets pledged as security for liabilitie. There are no contractual commitments for the acquisition of interest and Development Costs:  Research and Development Costs:  Research Expenditure  Development Expenditure  Total Research and Development Expenditure  Intangible Assets which is in the process of being constructed.	Period 3-5  ul life.  ng date.  es  ntangible assets.	2019 R 26 631	2018 R 14 136 2018
	MS Office & Kaspersky  No intangible asset were assessed having an indefinite useful. There are no internally generated intangible assets at reporting the are no intangible assets whose title is restricted. There are no intangible assets pledged as security for liabilitie. There are no contractual commitments for the acquisition of increase and Development Costs:  Research and Development Costs:  Research Expenditure  Development Expenditure  Total Research and Development Expenditure  Intangible Assets which is in the process of being constructed.	Period 3-5  ul life.  ng date.  es  ntangible assets.	2019 R 26 631	2018 R 14 136 2018
	MS Office & Kaspersky  No intangible asset were assessed having an indefinite useful. There are no internally generated intangible assets at reporting the are no internally generated intangible assets at reporting the are no intangible assets whose title is restricted. There are no intangible assets pledged as security for liabilities. There are no contractual commitments for the acquisition of its Research and Development Costs:  Research Expenditure  Development Expenditure  Total Research and Development Expenditure  Intangible Assets which is in the process of being constructed to the process and Rights Total	Period 3-5  ul life.  ng date.  es  ntangible assets.	2019 R 26 631	2018 R 14 136
	MS Office & Kaspersky  No intangible asset were assessed having an indefinite useful. There are no internally generated intangible assets at reporting the are no intangible assets whose title is restricted. There are no intangible assets pledged as security for liabilitie. There are no contractual commitments for the acquisition of interest and Development Costs:  Research and Development Costs:  Research Expenditure Development Expenditure  Total Research and Development Expenditure  Intangible Assets which is in the process of being constructed to the process and Rights  Total  The movements for the year can be reconciled as follows:	Period 3-5  ul life.  ng date.  es  ntangible assets.	2019 R 26 631	2018 R 14 136
	MS Office & Kaspersky  No intangible asset were assessed having an indefinite useful. There are no internally generated intangible assets at reporting the are no intangible assets whose title is restricted.  There are no intangible assets pledged as security for liabilitie. There are no contractual commitments for the acquisition of interest and Development Costs:  Research and Development Costs:  Research Expenditure  Development Expenditure  Total Research and Development Expenditure  Intangible Assets which is in the process of being constructed as Computer Software Licences and Rights  Total  The movements for the year can be reconciled as follows:  Balance at beginning of year Expenditure during the year	Period 3-5  ul life.  ng date.  es  ntangible assets.	2019 R 26 631	2018 R 14 136 2018
	MS Office & Kaspersky  No intangible asset were assessed having an indefinite useful. There are no internally generated intangible assets at reporting the are no internally generated intangible assets at reporting the are no intangible assets whose title is restricted. There are no intangible assets pledged as security for liabilities. There are no contractual commitments for the acquisition of interest and Development Costs:  Research and Development Costs:  Research Expenditure  Development Expenditure  Total Research and Development Expenditure  Intangible Assets which is in the process of being constructed as follows:  Servitudes  Computer Software  Licences and Rights  Total  The movements for the year can be reconciled as follows:  Balance at beginning of year	Period 3-5  ul life.  ng date.  es  ntangible assets.	2019 R 26 631	2018 R 14 136
	MS Office & Kaspersky  No intangible asset were assessed having an indefinite useful. There are no internally generated intangible assets at reporting the are no internally generated intangible assets at reporting the are no intangible assets whose title is restricted. There are no intangible assets pledged as security for liabilitie. There are no contractual commitments for the acquisition of interest and Development Costs:  Research and Development Costs:  Research Expenditure  Development Expenditure  Total Research and Development Expenditure  Intangible Assets which is in the process of being constructed interest and Rights  Total  The movements for the year can be reconciled as follows:  Balance at beginning of year Expenditure during the year Assets unbundled during the year	Period 3-5  ul life.  ng date.  es  ntangible assets.	2019 R 26 631	2018 R 14 136 2018
	MS Office & Kaspersky  No intangible asset were assessed having an indefinite useful. There are no internally generated intangible assets at reportion there are no intangible assets whose title is restricted. There are no intangible assets pledged as security for liabilitie. There are no contractual commitments for the acquisition of interest and Development Costs:  Research and Development Costs:  Research Expenditure Development Expenditure  Total Research and Development Expenditure  Intangible Assets which is in the process of being constructed as follows:  Servitudes Computer Software Licences and Rights  Total  The movements for the year can be reconciled as follows:  Balance at beginning of year Expenditure during the year Assets unbundled during the year Impairment recognised during the year	Period 3-5  ul life.  ng date.  es intangible assets.  ucted or developed:	2019 R 26 631	2018 R 14 136 2018
12.03	MS Office & Kaspersky  No intangible asset were assessed having an indefinite useful. There are no internally generated intangible assets at reporting the are no internally generated intangible assets at reporting the are no intangible assets whose title is restricted.  There are no intangible assets pledged as security for liabilities. There are no contractual commitments for the acquisition of interest and Development Costs:  Research and Development Costs:  Research Expenditure  Total Research and Development Expenditure  Intangible Assets which is in the process of being constructed as Servitudes. Computer Software Licences and Rights.  Total  The movements for the year can be reconciled as follows:  Balance at beginning of year Expenditure during the year Impairment recognised during the year Impairment recognised during the year  Balance at end of year  Intangible Assets that is taking a significantly longer perexpected:  Servitudes	Period 3-5  ul life.  ng date.  es intangible assets.  ucted or developed:	2019 R 26 631	2018 R 14 136
12.03	MS Office & Kaspersky  No intangible asset were assessed having an indefinite useful. There are no internally generated intangible assets at reporting the are no internally generated intangible assets at reporting the are no intangible assets whose title is restricted. There are no intangible assets pledged as security for liabilitie. There are no contractual commitments for the acquisition of interest and Development Costs:  Research and Development Costs:  Research Expenditure Development Expenditure  Total Research and Development Expenditure  Intangible Assets which is in the process of being constructed interest and Rights  Total  The movements for the year can be reconciled as follows:  Balance at beginning of year  Expenditure during the year  Impairment recognised during the year  Balance at end of year  Intangible Assets that is taking a significantly longer perexpected:	Period 3-5  ul life.  ng date.  es intangible assets.  ucted or developed:	2019 R 26 631	2018 R 14 136
12.03	MS Office & Kaspersky  No intangible asset were assessed having an indefinite useful. There are no internally generated intangible assets at reporting the are no intangible assets whose title is restricted. There are no intangible assets pledged as security for liabilities. There are no contractual commitments for the acquisition of interest and Development Costs:  Research and Development Costs:  Research Expenditure Development Expenditure  Total Research and Development Expenditure  Intangible Assets which is in the process of being constructed Software Licences and Rights  Total  The movements for the year can be reconciled as follows:  Balance at beginning of year Expenditure during the year Impairment recognised during the year  Balance at end of year  Intangible Assets that is taking a significantly longer perexpected:  Servitudes Computer Software	Period 3-5  ul life.  ng date.  es intangible assets.  ucted or developed:	2019 R 26 631	2018 R 14 136
12.03	MS Office & Kaspersky  No intangible asset were assessed having an indefinite useful. There are no internally generated intangible assets at reporting the are no intangible assets whose titte is restricted. There are no intangible assets pledged as security for liabilities. There are no contractual commitments for the acquisition of interest and Development Costs:  Research and Development Costs:  Research Expenditure Development Expenditure  Total Research and Development Expenditure  Intangible Assets which is in the process of being constructed as Computer Software Licences and Rights  Total  The movements for the year can be reconciled as follows:  Balance at beginning of year Expenditure during the year Assets unbundled during the year Impairment recognised during the year  Balance at end of year  Intangible Assets that is taking a significantly longer perexpected:  Servitudes Computer Software Licences and Rights	Period 3-5  ul life.  ng date.  es intangible assets.  ucted or developed:	2019 R 26 631	2018 R 14 136

#### NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

	NOTES ON THE FINANCIAE STATEMENTS FOR THE TEAR ENDE	D 30 00ML 2013	
12	INTANGIBLE ASSETS (CONTINUED)	2019 R	2018 R
12.05	Intangible Assets where consruction or development has been halted:		
	Servitudes	-	<b>₩</b>
	Computer Software Licences and Rights	-	
	Total		
	No reason required		
		2019	2018
13	HERITAGE ASSETS	R	R
	Net Carrying amount at 1 July	14 900	14 900
	Transfers to Property, Plant and equipment	<u> </u>	
	Net Carrying amount at 30 June	14 900	14 900
	Cost	14 900	14 900
	There are no restrictions on the realisability of Heritage Assets or the remittance of revenue and proceeds of disposal.		
	There are no contractual obligations to purchase, construct or develop Heritage Assets or for repairs, maintenance or enhancements.		
	There are no Heritage Assets pledged as security for liabilities		
	There are no Heritage Assets that are used by the municipality for more than one purpose.		
13.01	Third party payments received for losses and impairments incurred:		
	Payments received (Excluding VAT) Carrying value of assets written off/lost/impaired	-	•
	Surplus/Deficit		
13.02	Expenditure incurred to repair and maintain Heritage Assets:	P	
13.02	Employee related costs	_	_
	Other materials Contracted Services	-	-
	Other Expenditure		
	Total Repairs and Maintenance		<u>_</u>
13.03	Heritage Assets which is in the process of being constructed or developed:		
	Monuments	-	9
	Historic Buildings Works of Art	:	
	Conservation Areas Other Heritage	-	*
	Total		
	The movements for the year can be reconciled as follows:		
	Balance at beginning of year	_	<b>a</b>
	Expenditure during the year Assets unbundled during the year	-	-
	Impairment recognised during the year		
	Balance at end of year		-
13.04	Heritage Assets that is taking a significantly longer period of time to complete than expected:		
	Monuments Historic Buildings	•	-
	Works of Art	-	-
	Conservation Areas Other Heritage	-	
	Total	•	
	No reason required		
13.05	Heritage Assets where consruction or development has been halted:		
	Monuments Historic Buildings	-	-
	Works of Art	:	-
	Conservation Areas Other Heritage		
	Total		

No reason required

14	CAPITALISED RESTORATION COST	2019 R	2018 R
	Net Carrying amount at 1 July	1 708 738	2 235 711
	Cost Accumulated Depreciation Accumulated Impairments	4 624 522 (2 614 893) (300 891)	5 039 101 (2 519 560) (283 829)
	Acquisitions Depreciation for the year Impairment	464 276 (73 086) (2 936)	(414 580) (95 332) (17 062)
	Net Carrying amount at 30 June	2 096 992	1 708 738
	Cost Accumulated Depreciation Accumulated Impairments	5 088 797 (2 687 979) (303 827)	4 624 522 (2 614 893) (300 891)
	Restoration cost financed by way of a provision - Refer to note 4 for further details	2019	2018
15	LONG TERM RECEIVABLES	R	R
	Officials' Housing Loans - At amortised cost	23 516	28 289
	<u>Less:</u> Unamortised Discount on Loans	(2 598)	(3 731)
	Balance 1 July Adjustment for the period	(3 731) 1 133	(5 005) 1 274
		20 918	24 558
	<u>Less:</u> Current portion transferred to current receivables	(4 967)	(4 773)
	Officials Housing Loans - At amortised cost	(4 967)	(4 773)
	Less: Provision for Impairment of Long Term Receivables	15 951	19 785
	Total Long Term Receivables	15 951	19 785
	STAFF HOUSING LOANS Staff was entitled to housing loans which attract interest at 4% per annum and which are repayable over a maximum period of 20 years. When a employee resigns, the outstanding amount must be settled. These loans are secured since the Council is the bond holder.		
16	INVENTORY	2019 R	2018 R
	Consumable Stores - Stationery and materials - At cost	546 936	546 936
	Balance previously reported Correction of Error - Note 36.03		527 836 19 101
	Total Inventory	546 936	546 936
	Consumable stores materials written down due to losses as identified during the annual stores counts.  Consumable stores materials surplusses identified during the annual stores counts.		-

# NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

17

	2019 R	2018 R
Service Receivables		
Water	1 827 617	1 164 952 1 276 760
Electricity Refuse	1 637 448 1 465 731	910 387
Sewerage	1 266 448	115 190
Payments received in advance	145 249	124 474
Total Service Receivables Less: Provision for Impairment	<b>6 342 493</b> (4 560 307)	<b>3 591 76</b> 2 (2 105 435
Net Service Receivables	1 782 187	1 486 327
Other Receivables Sundry Receivables	1 006 494	1 707 365
Rentals	670 440	493 967
VAT	1 180 493	684 504
Total Other Receivables	2 857 427	<b>2 885 836</b> (493 967)
Less: Provision for Impairment Less: Contribution to provision for VAT impairment of trade receivables from exchange transactions	(670 440) (923 317)	(492 966
Net Other Receivables	1 263 671	1 898 903
Total Net Receivables from Exchange Transactions	3 045 857	3 385 230
Ageing of Receivables from Exchange Transactions		
(Electricity): Ageing		
Current (0 - 30 days)	509 280	516 594
31 - 60 Days	320 491	122 074
61 - 90 Days	102 431	73 171
+ 90 Days	705 247	564 920
Total	1 637 448	1 276 760
(Water): Ageing		
Current (0 - 30 days)	125 146	43 693
31 - 60 Days 61 - 90 Days	411 690 135 759	146 052 94 477
+ 90 Days	1 155 021	880 730
Total	1 827 617	1 164 952
(Refuse): Ageing	7	
Силеnt (0 - 30 days)	1 277	70 845
31 - 60 Days	278 137	133 185
61 - 90 Days	100 954	84 011 622 345
. 00 P		
	1 085 363	
-	1 465 731	
Total		
Total (Sewerage): Ageing Current (0 - 30 days)	1 465 731 32 146	910 387 (340 948
Total (Sewerage): Ageing Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 Days	32 146 381 420	910 387 (340 948 76 713
+ 90 Days Total  (Sewerage): Ageing Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 Days 61 - 90 Days + 90 Days	32 146 381 420 121 639	910 387 (340 948 76 713 57 907
Total (Sewerage): Ageing Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 Days	32 146 381 420	910 387 (340 948 76 713 57 907 321 518
Total (Sewerage): Ageing Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 Days 61 - 90 Days + 90 Days Total	32 146 381 420 121 639 731 243	910 387 (340 948 76 713 57 907 321 518
Total (Sewerage): Ageing Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 Days 61 - 90 Days + 90 Days Total (Sundry Receivables): Ageing	32 146 381 420 121 639 731 243 1 266 448	910 387 (340 948 76 713 57 907 321 519 115 190
Total  (Sewerage): Ageing  Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 Days 61 - 90 Days + 90 Days  Total  (Sundry Receivables): Ageing  Current (0 - 30 days)	32 146 381 420 121 639 731 243 1 266 448	910 387 (340 948 76 713 57 907 321 519 115 190
Total  (Sewerage): Ageing  Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 Days 61 - 90 Days 1- 90 Days  Total  (Sundry Receivables): Ageing  Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 Days 61 - 90 Days	32 146 381 420 121 639 731 243 1 266 448 824 642 69 987 1 936	910 387 (340 948 76 713 57 907 321 519 115 190 1 083 264 545 425 4 823
Total  (Sewerage): Ageing  Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 Days 61 - 90 Days 1- 90 Days  Total  (Sundry Receivables): Ageing  Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 Days 61 - 90 Days 61 - 90 Days 1- 90 Days 1- 90 Days	32 146 381 420 121 639 731 243 1 266 448 824 642 69 987 1 936 109 929	910 387 (340 948 76 713 57 907 321 519 115 190 1 083 264 545 425 4 823 73 853
Total  (Sewerage): Ageing  Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 Days 61 - 90 Days 1- 90 Days  Total  (Sundry Receivables): Ageing  Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 Days 61 - 90 Days 61 - 90 Days 1- 90 Days 1- 90 Days	32 146 381 420 121 639 731 243 1 266 448 824 642 69 987 1 936	910 387 (340 948 76 713 57 907 321 519 115 190 1 083 264 545 425 4 823 73 853
Total (Sewerage): Ageing Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 Days 61 - 90 Days + 90 Days Total (Sundry Receivables): Ageing	32 146 381 420 121 639 731 243 1 266 448 824 642 69 987 1 936 109 929	910 387 (340 948 76 713 57 907 321 519 115 190 1 083 264 545 425 4 823 73 853
Total  (Sewerage): Ageing  Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 Days 61 - 90 Days 61 - 90 Days  Total  (Sundry Receivables): Ageing  Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 Days 61 - 90 Days 62 - 90 Days 63 - 90 Days 64 - 90 Days 65 - 90 Days 66 - 90 Days 67 - 90 Days 67 - 90 Days 68 - 90 Days 69 Days 69 Days 69 Days 60 Days 60 Days 61 - 90 Days 61 - 90 Days 62 Days 63 Days 64 Days 65 Days 66 Days 67 Days 67 Days 68 Days 68 Days 69 Days 69 Days 69 Days 60 Days 60 Days 60 Days 60 Days 60 Days 61 Days 61 Days 61 Days 62 Days 63 Days 64 Days 65 Days 66 Days 67 Days	32 146 381 420 121 639 731 243 1 266 448 824 642 69 987 1 936 109 929	910 387 (340 948 76 713 57 907 321 519 115 190 1 083 264 545 425 4 823 73 853
Total  (Sewerage): Ageing  Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 Days 61 - 90 Days + 90 Days  Total  (Sundry Receivables): Ageing  Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 Days 61 - 90 Days + 90 Days + 90 Days Total  (VAT): Ageing  Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 Days  Total	32 146 381 420 121 639 731 243 1 266 448 824 642 69 987 1 936 109 929 1 006 494	910 387
Total  (Sewerage): Ageing  Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 Days 61 - 90 Days 190 Days Total  (Sundry Receivables): Ageing  Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 Days 61 - 90 Days 1- 90 Days 1- 90 Days Total  (VAT): Ageing  Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 Days 1- 60 Days 1- 60 Days 1- 90 Days	32 146 381 420 121 639 731 243 1 266 448 824 642 69 987 1 936 109 929 1 006 494	910 387 (340 948 76 713 57 907 321 519 115 190 1 083 264 545 425 4 823 73 853 1 707 365
Total  (Sewerage): Ageing  Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 Days 61 - 90 Days 17 otal  (Sundry Receivables): Ageing  Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 Days 61 - 90 Days 61 - 90 Days 17 otal  (VAT): Ageing	32 146 381 420 121 639 731 243 1 266 448 824 642 69 987 1 936 109 929 1 006 494	910 387 (340 948 76 713 57 907 321 519 115 190 1 083 264 545 425 4 823 73 853 1 707 365 191 538
Courrent (0 - 30 days)	32 146 381 420 121 639 731 243 1 266 448 824 642 69 987 1 936 109 929 1 006 494	910 387 (340 948 76 713 57 907 321 519 115 190 1 083 264 545 425 4 823 73 853 1 707 365 191 538
Total  (Sewerage): Ageing  Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 Days 61 - 90 Days  Total  (Sundry Receivables): Ageing  Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 Days 61 - 90 Days 61 - 90 Days Total  (VAT): Ageing  Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 Days 11 - 90 Days 12 - 90 Days 13 - 90 Days 14 - 90 Days 15 - 90 Days 16 - 90 Days 17 - 90 Days 18 - 90 Days	32 146 381 420 121 639 731 243 1 266 448 824 642 69 987 1 936 109 929 1 006 494	910 387 (340 948 76 713 57 907 321 519 115 190 1 083 264 545 425 4 823 73 853 1 707 365
Total  (Sewerage): Ageing  Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 Days 51 - 90 Days + 90 Days  Total  (Sundry Receivables): Ageing  Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 Days 51 - 90 Days + 90 Days Total  (VAT): Ageing  Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 Days 51 - 90 Days Total  (VAT): Ageing  Current (0 - 30 days) 51 - 60 Days 51 - 90 Days + 90 Days Total  (Rentals): Ageing  Current (0 - 30 days) 11 - 60 Days	32 146 381 420 121 639 731 243 1 266 448 824 642 69 987 1 936 109 929 1 006 494	910 387 (340 948 76 713 57 907 321 519 115 190 1 083 264 545 425 4 823 73 853 1 707 365
Total  (Sewerage): Ageing  Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 Days 61 - 90 Days 1 - 90 Days  Total  (Sundry Receivables): Ageing  Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 Days 61 - 90 Days 1 - 90 Days 1 - 90 Days Total  (VAT): Ageing  Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 Days 61 - 90 Days 1 - 90 Days 1 - 90 Days 51 - 90 Days 61 - 90 Days	32 146 381 420 121 639 731 243 1 266 448 824 642 69 987 1 936 109 929 1 006 494	910 387 (340 948 76 713 57 907 321 519 115 190 1 083 264 545 425 4 823 73 853

# NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

18

RECEIVABLES FROM NON-EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS (CC	ONTINUED)		2019 R	2018 R
Service Receivables				
Availability Charges			314 671	
Rates			3 008 522	1 943 535
Total Service Receivables			3 323 193	1 943 535
Less: Provision for Impairment			(3 269 974)	(1 943 535
Net Service Receivables			53 219	
Total Net Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions			53 219	980
Ageing of Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions				
(Availability Charges): Ageing				
Current (0 - 30 days)			18 175	_
31 - 60 Days			24 276	
61 - 90 Days + 90 Days			10 897	
			261 322	
Total			314 671	-
(Rates): Ageing				
Current (0 - 30 days)			18 244	16 049
31 - 60 Days			-	23 375
61 - 90 Days + 90 Days			2 990 279	14 065
•				1 890 046
Total			3 008 522	1 943 535
Summary of Receivables by Customer Classification	Residential, Industrial &	Other Debtors	National and Provincial	Total
	Commercial R's	R's	Government R's	R's
2019				
Total Receivables	10 686 899	194 843	1 641 372	12 523 113
Less: Provision for Impairment	(8 500 721)	10-10-10	1041312	(8 500 721)
Less: Provision for Impairment (VAT)	(923 317)			(923 317)
Total Recoverable debtors by customer classification	1 262 861	194 843	1 641 372	3 099 076
Summary of Receivables by Customer Classification	Residential, Industrial &	Other Debtors	National and Provincial	Total
	Commercial R's	R's	Government R's	R's
2018				
Total Receivables	6 045 286	215 296	2 160 551	8 421 133
Less: Provision for Impairment	(4 542 937)	213 230	2 100 331	(4 542 937)
Less: Provision for Impairment (VAT)	(492 966)			(492 966)
Total Recoverable debtors by customer classification	1 009 383	215 296	2 160 551	3 385 230
Receivables Impaired				
2019				
		Exchange	Non-Exchange	Total
		Transactions R's	Transactions R's	R's
Total		5 230 747	3 269 974	8 500 721
2018				
		Exchange	Non-Exchange	Total
		Transactions	Transactions	-
		R's	R's	R's
Total		2 599 402	1 943 535	4 542 937
Monthly rate debts are required to be settled after 30 days, interest i The fair value receivables approximates their carrying amounts.	is charged on rates after th	nis date at prime +1%.		
Reconciliation of the Total doubtful debt provision			2019	2018
Relance at heginning of the year			R	R
Balance at beginning of the year Contributions to provision			4 542 937	4 271 163
mpairment written off against provision			3 957 784 -	271 774
Balance at end of year			8 500 721	4 542 937
			0 000 721	4 542 937

	NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE TEAR ENDED	30 JUNE 2019	
19	OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS	2019 R	2018 R
	The Municipality as Lessor		
	Balance on 1 July	37 909	36 810
	Operating Lease Asset for the current year  Balance on 30 June	(4 039)	1 099 37 909
	Dalance on 30 Julie		37 303
	The municipality is leasing a piece of land to MTN for a period of 60 months with escalations of CPI with a maximum of 10% per year.		
	The municipality is leasing a piece of land at Vanwyksvlei to Vodacom for a period of 119 months with escalations of CPI with a maximum of 10% per year.		
	The municipality is leasing a piece of land at Vosburg to Vodacom for a period of 60 months with escalations of CPI with a maximum of 10% per year. Not yet renewed.		
	The municipality is leasing a piece of land at Vosburg to Sentech for a period of 60 months with escalations of CPI with a maximum of 10% per year.		
	The municipality is leasing a piece of land (Jagpan and Dubbelevlei) to emerging farmers for a period of 60 months with escalations of 6% per year.		
		2019	2018
	At the Statement of Financial Position date, where the municipality acts as a lessor under operating leases, it will	R	R
	receive operating lease income as follows:		
	Up to 1 Year 2 to 5 Years	262 664 210 038	298 701 472 663
	More than 5 Years	85	124
	Total Operating Lease Arrangements	472 787	771 488
	This lease income was determined from contracts that have a specific conditional income and does not include lease income which has a undetermined conditional income.		
	The lease is in respect of land being leased by MTN until 2022.		
	The lease is in respect of land being leased by Vodacom until 2022.		
	The lease is in respect of land being leased by Vodacom until 2017.		
	The lease is in respect of land being leased by Sentech until 2022.		
	The lease is in respect of land (Jagpan and Dubbelevlei) being leased by emerging farmers until 2021.		
	The municipality does not engage in any sub-lease arrangements.		
	The municipality did not receive any contingent rent during the year		
20	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	2019 R	2018 R
	Assets	10 170 010	40 705 400
	Call Investments Deposits Primary Bank Account (Cash book)	42 170 213 257 876	42 765 463 483 234
	Total Cash and Cash Equivalents - Assets	42 428 089	43 248 697
	Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash held and short term deposits. The carrying amount of these assets approximates their fair value.		
	Call Investments Deposits to an amount of R14 304 758 are held to fund the Unspent Conditional Grants (2018: R18 338 507).		
	Kareeberg Municipality do not have a bank overdraft facility.		
		2019	2018
	The municipality has the following bank accounts:	R	R
	Current Accounts		
	Carnarvon ABSA - Account Number 40 50 475 166 (Primary Bank Account):	257 876	483 234
		257 876	483 234
	Carnaryon ABSA - Account Number 40 50 475 166 (Primary Bank Account):	100.001	,
	Cash book balance at beginning of year Cash book balance at end of year	483 234 257 876	475 339 483 234
	Bank statement balance at beginning of year	1 589 711	960 494
	Bank statement balance at end of year	1 006 823	1 589 711

#### NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

20

21

0-111	· - 177-575 ••		2019 R	2019 R	2018 R
Call Investment	<u>Deposits</u>		Bank Certificates		
Call investment de	eposits consist out of the f	ollowing accounts:	(excl. accruals)		
Account no.	Place of investment	Name of fund			
08-870-5536-003	STANDARD BANK	Capital Replacement Reserve	11 347 812	11 347 812	11 34
20-7477-9380	ABSA	Housing Fund	48 202	48 202	48
20-7477-9380	ABSA	Job creation - De Bult	48 769	48 769	46
20-7477-9380	ABSA	Land development	20 940	20 940	19
20-7477-9380	ABSA	Land development (Vanwyksvlei)	19 103	19 103	18
20-7477-9380	ABSA	Land development (Vosburg)	36 521	36 521	34
08-870-543-9	STANDARD BANK	Civil Defence	20 944	20 944	20
03-7881-142-979		RBIG - Vanwyksvlei Pipeline	13 537 276		
03-7881-142-979		DWA Drought Relief	13 337 270	13 537 276	12 97 <sup>-</sup> 4 626
20-7477-9380	ABSA	CMIP Kwaggakolk(VAT)	765	765	4 620
08-870-5536-002		Sanitation Interest/VAT	184 441		40
20-7477-9380	ABSA			184 441	184
20-7477-9380	ABSA	Electricity	43 933	43 933	4
20-7477-9380		Water Services Plan	4 104	4 104	3
	ABSA	CMIP-Saaipoort project 301	4 505	4 505	4
20-7477-9380	ABSA	EPWP - Paving/ Cleaning	29 698	29 698	28
20-7477-9380	ABSA	Lotto Carnarvon	2 278	2 278	2
20-7477-9380	ABSA	Lotto Vosburg	40 228	40 228	38
20-7477-9380	ABSA	Transfer Fees Sub-Economic Housing	169 618	170 593	160
20-7477-9380	ABSA	VB Cleaning Project	32 126	32 126	30
20-7477-9380	ABSA	VAT - retention	14 899	14 899	14
92-1221-8064	ABSA	Youth Development	93 632	93 632	93
92-1221-8064	ABSA	Leave Fund	3 040 225	3 040 225	2 633
92-8504-7305	ABSA	Retension	1 812 753	1 812 753	1 547
92-1221-8064	ABSA	Provision for Employee benefits	2 000 000	2 000 000	2 000
92-1221-8064	ABSA		2 000 000	2 000 000	2 000
08-871-0777	STANDARD BANK	General Account	3 429 514	3 429 514	6 853
03-7881-142-979-		General Account	6 186 949	6 186 949	
			42 169 239	42 170 213	42 765
			42 103 233	42 170 213	42 703
				2019	2018
PROPERTY RATE	ES			R	R
	ES			R	R
<u>Actual</u>					
<i>Actual</i> Rateable Land an	nd Buildings		r	13 821 193	6 961
Actual Rateable Land an	nd Buildings nercial Property		ſ	13 821 193 11 087 357	6 961 6 389
Actual Rateable Land an Residential, Comm Residential, Co	nd Buildings nercial Property ommercial Property		[	13 821 193	6 961 6 389
Actual Rateable Land an Residential, Comm	nd Buildings nercial Property ommercial Property			13 821 193 11 087 357	6 961 6 389 7 019
Actual  Rateable Land an  Residential, Comm  Residential, Co  Less: Equitable	nd Buildings nercial Property ommercial Property e Share			13 821 193 11 087 357 11 828 909	6 961 6 389 7 019 (629
Actual Rateable Land an Residential, Comm Residential, Co Less: Equitable State - National / F	nd Buildings nercial Property primercial Property a Share Provincial Services			13 821 193 11 087 357 11 828 909 (741 552) 2 733 836	6 961 6 389 7 019 (629 572
Actual  Rateable Land an  Residential, Comm  Residential, Co  Less: Equitable  State - National / F  Less: Reduction	nd Buildings nercial Property primercial Property a Share Provincial Services			13 821 193 11 087 357 11 828 909 (741 552) 2 733 836 (505 211)	6 961 6 389 7 019 (629 572 (547
Actual Rateable Land an Residential, Comm Residential, Co Less: Equitable State - National / F Less: Reduction Less: Rebates	nd Buildings nercial Property ommercial Property s Share Provincial Services			13 821 193 11 087 357 11 828 909 (741 552) 2 733 836	6 961 6 389 7 019 (629 572 (547
Actual Rateable Land an Residential, Comm Residential, Co Less: Equitable State - National / F Less: Reduction Less: Rebates Less: Income for	nd Buildings nercial Property ommercial Property o Share Provincial Services ns			13 821 193 11 087 357 11 828 909 (741 552) 2 733 836 (505 211) (2 444 835)	6 961 6 389 7 019 (629 572 (547 (1 984
Actual Rateable Land an Residential, Comm Residential, Ct Less: Equitable State - National / F Less: Reduction Less: Rebates Less: Income fc Total Assessmen	nd Buildings nercial Property primercial Property a Share provincial Services ns or gone it Rates			13 821 193 11 087 357 11 828 909 (741 552) 2 733 836 (505 211) (2 444 835) (2 543 625)	6 961 6 389 7 019 (629 572 (547 (1 984
Actual Rateable Land an Residential, Comm Residential, Ct Less: Equitable State - National / F Less: Reduction Less: Income fc Total Assessmen Valuations - 30 JL Rateable Land an	nd Buildings nercial Property ommercial Property a Share provincial Services ns or gone at Rates one 2019: d Buildings			13 821 193 11 087 357 11 828 909 (741 552) 2 733 836 (505 211) (2 444 835) (2 543 625)	6 961 6 389 7 019 (629 572 (547 (1 984
Actual Rateable Land an Residential, Comm Residential, Co Less: Equitable State - National / F Less: Reduction Less: Income for Total Assessmen Valuations - 30 Ju Rateable Land an Residential & Com	nd Buildings nercial Property a Share Provincial Services ns or gone t Rates une 2019: d Buildings mercial Property			13 821 193 11 087 357 11 828 909 (741 552) 2 733 836 (505 211) (2 444 835) (2 543 625) 8 327 522	6 961 6 389 7 019 (629 572 (547 (1 984 4 430 1 949 328 1 901 791
Actual Rateable Land an Residential, Comm Residential, Co Less: Equitable State - National / F Less: Reduction Less: Income for Total Assessmen Valuations - 30 JL Rateable Land an Residential & Com State - National / F	nd Buildings nercial Property sommercial Property so Share Provincial Services ns or gone t Rates une 2019: d Buildings mercial Property rovincial Services			13 821 193 11 087 357 11 828 909 (741 552) 2 733 836 (505 211) (2 444 835) (2 543 625) 8 327 522 2 914 861 800 2 727 514 300	6 961 6 389 7 019 (629 572 (547 (1 984 4 430 1 949 328 1 901 791 47 537
Actual Rateable Land an Residential, Comm Residential, Co Less: Equitable State - National / F Less: Reduction Less: Income for Total Assessmen Valuations - 30 Ju Rateable Land an Residential & Com State - National / P Total Assessmen	and Buildings mercial Property software Provincial Services as or gone t Rates ane 2019: d Buildings mercial Property trovincial Services			13 821 193 11 087 357 11 828 909 (741 552) 2 733 836 (505 211) (2 444 835) (2 543 625) 8 327 522 2 914 861 800 2 727 514 300 187 347 500	6 961 6 389 7 019 (629 572 (547 (1 984 4 430 1 949 328 1 901 791 47 537
Actual Rateable Land an Residential, Comm Residential, Co Less: Equitable State - National / F Less: Reduction Less: Income for Total Assessmen Valuations - 30 Ju Rateable Land an Residential & Com State - National / F Total Assessmen  Total Assessmen	and Buildings mercial Property software Provincial Services as or gone t Rates ane 2019: d Buildings mercial Property trovincial Services			13 821 193 11 087 357 11 828 909 (741 552) 2 733 836 (505 211) (2 444 835) (2 543 625) 8 327 522 2 914 861 800 2 727 514 300 187 347 500	6 961 6 389 7 018 (629 572 (547 (1 984 4 430 1 949 328 1 901 791 47 537 1 949 328
Actual Rateable Land an Residential, Comm Residential, Co Less: Equitable State - National / F Less: Reduction Less: Income for Total Assessmen Valuations - 30 Ju Rateable Land an Residential & Com State - National / F Total Assessmen Valuations - 30 Ju Residential	and Buildings mercial Property software Provincial Services as or gone t Rates ane 2019: d Buildings mercial Property trovincial Services			13 821 193 11 087 357 11 828 909 (741 552) 2 733 836 (505 211) (2 444 835) (2 543 625) 8 327 522 2 914 861 800 2 727 514 300 187 347 500	6 961 6 389 7 019 (629 572 (547 (1 984 4 430 1 949 328 1 901 791 47 537 1 949 328  Valuation 260 382
Actual Rateable Land an Residential, Comm Residential, Comm Residential, Ct Less: Equitable State - National / F Less: Rebates Less: Income fc Total Assessmen Valuations - 30 JL Rateable Land an Residential & Com State - National / F Total Assessmen Valuations - 30 JL Residential State	and Buildings mercial Property software Provincial Services as or gone t Rates ane 2019: d Buildings mercial Property trovincial Services			13 821 193 11 087 357 11 828 909 (741 552) 2 733 836 (505 211) (2 444 835) (2 543 625) 8 327 522 2 914 861 800 2 727 514 300 187 347 500	6 961 6 389 7 019 (629 572 (547 (1 984 4 430 1 949 328 1 901 791 47 537 1 949 328  Valuation 260 382 37 109
Actual Rateable Land an Residential, Comm Residential, Co Less: Equitable State - National / F Less: Reduction Less: Income for Total Assessmen Valuations - 30 Ju Rateable Land an Residential & Com State - National / F Total Assessmen  Valuations - 30 Ju Residential & Com State - Residential State Residential State State State State State State: Agriculture	and Buildings mercial Property software Provincial Services as or gone t Rates ane 2019: d Buildings mercial Property trovincial Services			13 821 193 11 087 357 11 828 909 (741 552) 2 733 836 (505 211) (2 444 835) (2 543 625) 8 327 522 2 914 861 800 2 727 514 300 187 347 500	6 961 6 389 7 019 (629 572 (547 (1 984 4 430 1 949 328 1 901 791 47 537 1 949 328  Valuation 260 382 37 109 57 195
Actual Rateable Land an Residential, Comm Residential, Co Less: Equitable State - National / F Less: Reduction Less: Income for Total Assessmen Valuations - 30 Ju Rateable Land an Residential & Com State - National / F Total Assessmen Valuations - 30 Ju Residential State State State Agriculture Agriculture	and Buildings mercial Property software Provincial Services as or gone t Rates ane 2019: d Buildings mercial Property trovincial Services			13 821 193 11 087 357 11 828 909 (741 552) 2 733 836 (505 211) (2 444 835) (2 543 625) 8 327 522 2 914 861 800 2 727 514 300 187 347 500	6 961 6 389 7 019 (629 572 (547 (1 984 4 430 1 949 328 1 901 791 47 537 1 949 328  Valuation 260 382 37 109 57 195 2 306 427
Actual Rateable Land an Residential, Comm Residential, Comm Residential, Ct Less: Equitable State - National / F Less: Rebates Less: Income fc Total Assessmen Valuations - 30 JL Rateable Land an Residential & Com State - National / F Total Assessmen Valuations - 30 JL Residential State State: Agriculture Agriculture Valuations - Multiple Valuations -	and Buildings mercial Property share provincial Services ms or gone at Rates ame 2019: d Buildings mercial Property provincial Services at Rates			13 821 193 11 087 357 11 828 909 (741 552) 2 733 836 (505 211) (2 444 835) (2 543 625) 8 327 522 2 914 861 800 2 727 514 300 187 347 500	6 961 6 389 7 019 (629 572 (547 (1 984 4 430 1 949 328 1 901 791 47 537 1 949 328  Valuation 260 382 37 109 57 195 2 306 427 38 931
Actual Rateable Land an Residential, Comm Residential, Co Less: Equitable State - National / F Less: Reduction Less: Reduction Less: Income for Total Assessmen Valuations - 30 Ju Rateable Land an Residential & Com State - National / F Total Assessmen  Valuations - 30 Ju Residential & Com State - National / F Total Assessmen  Valuations - 30 Ju Residential State State State State: Agriculture Agriculture Agriculture Municipal Agricultud	and Buildings mercial Property share provincial Services ms or gone at Rates ame 2019: d Buildings mercial Property provincial Services at Rates			13 821 193 11 087 357 11 828 909 (741 552) 2 733 836 (505 211) (2 444 835) (2 543 625) 8 327 522 2 914 861 800 2 727 514 300 187 347 500	6 961 6 389 7 018 (629 572 (547 (1 984 4 430 1 949 328 1 901 791 47 537 1 949 328  Valuation 260 382 37 109 57 195 2 306 427 38 931 44 730
Actual Rateable Land an Residential, Comm Residential, Cot. Less: Equitable State - National / F Less: Reduction Less: Income for Total Assessmen Valuations - 30 Ju Rateable Land an Residential & Com State - National / F Total Assessmen Valuations - 30 Ju Residential State State: Agriculture Agriculture Agriculture Adunicipal Municipal: Agricultur ndustrial	and Buildings mercial Property share provincial Services ms or gone at Rates ame 2019: d Buildings mercial Property provincial Services at Rates			13 821 193 11 087 357 11 828 909 (741 552) 2 733 836 (505 211) (2 444 835) (2 543 625) 8 327 522 2 914 861 800 2 727 514 300 187 347 500	6 961 6 389 7 019 (629 572 (547 (1 984 4 430 1 949 328 1 901 791 47 537 1 949 328  Valuation 260 382 37 109 57 195 2 306 427 38 931 44 730 7 116
Actual Rateable Land an Residential, Comm Residential, Co Less: Equitable State - National / F Less: Reduction Less: Income for Total Assessmen Valuations - 30 Ju Rateable Land an Residential & Com State - National / F Total Assessmen Valuations - 30 Ju Residential State State: Agriculture Agriculture Municipal Municipal Municipal Churches	and Buildings mercial Property share provincial Services ms or gone at Rates ame 2019: d Buildings mercial Property provincial Services at Rates			13 821 193 11 087 357 11 828 909 (741 552) 2 733 836 (505 211) (2 444 835) (2 543 625) 8 327 522 2 914 861 800 2 727 514 300 187 347 500	6 961 6 389 7 019 (629 572 (547 (1 984 4 430 1 949 328 1 901 791 47 537 1 949 328  Valuation 260 382 37 109 57 195 2 306 427 38 931 44 730 7 116
Actual Rateable Land an Residential, Comm Residential, Ct. Less: Equitable State - National / F Less: Reduction Less: Reduction Less: Income for Total Assessmen Valuations - 30 Ju. Rateable Land an Residential & Com State - National / P Total Assessmen Valuations - 30 Ju. Residential State State: Agriculture Agriculture Vunicipal Vunicipal Vunicipal Vunicipal Churches Infrastructure	and Buildings Inercial Property Ingrana Property Ingrana Property Ingrana Property Ingrana Property Ingrana Property Ingrana Property Increase Ingra			13 821 193 11 087 357 11 828 909 (741 552) 2 733 836 (505 211) (2 444 835) (2 543 625) 8 327 522 2 914 861 800 2 727 514 300 187 347 500	6 961 6 389 7 019 (629 572 (547 (1 984 4 430  1 949 328 1 901 791 47 537 1 949 328  Valuation 260 382 37 109 57 195 2 306 427 38 931 44 730 7 116 16 425
Actual Rateable Land an Residential, Comm Residential, Cot. Less: Equitable State - National / F Less: Reduction Less: Rebates Less: Income for Total Assessmen Valuations - 30 Ju Rateable Land an Residential & Com State - National / F Total Assessmen Valuations - 30 Ju Residential & Com State - National / F Total Assessmen Valuations - 30 Ju Residential State State: Agriculture Agriculture Municipal Agriculturion Municipal Agriculturion Infrastructure Public Benefit Orga	and Buildings Inercial Property Ingrana Property Ingrana Property Ingrana Property Ingrana Property Ingrana Property Ingrana Property Increase Ingra			13 821 193 11 087 357 11 828 909 (741 552) 2 733 836 (505 211) (2 444 835) (2 543 625) 8 327 522 2 914 861 800 2 727 514 300 187 347 500	6 961 6 389 7 019 (629 572 (547 (1 984 4 430 1 949 328 1 901 791 47 537 1 949 328  Valuation 260 382 37 109 57 195 2 306 427 38 931 44 730 7 116 16 425 432
Actual Rateable Land an Residential, Comm Residential, Co Less: Equitable State - National / F Less: Reduction Less: Rebates Less: Income for Total Assessmen Valuations - 30 Ju Rateable Land an Residential & Com State - National / F Total Assessmen Valuations - 30 Ju Residential State Valuations - 30 Ju Residential State Valuations - 30 Ju Residential State Municipal Municipal Churches nfrastructure Public Benefit Orga SKA	and Buildings Inercial Property Ingrana Property Ingrana Property Ingrana Property Ingrana Property Ingrana Property Ingrana Property Increase Ingra			13 821 193 11 087 357 11 828 909 (741 552) 2 733 836 (505 211) (2 444 835) (2 543 625) 8 327 522 2 914 861 800 2 727 514 300 187 347 500	6 961 6 389 7 019 (629 572 (547 (1 984 4 430 1 949 328 1 901 791 47 537 1 949 328  Valuation 260 382 37 109 57 195 2 306 427 38 931 44 730 7 116 16 425 432 3 172
Actual Rateable Land an Residential, Comm Residential, Ct. Less: Equitable State - National / F Less: Reduction Less: Reduction Less: Income fc Total Assessmen Valuations - 30 Ju Rateable Land an Residential & Com State - National / P Total Assessmen  Valuations - 30 Ju Residential & Com State - National / P Total Assessmen  Valuations - 30 Ju Residential State State: Agriculture Agriculture Municipal Municipal Municipal: Agriculture Agriculture Churches Infrastructure Public Benefit Orga SKA SKA Farms	and Buildings Inercial Property Ingrana Property Ingrana Property Ingrana Property Ingrana Property Ingrana Property Ingrana Property Increase Ingra			13 821 193 11 087 357 11 828 909 (741 552) 2 733 836 (505 211) (2 444 835) (2 543 625) 8 327 522 2 914 861 800 2 727 514 300 187 347 500	6 961 6 389 7 019 (629 572 (547 (1 984 4 430  1 949 328 1 901 791 47 537 1 949 328  Valuation 260 382 37 109 57 195 2 306 427 38 931 44 730 7 116 16 425 4 322 3 172 30 080
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Actual Rateable Land an Residential, Comm Residential, C. Less: Equitable State - National / F Less: Reduction Less: Reduction Less: Reduction Less: Income for Total Assessmen Valuations - 30 Ju Rateable Land an Residential & Com State - National / P Total Assessmen Valuations - 30 Ju Residential State State: Agriculture Agriculture Municipal Municipal Municipal: Agriculture Countries Infrastructure Public Benefit Orga SKA SKA Farms	and Buildings Inercial Property Inercial Property Inercial Property Inercial Services Ins Ins Ins Ins Ins Ins Ins Ins Ins In			13 821 193 11 087 357 11 828 909 (741 552) 2 733 836 (505 211) (2 444 835) (2 543 625) 8 327 522 2 914 861 800 2 727 514 300 187 347 500	6 961 6 389 7 019 (629 572 (547 (1 984 4 430 1 949 328 1 901 791 47 537

Assessment Rates are levied on the values of immovable properties. A general valuation was performed during 2017/18 for implementation 1 July 2018. The tariffs applicable are proclaimed by PK 2231 dated 17 December 2018.

Rates are levied annually and are payable after due dates. Interest is levied on monthly and annually outstanding amounts at prime rate plus 1% after due dates.

**Total Property Valuations** 

2 914 861 800

# NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

22

2	GOVERNMENT GRANTS AND SUBSIDIES	2019 R	2018 R
	Unconditional Grants	22 024 000	20 397 000
	Equitable Share - Refer to Note 22.01	22 024 000	20 397 000
	Conditional Grants	36 160 891	20 340 108
	Drought Relieve Department of Water Affairs and Forestry (WSIG) Department of Energy (DOE) Sanitation - sewerage Library Development Projects Municipal Finance Management Grant Municipal Infrastructure Grant Expanded Public Works Program (PWPG) Department of Water Affairs and Forestry (RBIG)	4 626 000 5 000 000 1 000 000 1 112 000 1 970 000 7 972 000 1 000 000 13 480 891	4 000 000 1 000 000 4 396 1 312 000 1 900 000 9 095 000 1 000 000 2 028 712
	Open Africa	-	2 020 7 12
	Total Government Grants and Subsidies	58 184 891	40 737 108
	Government Grants and Subsidies - Capital Government Grants and Subsidies - Operating	28 296 993 29 887 898	14 386 380 26 350 728
		58 184 891	40 737 108
	The municipality does not expect any significant changes to the level of grants.  Revenue recognised per vote as required by Section 123 (c) of the MFMA		
	Equitable share	22 024 000	20 397 000
	Executive & Council	36 160 891	18 153 241
		58 184 891	38 550 241
22.01	Equitable share  In terms of the Constitution, this grant is used to subsidise the provision of basic services to indigent households.		
	All registered indigents receive 6kl free water and 50kwh electricity per month, which is funded from this grant.  All registered indigents receive a monthly subsidy as per approved budget, funded from this grant. Indigent subsidies is based on the cost of basic services for the geographical area concerned and range from R361 per month to R779 per month. (2018: R323 per month to R687 per month)		
	Grants received Transfer in	22 024 000	8 755 000
	Conditions met	(22 024 000)	11 642 000 (20 397 000)
	Conditions still to be met		
	The Equitable Share is the unconditional share of the revenue raised nationally and is being allocated in terms of Section 214 of the Constitution (Act 108 of 1996) to the municipality by the National Treasury.		
22.02	Municipal infrastructure Grant (MIG)		
	Grants received Conditions met Conditions met - Capital Conditions still to be met	7 972 000 (1 039 826) (6 932 174)	6 095 000 (963 404) (5 131 596)
	The grant was used to upgrade infrastructure in the Kareeberg areas.		
22.03	Local Government Financial Management Grant (FMG)		
	Grants received Conditions met	1 970 000 (1 970 000)	1 900 000 (1 900 000)
	Conditions still to be met		
	The Financial Management Grant is paid by National Treasury to municipalities to help implement the financial reforms required by the Municipal Finance Management Act (MFMA), 2003. The FMG Grant also pays for the cost of the Financial Management Internship Programme (e.g. salary costs of the Financial Management Interns).		
22.04	Library Development Projects		
	Grants received Conditions met Conditions met - Capital	1 112 000 (711 246) (400 754)	1 312 000 (1 074 879) (237 121)
	Conditions still to be met		-
	The grant was used for the development of libraries in the Kareeberg area.		

		2019 R	2018 R
2 GOVE	RNMENT GRANTS AND SUBSIDIES (CONTINUE)	K	K
22.05 Youth	Development		
Openir	ng balance	93 632	93 632
Condit	ions still to be met	93 632	93 632
The gr	ant will be used for youth development related issues in the Kareeberg area.		
22.06 Expan	ded Public Works Program (R1m)		
	received ions met	1 000 000 (1 000 000)	1 000 000 (1 000 000
Conditi	ions still to be met	(0)	_
The gra	ant was used for labour (for example security services) in the Kareeberg area.		
22.07 Job Cr	eation De Buit		
	ig balance t received	46 081 2 688	43 568 2 514
Conditi	ons still to be met	48 769	46 081
The gra	ant will be used for job creation in the Kareeberg area. (Camarvon)		
22.08 Land D	Development		
	g balance treceived	72 345 4 220	68 400 3 944
Conditi	ons still to be met	76 565	72 345
The gra	ant will be used for a land development plan in the Kareeberg area.		
22.09 Civil D	efence		
	g balance received	20 944	20 665 279
Condition	ons still to be met	20 944	20 944
The gra	int will be used for civil defence in the Kareeberg area.		
22.10 CMIP K	(waggakolk (VAT)		
	g balance received	725	686
	ons still to be met	765	39
	nt will be used for a water project in the Kareeberg area. (Vanwyksvlei)	705	725
	ion - sewerage		
Opening Condition	g balance	184 441	847 207
	ons still to be met	184 441	(662 766) 184 441
The gra	nt will be used for a sanitation VAT/maintenance in the Kareeberg area.	104 441	104 441
	elty Schietfontein		
Opening	g balance	41 513	39 249
	received	2 420	2 264
	ns still to be met	43 933	41 513
	nt will be used for electricity infrastructure development in the Kareeberg area. (Schietfontein)		
	ervice Plan		
	palance received	3 879 225	3 667 212
Conditio	ns still to be met	4 104	3 879
The grai	nt will be used for a water service plan in the Kareeberg area.		

	GOVERNMENT GRANTS AND SUBSIDIES (CONTINUE)	2019 R	2018 R
22.14	CMIP - Saaipoort project 301		
	Opening balance	4 258	4 026
	Interest received  Conditions still to be met	247	231
	The grant will be used for a bore hole water project in the Kareeberg area. (Carnarvon)	4 505	4 258
22.15	Paving Projects		
	Opening balance		
	Interest received	28 062 1 636	26 532 1 531
	Conditions still to be met	29 698	28 062
	The grant will be used for a extended public works program in the Kareeberg area.		
22.16	Lotto Carnarvon		
	Opening balance Interest received	2 153 125	2 036
	Conditions still to be met	2 278	2 153
	The grant will be used for Lotto projects in the Kareeberg area. (Sport equipment)	2210	2 100
22.17	Lotto Vosburg		
	Opening balance	38 010	35 937
	Interest received  Conditions still to be met	2 218	2 073
	The grant will be used for Lotto projects in the Kareeberg area. (Equipment)	40 228	38 010
22.18	Transfer Fees Sub-Economic		
	Opening balance		
	Interest received	160 872 9 721	151 512 9 360
	Conditions still to be met	170 593	160 872
	The grant will be used for transfer fees of sub-economic houses in the Kareeberg area.		
22.19	Cleaning Project Vosburg		
	Opening balance Interest received	30 344	28 689
	Conditions still to be met	1 782 32 126	1 655 30 344
	The grant will be used for a cleaning project in the Kareeberg area.	02 120	30 344
22.20	VAT - Retention		
	Opening balance	14 080	13 312
	Interest received	819	768
	Conditions still to be met	14 899	14 080
00.04	The grant will be used for maintenance in the Kareeberg area.		
	Municipal Infrastructure Grant Additional		
	Opening balance Conditions met	550 •	3 000 000 (191 262)
	Conditions met - Capital	/	(2 808 738)
	Conditions still to be met		
	The grant will be used to upgrade infrastructure in the Kareeberg areas.  Electricity		
	Grants received Conditions met	1 000 000 (130 435)	1 000 000 (129 362)
	Conditions met - Capital  Conditions still to be met	(869 565)	(870 638)
	The grant was used for electricity infrastructure development in the Kareeberg area.		
	RBIG (Department of Water Affairs and Forestry)		
	Opening balance		
	Grants received	12 971 167 14 047 000	11 641 880 15 000 000
	Transfer out Conditions met	(1 756 826)	(11 642 000) (261 192)
	Conditions met - Capital	(11 724 065)	
	Conditions still to be met	13 537 276	(1 767 520) 12 971 167

		MOTEO ON THE PROMISE OF ATEMETY OF ON THE PE	2019	2018
22		GOVERNMENT GRANTS AND SUBSIDIES (CONTINUE)	R R	R R
	22.24	DWA (Department of Water Affairs) Refurbishment		
		Grants received Conditions met	5 000 000	4 000 000
		Conditions met - Capital	(652 174) (4 347 826)	(429 234) (3 570 766)
		Conditions still to be met		(0010100)
		The grant will be used for water infrastructure development in the Kareeberg area.		
:	22.25	DWA (Department of Water Affairs) Drought Relief		
		Opening balance	4 626 000	
		Grants received	-	4 626 000
		Conditions met Conditions met - Capital	(603 391) (4 022 609)	-
		Conditions still to be met	(4 022 609)	4 626 600
		The grant will be used for drought relief (water infrastructure) in the Kareeberg area.		4 626 000
2	22.26	Total Grants		
•				
		Opening balance Interest received	18 338 507 26 142	16 020 997
		Grants received	54 125 000	24 988 43 688 000
		Conditions met Capital	(29 887 898)	(27 009 099)
		Conditions still to be met	(28 296 993)	(14 386 380)
			14 304 758	18 338 507
23		AVAILIABILITY CHARGES	2019	2018
20			R	R
		Electricity Water	117 499 184 497	112 762
		Total Availiability Charges	301 996	159 281 272 043
			301 530	212 043
24		SERVICE CHARGES	2019 R	2018 R
		Electricity	9 848 711	8 817 007
		Service Charges	10 150 077	9 204 464
		Less: Equitable Share	(301 366)	(387 458)
		Water	2 717 557	1 792 752
		Service Charges		
		Less: Equitable Share	5 115 800 (2 398 243)	4 487 274 (2 694 522)
		Refuse removal	1 889 447	1 299 498
		Service Charges <u>Less:</u> Equitable Share	4 045 766	3 926 973
		Esos. Equipple dilate	(2 156 319)	(2 627 475)
		Sewerage and Sanitation Charges	1 566 825	336 743
		Service Charges	4 183 569	3 125 942
		Less: Equitable Share Other Service Charges	(2 616 744)	(2 789 199)
		Total Service Charges	46 022 540	40.040.000
25		OTHER REVENUE	16 022 540	12 246 000
		Application Specific Registrations		
		Building Fees	2 428 70	2 392 200
	1	Photocopies	4 091	3 986
		Grave Fees Searching Fees	13 210	13 395
		Encroachment	910 744	6 295 744
		Cement block Sales	2 500	2 450
		Pond Fees Refuse Bags Sold	-	800
		Connection Fees	1 <b>45</b> 9 200	2 077 220
	(	Gain due to additions on Biological assets	13 022	9 494
		Valuation Certificates Electricity caravan park	420	480
			96	756
	٦	Total Other Income	39 149	43 289

26	FAIR VALUE ADJUSTMENTS	2019 R	2018 R
	Unamortised Discount - Interest - LT Receivables	1 133	1 274
		1 133	1 274
27	EMPLOYEE RELATED COSTS		
	Salaries & Wages	17 098 972	45.044.670
	Leave Reserve Fund	412 127	15 814 670 495 252
	Personnel Contributions Skill Development Levy	2 396 136	2 129 774
	Bargaining Council	157 404 7 087	144 062 6 394
	Pension Gratification	444	444
	UIF Performance Bonuses	115 246 419 700	112 359
	Annual Bonuses	561	253 107 60 835
	Contribution to Employee Benefits - Long Service Awards - Note 3 Contribution to Employee Benefits - Post Retirement Medical - Note 3	73 424 99 942	58 809
	The state of the s	20 781 043	142 716
	Less: Employee Costs allocated elsewhere		-
	Total Employee Related Costs	20 781 043	19 218 421
	KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL		
	Municipal Manager is appointed on a 5 year fixed contract. There are no post-employment or termination benefits payable to him at the end of the contract period.		
	REMUNERATION OF KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL		
	Remuneration of the Municipal Manager: Mr W. de Bruin (TIII 30 November 2017)		
	Salary and Performance Bonus	-	472 802
	UIF Bargaining Council	-	744
	Total	<del></del>	473 587
	Remuneration of the Municipal Manager: Mr F. Manuel (Since 1 December 2017)		
	Salary and Bonus, Performance Bonus	1 108 515	562 837
	Travel Allowance UIF	207 000	105 695
	Bargaining Council	1 785 105	1 041
	Cell phone (VAT Included)	48 000	58 28 000
	Total	1 365 405	697 631
	Remuneration of the Chief Financial Offices: Mr W. de Bruin (Since 5 March 2018)		
	Salary and Bonus, Performance Bonus	654 887	202 260
	Travel Allowance Rural	72 000	20 000
	UIF	78 146 1 785	23 917
	Bargaining Council	105	595 33
	Cell phone (VAT included)	24 000	7 742
	Total	830 923	254 547
	Remuneration of Chief Operations Manager: Mr. A.P.F. van Schalkwyk		
	Salary and Bonus, Performance Bonus Travel Allowance	989 176	969 752
	Pension	191 143 145 950	178 638 134 173
	Medical	50 618	47 307
	UIF Bargaining Council	1 785	1 785
	Cell phone (VAT included)	105 24 000	99 24 000
	Total	1 402 776	1 355 754
	Remuneration of Head : Technical Services: : Mr. J.H. Adams (Since 1 October 2017 till 30 April 2018)		
	Salary and Bonus, Performance Bonus	*	338 498
	Travel Allowance Rural	*	70 000
	UIF	•	40 840 1 041
	Bargaining Council Cell phone (VAT Included)		58
			10 500
	Total		460 937
	Remuneration of Head : Corporate Services: Mr. N.J. van Zyl		
	Salary and Bonus, Performance Bonus Travel Allowance	932 150 191 143	857 666
	Pension	191 143	178 638 127 961
	Medical UIF	43 956	41 854
	Bargaining Council	1 785 105	1 785 99
	Cell phone (VAT included)	18 000	18 000
	Total	1 326 323	1 226 002
			7 220 002

28	REMUNERATION OF COUNCILLORS	2019 R	2018 R
	Mayor Mr N.S. van Wyk	775 063	745 253
	Councillor Mr J.E.J. Hoom Councillor Ms G, Saal	245 280 245 280	235 846 235 846
	Councillor Mr B.J.E. Slambee Councillor Mr E. Hoom	245 280	235 846
	Councillor Mr G.P. van Louw	245 280 245 280	235 846 235 846
	Councillor Mr W.D. Home Councillors' Cell phones	245 280	235 846
	Total Councillors' Remuneration	285 600 2 532 343	285 478 2 445 807
	In-kind Benefits		
	The Mayor is fulltime. He is provided with an office at the cost of the Council.  Certification by the Municipal Manager		
	I certify that the remuneration of Councillors and in-kind benefits are within the upper limits of the framework envisaged in Section 219 of the Constitution, read with the Remuneration of Public Office Bearers Act and the Minister of Provincial and Local Government's determination in accordance with Government Notice 42134, data 11 December 2018		
29	CONTRACTED SERVICES		
	Outsourced Services	-	543 060
	Internal Auditors Refuse Removal	- 1	444 624
	Consultants and Professional Services		98 436 2 840 936
	Business and Advisory		2 808 191
	Accounting and Auditing		534 741
	Business and Financial Management Human Resources	*	1 057 772
	Valuer and Assessors	*	645 539 557 252
	Actuaries		12 887
	Laboratory Services Water		20 245
	Legal Cost		20 245
	Legal Advice and Litigation		12 500 12 500
	Contractors		
	Bore Waterhole Drilling		776 931 9 240
	Electrical		198 151
	Maintenance of Equipment Maintenance of Unspecified Assets Prepaid Electricity Vendors		21 440 484 384
	Correction of Error - Note 36.06		63 717 (4 160 927)
	Total Contracted Services		
30	DEBT IMPAIRMENT		
	Receivables from exchange transactions - Note 17 Receivables from non-exchange transactions - Note 18	2 631 345 1 326 439	115 362 156 412
	Debt impairment recognised in statement of financial performance	3 957 784	271 774
31	DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION		
	Property, plant and equipment	4 340 193	3 368 163
	Intangible assets Investment property carried at cost	4 108 12 941	2 090 12 941
	Capitalised Restoration Cost	73 086	95 332
	Total depreciation and amorisation	4 430 327	3 478 527
32	FINANCE CHARGES		
	Post Retirement Charges Landfill sites	873 695 1 502 939	794 914
	Total finance charges	2 376 634	1 451 208 2 246 122
33	BULK PURCHASES		
	Electricity bulk purchases	11 133 994	10 488 982
	Electricity distribution losses  Total Bulk Purchases	(1 648 775)	(1 601 689)
		9 485 219	8 887 294
34	GRANTS AND SUBSIDIES		
	Indigent Subsidies Indigent Subsidies	-	1 018 370 10 216 646
	Less: Equitable Share Property Rates	-	(629 681)
	Less: Equitable Share Property Rates - Penalties & Collection Charges Less: Equitable Share Service Charges	-	(69 942)
	Correction of Error - Note 36.06		(8 498 653)
	Total Grants and Subsidies	<del></del>	(1 018 370)

35		GENERAL EXPENSES	2019 R	2018 R
		Advertisement, printing & stationary	107 628	317 491
		Animal Feeds	444 190	287 230
		Audit Costs Bank charges	2 285 475 283 862	2 784 003 218 949
		Compensation insurance	189 457	150 878
		Chemicals	14 490	7 659
		Cleaning supplies Electricity Eskom	110 828 373 184	128 943 403 988
		Fuel & Oil	789 975	751 880
		Indigents energy sourses	1 226 950	1 014 039
		Insurance Legal costs	171 972 1 265 265	169 837 111 663
		Material losses	701 492	-
		Membership for associations	500 000	500 000
		Other General Expenses Refuse bag purchases	875 122 180 900	1 119 591 76 500
		Other materials	894 137	1 065 984
		Street Lighting	345 142	331 854
		Subsistence and Travelling Telephone & Postage	1 383 138 587 856	1 234 778 396 142
		Uniforms	84 362	53 177
		Internal Auditors	499 415	444 624
		Refuse Removal Contractor	3 472	98 436
		Accounting Support Business and Financial Management	495 746 2 360 990	534 741 1 057 772
		Human Resources Support	588 525	645 539
		Valuer and Assessors	12 050 13 500	557 252 12 887
		Actuaries Laboratory Services	64 484	20 245
		Water Research	14 250	9 240
		Electricity Support Services	240 000	198 151
		Commission Prepaid Electricity Vendors	101 307	63 717
		General Expenses	17 209 164	14 767 190
		Other General Expenses include administrative and technical expenses otherwise not provided for in the line- items of the Statement of Financial Performance. This include items such as vehicle licenses, cleaning materials, refreshments, water services fees and workmen compensation.		
		The amount disclosed above for material losses are in respect of costs incurred due to a fraudulent payment which occurred during the financial year. The matter has been reported to SAPS and the financial misconduct committee and investigations are in progress.		
36		CORRECTION OF ERROR IN TERMS OF GRAP 3		2018 R
	36.01	Property, Plant and Equipment		
		Balance previously reported  Correction of Error with Inventory listed under PPE during 2017-2018 - Note 36.03 and 10		<b>131 629 958</b> (19 101)
		Total		131 610 858
	36.02	Intangible Assets		
		Balance previously reported		1 534 735
		Correction of Error with cost incorrectly classified as Intangible Assets till 30 June 2017 - Note 36.05		(656 104)
		Correction of Error with accumulated amortisation incorrectly classified as Intangible Assets till 30 June 2017 Note 3	3.05	15 034
		Correction of Error with cost incorrectly classified as Intangible Assets for 2017-2018 - Note 36.06  Correction of Error with amortisation incorrectly classified as Intangible Assets for 2017-2018 - Note 36.06		(879 572) 42
				)———
		Total		14 136
	36.03	Inventory		
		Balance previously reported		527 836
		Correction of Error with Inventory listed under PPE during 2017-2018 - Note 36.01 and 10		19 101
		Total		546 936
	36.04	Employee benefits		
		Balance previously reported		8 965 348
		Recalculated employee benefits effecting opening balance 30 June 2017 - Note 36.05 and 3		(493 935)
		Recalculated employee benefits effecting Contribution for the year 2017-2018 - Note 36.06 and 3		(188 327)
		Recalculated employee benefits effecting Actuarial Gain 2017 2018 - Note 36.06 and 3		409 399
		Total		8 692 485
	36.05	Accumulated Surplus/(Deficit)		
		Balance previously reported		129 771 925
		Correction of Error with cost incorrectly classified as Intangible Assets till 30 June 2017 - Note 36.02		(656 104)
				40.004
		Correction of Error with accumulated amortisation incorrectly classified as Intangible Assets till 30 June 2017 - Note 36	1.02	15 034
		Correction of Error with accumulated amortisation incorrectly classified as Intangible Assets till 30 June 2017 - Note 36 Recalculated employee benefits effecting opening balance 30 June 2017 - Note 36.04 and 3	5.02	493 935
			5.02	

### NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

### 36.06 Statement of Financial Performance

Balance previously reported  Correction of Error with cost incorrectly classified as Intangible Assets for 2017-2018 - Note 36.02	10 332 336 (879 572)
Correction of Error with amortisation incorrectly classified as Intangible Assets for 2017-2018 - Note 36.02	42
Recalculated employee benefits effecting Contribution for the year 2017-2018 - Note 36.04 and 3	188 327
Recalculated employee benefits effecting Actuarial Gain 2017-2018 - Note 36.04 and 3	(409 399)
Reclassification of Availability charges, previously classified as Service charges - Note 36.06	272 043
Reclassification of Availability charges, previously classified as Service charges - Note 36.06	(272 043)
Reclassification of General Expenditure, previously classified as Grants and Subsidies - Note 36.06	1 018 370
Reclassification of General Expenditure, previously classified as Grants and Subsidies - Note 36.06	(1 018 370)
Reclassification of General Expenditure, previously classified as Contracted Services - Note 36.06	4 160 927
Reclassification of General Expenditure, previously classified as Contracted Services - Note 36.06	(4 160 927)
Total	9 231 735

Correction of Errror in note 36.01 to 36.06 was resulted due to Inventory incorrectly allocated to PPE and a contracted service incorrectly classified as Intangible assets (This also resulted in a the change in capital commitments opening balance). Reclassifications were also performed and employee benefits were recalculated and corrected

	Reclassifications were also performed and employee benefits were recalculated and corrected		
		2019	2018
37	RECONCILIATION BETWEEN NET SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) FOR THE YEAR AND CASH GENERATED/(ABSORBED) BY OPERATIONS	R	R
	Surplus for the year	26 110 157	9 231 735
	Adjustments for:		
	Depreciation	4 426 220	3 476 437
	Amortisation of Intangible Assets	4 108	2 048
	Contribution to Capitalised Restoration Cost	(464 276)	414 580
	(Gain)/Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	6 814	15 677
	Impairments	51 598	8 058
	Contribution from/to employee benefits - non-current	1 047 061	996 439
	Contribution from/to employee benefits - non-current - expenditure incurred	(486 030)	(460 308)
	Contribution from/to employee benefits - non-current - actuarial gains Contribution from/to employee benefits - non-current - actuarial gains	29 812 (1 647 809)	76 757 (3 087)
	Contribution to employee benefits – current	832 389	809 193
	Contribution to employee benefits – current - expenditure incurred	(484 157)	(482 571)
	Contribution to provisions - non-currect - Rehabilitation of Landfill-sites	464 276	(414 580)
	Contribution to provisions - non-currect - Unwinding of discounted interest	1 502 939	1 451 208
	Contribution to provisions – bad debt	3 957 784	271 774
	Contribution to provisions – VAT Impairment	430 351	(6 677) (1 274)
	Unamortised discount - Interest - Revenue Contributed PPE	(1 133)	(46 953)
	Increase/(Decrease) in Unspent Conditional Government Grants and Receipts	(4 033 749)	2 317 510
	Operating lease income accrued	4 039	(1 099)
	Operating Surplus/(Deficit) before changes in working capital	31 750 391	17 654 867
	Changes in working capital	(3 815 692)	2 527 599
	Increase/(Decrease) in Payables from exchange transactions	286 288	955 849
	(Increase)/Decrease in Inventory	- 1	(19 101)
	(Increase)/Decrease in Trade Receivables from exchange transactions	(2 722 323)	1 739 161
	(Increase)/Decrease in Other Receivables from non-exchange transactions	(1 379 657)	(148 310)
	Cash generated/(absorbed) by operations	27 934 699	20 182 467
38	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
	Cash and cash equivalents included in the cash flow statement comprise the following:		
	Call Investments Deposits - Note 20	42 170 213	42 765 463
	Bank - Note 20	257 876	483 234
	Total cash and cash equivalents	42 428 089	43 248 697
39	RECONCILIATION OF AVAILABLE CASH AND INVESTMENT RESOURCES		
00	RESORGENIER OF APPENDED STORY IN THE STREET THE STORY IN		
	Cash and Cash Equivalents - Note 38	42 428 089	43 248 697
	Less:	42 428 089 14 352 960	43 248 697 18 384 053
	Unspent Conditional Grants - Note 8 Cash Portion of Housing Development Fund - Note 2	14 304 758 48 202	18 338 507 45 545
	Net cash resources available for internal distribution Allocated to:	28 075 129	24 864 645
	Capital Replacement Reserve	(11 347 812)	(11 347 812)
	Retension	(1 812 753)	(1 547 241)
	Provision for Employee benefits	(2 000 000)	(2 000 000)
	Reserves	(3 040 225)	(2 633 250)
	Staff Leave, Performance Management Bonus, Long Service		
	Resources available for working capital requirements	9 874 339	7 336 343

	UNAUTHORISED, IRREGULAR, FRUITLESS AND WASTEFU	L EXPENDITURE DISALLOY	VED	2019 R	2018 R
40.01	Unauthorised expenditure				
	Reconciliation of unauthorised expenditure:				
	Opening balance Correction of prior period error			# #	:
	Restated opening balance				
	Unauthorised expenditure current year - capital Unauthorised expenditure current year - operating			136 466	2 961 043 1 396 362
	Approved by Council or condoned			(136 466)	(4 357 405)
	Current			(136 466)	(4 357 405)
	Prior Period			*	·
	Transfer to receivables for recovery Current		î		
	Prior Period			-	<u>(*)</u>
	Unauthorised expenditure awaiting authorisation				
	Incident Discipli Over expenditure of approved budget None	inary steps/criminal proceed	dings		
	NT	- anamatina hudanda durina			
	The over expenditure incurred by municipal departments on their Non-cash	operating budgets during		_	
	Cash			136 466	· ·
				136 466	
	Analysed as follows: Non-cash				
	Employee related cost (Actuarial Valuations)			-	-
	Depreciation and Amortisation Finance Charges (Interest portion of Provision for Rehabilitation)	of Landfill-sites)		-	-
	Loss on disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment	,		-	-
	Impairment Losses Other (list)				-
	Analysed as follows: Cash				
	Bulk Purchases			_	-
	Contracted Services			-	-
	Employee related cost Operational Costs			-	-
	Capital Costs			136 466	
				136 466	•
	The overspending of the Budget per municipal vote can be summer	narised as follows:			
		2019	2019	2019	2019
	Unauthorised expenditure current year - operating	R (Actual)	R (Budget)	R (Variance)	R (Unauthorised)
	Executive & Council	9 480 020	9 883 497	(403 477)	_
	Budget & Treasury	19 527 507	19 887 432	(359 925)	-
	Other Planning & Development	12 734 3 070 101	23 649 3 452 697	(10 915) (382 596)	
	Health	22 553	22 562	(9)	-
	Community & Social Services	2 823 005	2 871 460	(48 455)	-
	Housing Public Safety	175 62 229	3 850 63 159	(3 675) (930)	-
	Sport & Recreation	354 850	390 580	(35 730)	-
	Environmental Protection	257 941	260 726	(2 785)	-
	Waste Management Waste Water Management	2 437 458 5 352 564	3 357 239 5 382 370	(919 781) (29 806)	
	Road Transport	1 456 895	1 722 650	(265 755)	
	Water	2 418 555	3 058 132	(639 577)	-
	Electricity	15 234 265 62 510 852	16 105 906 66 485 909	(871 641)	
					2040
	Harden and the second s	2019 R	2019 R	2019 R (Verience)	2019 R (1 leavitherized)
	Unauthorised expenditure current year - capital	(Actual)	(Budget)	(Variance)	(Unauthorised)
	Budget & Treasury Community & Social Services	550 034 309 985	1 948 004 371 950	(1 397 970) (61 965)	-
	Waste Water Management	1 327 442	1 200 000	127 442	127 442
	Road Transport	6 039 704	7 972 000	(1 932 296)	-
	Water	19 533 737	22 473 000	(2 939 263)	9 024
	Electricity	1 009 024	1 000 000	9 024	
		28 769 925	34 964 954	(6 195 029)	136 466

	UNAUTHORISED, IRREGULAR, FRUITLESS AND W	ASTEFUL EXPENDITURE DISALLOWED (CONTINUED)	2019 R	2018 R
40.02	Fruitiess and wasteful expenditure			
	Reconciliation of fruitless and wasteful expenditure:			
	Opening balance Correction of prior period error			-
	Restated opening balance Fruitless and wasteful expenditure current year Condoned or written off by Council		701 492	:
	Current Prior Period		-	[ :]
	Transfer to receivables for recovery - not condoned	1	-	-
	Current Prior Period			
	Fruitless and wasteful expenditure awaiting condon	ement or written off	701 492	
	Fruitless and wasteful expenditure can be summarised	as follow:		
	Incident Fraudelent bank account.	Disciplinary steps/criminal proceedings	701 492	
	гтаиделен ранк ассоинг.	None		·
			701 492	
40.03	Irregular expenditure			
	Reconciliation of irregular expenditure:			
	Opening balance Correction of prior period error		:	÷
	Restated opening balance Irregular expenditure current year Expenditure authorised i.t.o. Section 32 of MFMA		:	476 038
	Current Prior Period		:	5
	Condoned or written off by Council			(476 038)
	Current Prior Period		:	(476 038)
	Transfer to receivables for recovery - not condoned		-	*
	Current Prior Period		-	*
	Irregular expenditure awaiting further action			
	Irregular expenditure can be summarised as follow:			
	Incident	Disciplinary steps/criminal proceedings		470.000
	Salary and accomodation of Mr J.H. Adams	None		476 038
40.04	Madadal Lauren			476 038
40.04	Material Losses			
	Electricity distribution losses Electricity distribution losses ( R ) Units purchased (Kwh)		(1 648 775) 8 477 211	(1 601 689) 8 346 033
	Units lost during distribution (Kwh)     Percentage lost during distribution		1 255 346 14.81%	1 274 456 15.27%

	ADDITIONAL DIS	SCLOSURES IN TERMS OF MUNICIPAL FINAN	CE MANAGEMENT AC	т	2019 R	2018 R
41.01	Contributions to	organised local government - [MFMA 125 (1)(	b)] - SALGA CONTRIBL	ITIONS		
	Council subscripti	ions		,	500 000	500 000
	Amount paid - cui	rrent year			(500 000)	(500 000
	Balance unpaid	(included in creditors)				
41.02	<u>Audit fees - [MFI</u>	#A 125 (1)(b)] (excl. VAT)				
	Opening balance Correction of prior	randad area			-	-
	Restated opening				<del></del>	
	Current year audi				2 285 475	2 784 003
		- Auditor-General			2 285 475	2 784 003
	Amount paid - cur	rent year included in creditors)			(2 285 475)	(2 784 003
	Datatice dripaid	included in creditors)				
41.03	VAT - [MFMA 125	5 (1)(b)]				
	Opening balance Correction of prior	nariod error			(1 486 129)	(3 500 257)
	Restated opening				(1 486 129)	(3 500 257)
	Amounts received	- current year			6 894 000	3 607 703
	Amounts received	- current year (payable) I - previous year			(7 616 827) 1 486 129	(5 093 832) 3 500 257
	Closing balance				(722 827)	(1 486 129
	VAT is payable or paid over to SARS	the receipts basis. Only once payment is received.	ed from debtors is VAT			
41.04	PAYE, SDL and I	JIF - [MFMA 125 (1)(b)]				
	Opening balance Correction of prior	period error			-	:
	Restated opening	balance			-	-
	Current year payre Amount paid - cur	oll deductions and Council Contributions rent year			3 498 447 (3 498 447)	3 132 120 (3 132 120)
	Balance unpaid (	included in creditors)				
41.05	Pension and Med	lical Aid Deductions - [MFMA 125 (1)(b)]				
	Opening balance Correction of prior	period error			<u> </u>	
		oll deductions and Council Contributions			(4 656 712)	(4 180 537)
	Amount paid - cur	rent year			4 656 712 626 304	4 180 537 500 113
	LA retirement f Hosmed	und			282 707 730 122	259 903 784 800
	Consolidated re	etirement fund for local government			2 689 840	2 320 374
	Day1 Health Municipal work	ers retirement fund			327 739	6 951 308 396
	Balance unpaid (	Included in creditors)				
41.06	Councillor's arre	ar consumer accounts - [MFMA 125 (1)(b)]				
	The following Cou	ncillors had arrear accounts for more than 90 day	s as at 30 June 2019:			
					Outstanding more than 90 days	Outstanding more than 90 days
	Councillor B.J.E. S	Slambee			12 748	12 748
	Total Councillor	Arrear Consumer Accounts			12 748	12 748
11.07	Quotations aware	ded - Section 45 - Supply Chain Management				
	JPC Bester	Spouse employment of the state			104 400	73 154
	Meerkat Witbooi Taxis	Spouse works at SKA Spouse works at Municipality			7 840	:
	Blue Planet	Spouse works at Stellenbosch Municipality			10 695 122 935	73 154
41.08	Deviations - Sect	ion 36(2) - Supply Chain Management				
					Between	
	30 June 2019		Less than R30,000	Between R30,001 and R200,000	R200,001 and R2,000,000	More than R2,000,001
	Emergency cases		11 381	83 644	-	-
	Availability Limited Quotations		562 497 65 690	156 641 1 252 883	-	-
	Deviation on tende	er/Not cheapest awarded	60 347	-	-	-
	Service provider		1 011 907	249 816 1 742 985	<del></del> -	<u>_</u>
			1011907	1 752 300		

### NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

### 41 ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES IN TERMS OF MUNICIPAL FINANCE MANAGEMENT ACT (CONTINUED)

30 June 2018	Less than R30,000	Between R30,001 and R200,000	Between R200,001 and R2,000,000	More than R2,000,001
Emergency cases	94 405	292 777		
Availability	382 344	239 213	-	-
Limited Quotations	96 258	-	_	_
Deviation on tender/Not cheapest awarded	85 118	-	-	•
Donation - according to policy	29 694		2.62	-
Service provider	216 513	442 874		
	904 331	974 864		

Refer to Appendix E for detail on Deviations according to Section 36(2) - Supply Chain Management

42 CAPITAL COMMITMENTS	2019 R	2018 R
Commitments in respect of capital expenditure:		
Approved and contracted for:	5 598 435	10 447 874
Infrastructure	5 598 435	10 447 874
Total	5 598 435	10 447 874
This expenditure will be financed from:		
Government Grants	5 598 435	10 447 874
	5 598 435	10 447 874

All amounts disclosed are VAT inclusive.

### 43 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The activities of the municipality expose it to a variety of financial risks, including market risk (comprising fair value interest rate risk, cash flow interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The municipality's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the municipality's financial performance.

### (a) Foreign Exchange Currency Risk

The municipality does not engage in foreign currency transactions.

### (b) Price risk

The municipality is not exposed to price risk.

### (c) Interest Rate Risk

As the municipality has significant interest-bearing liabilities, the entity's income and operating cash flows are substantially dependent on changes in market interest rates.

The municipality analyses its potential exposure to interest rate changes on a continuous basis. Different scenarious are simulated which include refinancing, renewal of current positions, alternative financing and hedging. Based on these scenarious, the entity calculates the impact that a change in interest rates will have on the surplus/deficit for the year. These scenarious are only simulated for liabilities which constitute the majority of interest bearing liabilities.

The municipality did not hedge against any interest rate risks during the current year.

The potential impact on the entity's surplus/deficit for the year due to changes in interest rates were as follow:

0.5% Increase in interest rates	212 140	216 243
0.5% Decrease in interest rates	(212 140)	(216 243)

### (d) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counter party to a financial or non-financial asset will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the municipality to incur a financial loss.

Credit risk consist mainly of cash deposits, cash equivalents, trade and other receivables and unpaid conditional grants and subsidies.

Receivables are disclosed net after provisions are made for impairment and bad debts. Trade debtors comprise of a large number of ratepayers, dispersed across different sectors and geographical areas. Ongoing credit evaluations are performed on the financial condition of these debtors. Credit risk pertaining to trade and other debtors is considered to be moderate due the diversified nature of debtors and immaterial nature of individual balances. In the case of consumer debtors the municipality effectively has the right to terminate services to customers but in practice this is difficult to apply. In the case of debtors whose accounts become in arrears, Council endeavours to collect such accounts by "levying of penalty charges", "demand for payment", "restriction of services" and, as a last resort, "handed over for collection", whichever procedure is applicable in terms of Council's Credit Control and Debt Collection Policy.

All rates and services are payable within 30 days from invoice date. Refer to note 17 and 18 for all balances outstanding longer than 30 days. These balances represent all debtors at year end which defaulted on their credit terms.

### NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

### 43 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUE)

Balances past due not impaired:				
	2019	2019	2018	2018
	%	R	%	R
Non-Exchange Receivables				
Rates	0.00%		0.00%	-
Availability Charges	0.00%	- 36	0.00%	
	0.00%	0	0.00%	0
Exchange Receivables				
Electricity	0.00%	-	0.00%	-
Water	0.00%	-	0.00%	_
Refuse	0.00%	-	0.00%	-
Sewerage	0.00%	_	0.00%	-
Other	0.00%	-	0.00%	-
	0.00%	0	0.00%	0

No receivables are pledged as security for financial liabilities.

Due to the short term nature of trade and other receivables the carrying value disclosed in note 17 & 18 of the financial statements is an approximation of its fair value. Interest on overdue balances (rates) are included at prime lending rate plus 1% where applicable.

The provision for bad debts could be allocated between the different classes of debtors as follows:

	2019 %	2019 R	<b>2018</b> %	2018 R
Non-Exchange Receivables				
Rates	91.45%	2 990 279	100.00%	1 943 535
Availability Charges	8.55%	279 695	0.00%	• .,
	100.00%	3 269 974	100.00%	1 943 535
Exchange Receivables				
Electricity	14.61%	763 983	17.42%	452 847
Water	30.87%	1 614 625	32.48%	844 168
Refuse	24.70%	1 291 828	19.92%	517 911
Sewerage	17.01%	889 870	11.18%	290 509
Other	12.82%	670 440	19.00%	493 967
	100.00%	5 230 747	100.00%	2 599 402
The provision for bad debts could be allocated between the diffe	erent categories of debtors a	s follows:		
Industrial	15.01%	1 275 643	6.39%	290 344
Residential	84.99%	7 225 078	93.61%	4 252 593
	100.00%	8 500 721	100%	4 542 937
	2019	2019	2018	2018
	%	R	%	R
Bad debts written off per debtor class:				
Non-Exchange Receivables				
Rates	0.00%		0.00%	
Exchange Receivables				
Services	0.00%	-	0.00%	-
Other	0.00%		0.00%	-
	0.00%		0.00%	

The entity only deposits cash with major banks with high quality credit standing. No cash and cash equivalents were pledged as security for financial liabilities and no restrictions were placed on the use of any cash and cash equivalents for the period under review. Although the credit risk pertaining to cash and cash equivalents are considered to be low, the maximum exposure are disclosed below.

The entity only enters into non-current investment transactions with major banks with high quality credit standing. Although the credit risk pertaining to non-current investments are considered to be low, the maximum exposure are disclosed below.

The banks utilised by the municipality for current and non-current investments are all listed on the JSE (ABSA, Nedbank and Standard Bank). The credit quality of these institutions are evaluated based on their required SENS releases as well as other media reports. Based on all public communications, the financial sustainability is evaluated to be of high quality and the credit risk pertaining to these institutions are considered to be low.

The risk pertaining to unpaid conditional grants and subsidies are considered to be very low. Amounts are receivable from national and provincial government and there are no expectation of counter party default.

Long-term Receivables and Other Debtors are individually evaluated annually at Balance Sheet date for impairment.

Long term receivables

Trade receivables and other receivables Cash and Cash Equivalents

Financial assets exposed to credit risk at year end are as follows:

R
24 558
3 385 230
43 248 697
46 658 485

2019

### NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

43 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUE)

9

2018

### (e) Liquidity Risk

44

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash, the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities. Due to the dynamic nature of the underlying business, the treasury maintains flexibility in funding by maintaining availability under credit lines.

The entity's risk to liquidity is a result of the funds available to cover future commitments. The entity manages liquidity risk through an ongoing review of future commitments and credit facilities.

The table below analyses the entity's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the financial year end to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying balances as the impact of discounting is not significant.

	the impact of discounting is not significant.					
	2019		Less than 1 year	Between 1 and 5 years	Between 5 and 10 years	Over 10 Years
	Provisions - Landfill Sites		_			202 171 932
	Capital repayments Interest		-	:	:	26 405 251 175 766 681
	Trade and Other Payables Consumer Deposits Unspent conditional government grants and rec	ceipts	1 958 002 327 904 14 304 758	· ·	:	-
			16 590 664			202 171 932
	2018					
	Provisions - Landfill Sites		-		•	239 903 972
	Capital repayments Interest		-		-	24 438 036 215 465 936
	Trade and Other Payables Consumer Deposits Unspent conditional government grants and rec	ceipts	1 671 714 325 569 18 338 507	* *	-	28
			20 335 791			239 903 972
	FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS				2019 R	2018 R
	In accordance with GRAP 104 the financial instrume	ents of the municip	pality are classified as fo	ollows:		
44.1	Financial Assets	Classification	on.			
	Long-term Receivables					
	Staff Loans	Financial insi	truments at amortised co	ost	18 549	23 516
	Consumer Debtors  Trade receivables from exchange transactions Other receivables from exchange transactions		truments at amortised co truments at amortised co		6 342 493 2 857 427	3 591 762 2 885 836
	Current Portion of Long-term Receivables					
	Staff Loans	Financial inst	ruments at amortised co	ost	4 967	4 773
	Short-term Investment Deposits					
	Call Deposits	Financial inst	ruments at amortised co	ost	42 170 213	42 765 463
	Bank Balances and Cash Bank Balances					
	Dank Dalances	Financiai insi	ruments at amortised co	ost	257 876	483 234
					51 651 526	49 754 584
	SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL ASSETS					

### NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

		NOTES ON THE FIN	ANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR T	HE YEAR ENDED	30 JUNE 2019	
44		FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUE)	1775		2019 R	2018 R
	44.2	Financial Liability	Classification			
		Payables from exchange transactions				
		Trade creditors Payments received in advance	Financial instruments at amortised of Financial instruments at a financial instruments at a financial instruments at a financial instrument at a financial instr		1 812 753 145 249	1 547 241 124 474
		Unspent Conditional Grants and Receipts Other Spheres of Government	Financial instruments at amortised	noot.	14 304 758	18 338 507
		outer option of a content man	Thansa hisbaniens at amoreses (	5031	14 304 750	10 330 307
					16 262 760	20 010 222
		SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL LIABILITY				
		Financial instruments at amortised cost			16 262 760	20 010 222
45		EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING DATE				
		None				
46		IN-KIND DONATIONS AND ASSISTANCE				
		The municipality did not receive any in-kind donations	or assistance during the year under re	view.		
47		PRIVATE PUBLIC PARTNERSHIPS				
		Council has not entered into any private public partner	rships during the financial year.			
48		CONTINGENT ASSET/LIABILITIES				
		Raubex was awarded the tender for the construction of This tender was cancelled by Kareeberg municipality, direct and indirect damages as a result of the cancellar	and now Raubex is claiming R12,3 mill			
		R.G. de Wee is claiming R8 million for alleged negliger Municipality.	nce and/or lack of maintenance of elec	tricity network by the		
49		RELATED PARTIES				
		Key Management and Councillors receive and pay for ratepayers / residents.	services on the same terms and condi	tions as other		
	49.1	Related Party Transactions				
				Service Charges -		
		Year ended 30 June 2019	Rates - Levied 1 July 2018 - 30 June 2019	Levied 1 July 2018 - 30 June 2019	Other - Levied 1 July 2018 - 30 June 2019	Outstanding Balances 30 June 2019
		Councillors	4 190	44 834	10 985	18 270
		Municipal Manager and Section 56 Employees	21 269	50 363	-	19 854
		Year ended 30 June 2018 Councillors	2 956	37 262	0.400	24.000
		Municipal Manager and Section 56 Employees	13 267	37 585	9 466	24 202 350 313
		The rates, service charges and other charges are in ac public. No bad debt expenses have been recognised i Related party relationship				
		Councilors and management comprises of those perso activities of the Municipality.	ons responsible for planning, directing a	and controlling the		
	49.2	Related Party Loans				
		Since 1 July 2004 loans to councillors and senior mana prior to this date, together with the conditions, are disck				
	49.3	Compensation of key management personnel				
		The compensation of key management personnel is se	t out in note 27 to the Annual Financial	Statements.		
	49.4	Other related party transactions			2040	2042
		The following purchases were made during the year wh	ere Councillors or Management have a	an interest:	2019 R	2018 R

Councillor/Staff Member

None

# NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

2019 2018 50 FINANCIAL SUSTAINABILITY

The indicators or conditions that may, individually or collectively, cast significant doubt about the going concern assumption are as follows:

The current ratio increased to 2.4:1 from 2.09:1 in the prior year.

The municipality have budgeted for a surplus of R25 298 291 for the 2018/2019 financial year. The municipality is also budgeting for surplus during 2019/2020 and 2020/2021 amounting to R13 727 444 and (R757 909) respectively.

The average debtors' payment days increased to 184 days from 180 days.

### Other Indicators

No outflow of recources due the contingent liability disclosed in note 48

### 51 STATUTORY RECEIVABLES

In accordance with the principles of GRAP 108, Statutory Receivables of the municipality are classified as follows:

### Receivables from non-exchange transactions

Property Rates	3 008 522	•
Total Statutory Receivables (before provision)	3 008 522	
Less: Provision for Debt Impairment	(2 990 279)	
Total Statutory Receivables (after provision)	18 244	

Statutory Receivables arises from the following legislation:

Taxes - Value Added Tax Act (No 89 of 1991)
Rates - Municipal Properties Rates Act (No 6 of 2004)

### 52 ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURE IN TERMS OF BROAD-BASED BLACK ECONOMIC EMPOWERMENT ACT

Information on compliance with the B-BBEE Act is included in the annual report under the section titled B-BBEE Compliance Performance Information.

# APPENDIX A - Audited KAREEBERG LOCAL MUNICIPALITY SEGMENTAL STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019 MUNICIPAL VOTES CLASSIFICATION

2018	2018	2018		2019	2019	2019
Actual	Actual	Surplus/		Actual	Actual	Surplus/
Income	Expenditure	(Deficit)		Income	Expenditure	(Deficit)
R	R	R		R	R	R
15 845	(197 402)	(181 557)	Cemetery	15 710	(919 507)	(903 797
2 380	(1 715 674)	(1 713 295)	Library	2 780	(1 834 497)	(1 831 717
-	(25 239)	(25 239)	Museum	-	(69 002)	(69 002
-	(3 105 745)	(3 105 745)	Corporate Services	-	(3 057 961)	(3 057 96
8 929 949	(172 171)		Electricity Administration	9 966 410	(193 359)	9 773 05
-	(10 531 175)	(10 531 175)	Electricity Generation		(11 262 642)	(11 262 642
-	(813 874)	(813 874)	Electricity Distribution	-	(1 795 760)	(1 795 760
42 335 770	(10 745 436)	31 590 334	General Expenditure of Council	57 220 468	(11 944 610)	45 275 859
8 400	(205)	8 195	Official Housing	8 400	(175)	8 225
4 430 162	-	4 430 162	Property Rates	8 327 522	` -	8 327 522
207 295	(10 578)	196 717	Commonage	223 836	(1 879)	221 957
51 590	(215 519)	(163 929)		53 757	(50 806)	2 951
3 038 961	(10 389 518)	(7 350 557)	Municipal Manager/Treasurer	6 419 397	(16 416 861)	(9 997 464
-	-		Health Service	-		, , , , , , , ,
-	(17 133)	(17 133)	Clinic	-	(22 553)	(22 553
350	(21 627)	(21 277)	Air Port	347	(12 700)	(12 353
-	(40)	(40)	Abattoir	_	(34)	(34
-	(14 605)	(14 605)	Fire Department		(15 732)	(15 732
-	(750)	(750)	Civil Protection		(787)	(787
800	(31 749)	(30 949)			(45 710)	(45 710
-	- 1	-	Main Roads	- 1	(	(10710
200	(3 409 185)	(3 408 985)	Public Works	70	(3 070 101)	(3 070 031
-	(1 163 935)	(1 163 935)	Streets & Pavements		(1 284 942)	(1 284 942
4 500	(233 890)	(229 390)	Licensing & Traffic	5 740	(171 953)	(166 213
22 771	(268 947)	(246 176)	Nature Reserve	13 022	(257 941)	(244 919
659	(252 134)	(251 475)	Parks & Open areas	535	(332 259)	(331 724
-	(7 752)		Swimming Pool	_	(7 203)	(7 203
5 106	(14 270)	(9 164)	Caravan Park	3 231	(15 387)	(12 156
1 301 576	(3 622 811)	(2 321 235)		1 890 906	(2 437 458)	(546 552
336 743	(4 368 779)	(4 032 036)	Sewerage & Cleansing	1 566 825	(5 469 209)	(3 902 384
-	(961 647)	(961 647)	Water Distribution		(1 799 650)	(1 799 650
1 952 072	(896 248)	1 055 824	Water Provision	2 902 054	(985 864)	1 916 190
62 645 130	(53 208 037)	9 437 092	Sub Total	88 621 009	(63 476 540)	25 144 468
-	895 244	895 244	Less Inter-Departmental Charges		965 688	965 688
62 645 130	(52 312 793)	10 332 336	Total	88 621 009	(62 510 852)	26 110 157
				30 02 1 000	32 0 10 00Z)	20 110 107

KAREEBERG LOCAL MUNICIPALITY SEGMENTAL STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019 GENERAL FINANCE STATISTIC CLASSIFICATIONS **APPENDIX B - Audited** 

2019 2019 Actual Surplus/ Expenditure (Deficit) R	(9 480 020) 47 740 448 (19 527 507) (4 502 995) (12 734) (12 387) (22 553) (22 553) (2 823 005) (2 804 515) (175) (8 229) (62 229) (62 229) (62 229) (62 229) (62 229) (54 9 975) (3 862 912) (1 456 895) (1 451 155) (2 459 975) (6 114 951) (16 081 360) (6 114 951)	965 688 965 688 (62 510 852)
2019 Actual Income R	57 220 468 15 024 512 347 70 18 490 8 400 3 766 13 022 1 890 906 1 566 825 5 740 2 902 054 9 966 410	- 88 621 009
	Executive & Council Budget & Treasury Corporate Services Planning & Development Health Community & Social Services Housing Public Safety Sport & Recreation Environmental Protection Waste Water Management Waste Water Management Sod Transport Water Electricity Sub Total	Less Inter-Departmental Charges  Total
2018 Surplus/ (Deficit) R	31 590 334 (2 900 728) (3 105 745) (1 920 091) (1 920 091) (4 820 310) (4 802 310) (2 587 271) 9 437 092	895 244
2018 Actual Expenditure R	(10 745 436) (10 637 487) (3 105 745) (1 938 316) (1 938 316) (4 938 316) (543 102) (543 102) (4 807 010) (4 807 010) (1 857 895) (11 517 220) (11 517 220)	895 244 (52 312 793)
Ext		

APPENDIX C - Audited KAREEBERG LOCAL MUNICIPALITY DISCLOSURES OF GRANTS AND SUBSIDIES IN TERMS OF SECTION 123 OF MFMA, 56 OF 2003

Grant Description	Balance	Interest	Other	Transfer due to	Onerating	Logino	
	30 June 2018	on investments	Income	NT's request to	Expenditure	Expenditure	30 June 2019
				return grant	during the year Transferred to Revenue	during the year Transferred to Revenue	
UNSPENT CONDITIONAL GOVERNMENT GRANTS AND RECEIPTS							
	<b>~</b>	œ	œ		œ	œ	œ
Job Creation De Bult	46 081	2 688					1
Land Development	72 345	4 220	•		•		48 769
Civil Defence	20 944	1	•	•	1	•	96 97
CMIP Kwaggakolk (VAT)	725	40	•		•	1	20 944
Sanitation - sewerage	184 441	3	•		ı	•	c9/
Electricity Schietfontein	41 513	2 420			•	ľ	184 441
Water Service Plan	3.879	224 2	•	1	(*)	ı	43 933
CMIP - Saaipoort project 301	4 258	272	•	•		1	4 104
Library Development Projects	007	147	1 110 000		3 6	1	4 505
Paving Projects	28.062	1 636	000 211	•	/11 246	400 754	9
Lotto Carnarvon	2 153	125	•	•	•	ı	29 698
Lotto Vosburg	38 010	2 2 2 4 8	•	'	•	1	2 2 7 8
Municipal Finance Management Grant	)	2	1 070 000	1		9	40 228
Transfer Fees Sub-Economic	160.872	0 721	000 078 1	•	000 0/6 L	•	•
Cleaning Project Vosburg	30.344	1 782		1	,		170 593
VAT - Retention	14 080	810	•	ı	•	Ď	32 126
Municipal Infrastructure Grant Additional	)	2		•	•	1	14 899
Municipal Infrastructure Grant	1	1	7 070 070		- 000 7	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	•
Youth Development	93 632		200 716 1		1 038 820	6 932 174	•
Expanded Public Works Program (PWPG)		•	1 000 000		- 000 000	•	93 632
Electricity	O.	•	1 000 000		120 000	1 1 6 6 6	9
DWA (Department of Water Affairs) Refurbishment	((0		200 000 1	(C)	130 435	869 565	P P
DWA (Department of Water Affairs) Drought Relief	4 626 000		000 000 0		652 1/4	4 347 826	<del>Q</del>
RBIG (Department of Water Affairs and Forestry)	12 971 167	1 (	44 047 000		603 391	4 022 609	1
Total	100 000	477.00	000 140 41	•	1 756 826	11 724 065	13 537 276
_11	100 000 01	Zb 14Z	32 101 000	•	7 863 898	28 296 993	14 304 758

# APPENDIX D - Audited KAREEBERG LOCAL MUNICIPALITY NATIONAL TREASURY APPROPRIATION STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019 REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE (REVENUE BY SOURCE AND EXPENDITURE BY TYPE)

Reconciliation of Table A1 Budget Summary

Description				2018	2018/2019					2017/2018	2018	
R thousands	Original Budget	Budget Adjustments (i.t.o. MFMA s28	Final adjustments budget	Actual Outcome	Unauthorised	Variance	Actual Outcome as % Outcome as % of Final Budget of Original Budget	Actual Outcome as % of Original Budget	Reported unauthorised expenditure	Expenditure authorised in terms of section 32 of MFMA	Balance to be recovered	Restated Audited Outcome
	-	2	es	4	NO.	80	7		6	10	=	12
Financial Performance												
Property rates	7 079	418	7 497	8 328		830	%0:0	0.0%				1
Service charges	16 843	(889 6)	7 156	16 023		8 867	0.0%	0.0%				1
Investment revenue	1319	1 500	2819	3 441		621	0.0%	0.0%				ŧ
Transfers recognised - operational	26 106	•	26 106	29 888		3 782	0.0%	0.0%				I
Other own revenue	20 639	(5 078)	15 561	2 645		(12916)	%0.0	0.0%				ŧ
Total Revenue (excluding capital transfers and contributions)	71 987	(12 848)	59 138	60 324	1	1 185	0.0%	0.0%	1			1
Employee costs	22 526	1351	23 877	20 781	1	(3 086)	%0:0	%0.0	-	1	1	ı
Remuneration of councillors	2 816	3	2 805	2 532	'	5 337	0.0%	%0.0	1	ı	1	1
Depreciation & asset impairment	5 154	1 000	6 154	4 430	1	(1724)	%0:0	%0.0	'	1	1	1
Finance charges	929		959	2377	1	1418	0.0%	9,00	1	1	'	1
Materials and bulk purchases	13 443	(1 600)	11 843	9 485	1	21 328	%0.0	%0:0	1	1	1	I
Transfers and grants	1 782	(127)	1 655	1	'	1 655	%0.0	%0:0	1	ı	'	1
Other expenditure	22 758	(3 265)	19 193	22 905	1	42 098	%0.0	%0:0	1	1	1	1
Total Expenditure	69 437	(2 951)	68 486	62 511	1	67 017	0.0%	0.0%	t	'	•	1
Surplus/(Deficit)	2 550	(9 8 8 8)	(7 347)	(2 187)	- NN -	68 201	0.0%	0.0%		B+C		1
Transfers recognised - capital	65 422	(32 777)	32 645	28 297		60 942	0.0%	%0.0			THE RES	1
Contributions recognised - capital & contributed assets	1	•	1	1		'		•				'
Surplus/(Deficit) after capital transfers & contributions	67 972	(42 673)	25 298	28 110		129 143	0.0%	0.0%				ı
Share of surplus/ (deficit) of associate	1	1	1	1		1		ĺ				1
Surplus/(Deficit) for the year	67 972	(42 673)	25 298	26 110		129 143	%0:0	0.0%			0	•
Capital expenditure & funds sources												
Capital expenditure												
I ransfers recognised - capital	65 422	(32 777)	32 645	28 297		60 942	%0.0	%0.0				1
Public contributions & donations	ı	1	1	1	To the second	1	%0.0	%0.0				1
Borrowing	1	1	1	1	B	'	%0.0	%0.0			U	1
Internally generated funds	5 875	(3 222)	2 3 2 0	1		2 320	%0.0	0.0%			Y	1
Total sources of capital funds	71 297	(36 332)	34 965	28 297		63 262	0.0%	%0.0				ı
Cash flows												
Net cash from (used) operating	(50 722)	4 087	(56 635)	27 935		(28 701)	%0.0	%0.0				1
Net cash from (used) investing	(0)	0	1	(28 762)		(28 762)	%0.0	%0.0				1
Net cash from (used) financing	0)	1	(0)	7		7	0.0%	%0.0				1
Cash/cash equivelents at the year end	(80 722)	4 087	(56 635)	(821)		(57 458)	0.0%	0.0%				1

# APPENDIX D - Audited KAREEBERG LOCAL MUNICIPALITY NATIONAL TREASURY APPROPRIATION STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019 REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE (STANDARD CLASSIFICATION)

Description				20	18/2019					2017/2	018	
R thousand	Original Budget	Budget Adjustments (i.to. MFMA s28)	Final adjustments budget	Actual Outcome	Unauthorised expenditure	Variance of Actual Outcome against Adjustments Budget	Actual Outcome as % of Final Budget	Actual Outcome as % of Original Budget	Reported unauthorised expenditure	Expenditure	Balance to be recovered	Restate Audited Outcom
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Revenue - Standard												
Governance and administration	53 906	(10 271)	43 635	72 245		(28 610)	0.0%	0.0%				-
Executive and council	26 370	(6 472)	19 898	57 220	100	(37 322)	0.0%	0.0%		111(1)		>
Finance and administration	27 536	(3 799)	23 737	15 025		8 713	0.0%	0.0%		1		1
Internal audit	-	- 30	-	-		-	0.0%	0.0%				
Community and public safety	1 139	-	1 139	31		1 108	0.0%	0.0%				-
Community and social services	1 119	14.	1 119	18		1 100	0.0%	0.0%	1000		11	(4
Sport and recreation	13	=	13	4		9	0.0%	0.0%				
Public safety	- 1		1	40	1 12 14	1	0.0%	0.0%				:=
Housing	6	-	6	8		(2)	0.0%	0.0%				-
Health		- 1	-	120	HT SHIP	_	0.0%	0.0%				-
Economic and environmental services	863	7 111	7 974	19		7 955	0.0%	0.0%				_
Planning and development	861	(861)	0	0		0	0.0%	0.0%			100	-27
Road transport	2	7 972	7 974	6		7 968	0.0%	0.0%				100
Environmental protection	0	_	0	13		(13)	0.0%	0.0%				
Trading services	81 500		39 036	16 326		22 710	0.0%	0.0%				-
Electricity	12 837	(1 204)	11 632	9 966		1 666	0.0%	0.0%			TALL I	
Water	61 786	(35 594)	26 192	2 902		23 290	0.0%	0.0%				-
Waste water management	5 190	(2 882)	2 308	1 567		741	0.0%	0.0%				
Waste management	1 687	(2 784)	(1 097)	1 891		(2 988)	0.0%	0.0%				
Other	0	(2104)	0	0		(0)	0.0%	0.0%				
Total Revenue - Standard	137 409	(3 160)	91 784	88 621		3 163	0.0%	0.0%				_
	1	(0.00)				0.100	0.0.0					
Expenditure - Standard												
Governance and administration	28 773	998	29 771	(29 008)	-	58 778	0.0%	0.0%	_	-		
Executive and council	9 859	25	9 883	(9 480)	-	19 364	0.0%	0.0%	2	(a)	-	-
Finance and administration	18 915	973	19 887	(19 528)	-	39 415	0.0%	0.0%		-	_	-
Internal audit	-	-	_	2	-	_	0.0%	0.0%	120	121	_	-
Community and public safety	3 663	(311)	3 352	(3 263)	-	6 614	0.0%	0.0%	-	_	_	_
Community and social services	3 123	(252)	2 871	(2 823)	_	5 694	0.0%	0.0%	- 4		_	-
Sport and recreation	415	(24)	391	(355)	_	745	0.0%	0.0%	0	-	_	-
Public safety	66	(3)	63	(62)	_	125	0.0%	0.0%			_	_
Housing	4	(0)	4	(0)	-	4	0.0%	0.0%		-	_	-
Health	54	(32)	23	(23)	_	45	0.0%	0.0%	-		_	_
Economic and environmental services	5 697	(261)	5 436	(4 785)	_	10 221	0.0%	0.0%	_	-	_	_
Planning and development	3601	(148)	3 453	(3 070)	_ [	6 523	0.0%	0.0%	-	-	_	
Road transport	2 031	(308)	1723	(1 457)	_ [	3 180	0.0%	0.0%			_	
Environmental protection	65	196	261	(258)	<u> </u>	519	0.0%	0.0%			_ [	120
Trading services	31 280		27 904	(25 443)	-	53 346	0.0%	0.0%	-	-	_	_
-		(3 376)										100
Electricity	18 244	(2 139)	16 106	(15 234)	-	31 340	0.0%	0.0%		-	-	
Water	3 156	(98)	3 058	(2 419)	-	5 477	0.0%	0.0%	-		-	3
Waste water management	6 292 3 587	(910)	5 382 3 357	(5 353) (2 437)	-	10 735	0.0%	0.0%	-	-	_	3
Waste management		(230)				5 795						
Other	25	(1)	24	(13)	-	36	0.0%	0.0%			-	
otal Expenditure - Standard	69 437	(2 951)	66 486	(62 511)		128 997	0.0%	0.0%		-	- 1	_

# APPENDIX D - Audited KAREEBERG LOCAL MUNICIPALITY NATIONAL TREASURY APPROPRIATION STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019 REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE (MUNICIPAL VOTE CLASSIFICATION)

Reconciliation of Table A3 Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure by municipal vote)

Reconciliation of Table A3 Budgete  Vote Description					18/2019					2017/2	018	
R thousand	Original Budget	Budget Adjustments (i.t.o. MFMA s28)	Final adjustments budget	Actual Outcome	Unauthorised expenditure	Variance of Actual Outcome against Adjustments Budget	Actual Outcome as % of Final Budget	Actual Outcome as % of Original Budget	Reported unauthorised expenditure	Expenditure authorised in terms of section 32 of MFMA	Balance to be recovered	Restated Audited Outcome
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Revenue by Vote												
Vote 1 - Executive and Council	26 370	(6 472)	19 898	57 220	14 mm	37 322	0.0%	0.0%				-
Vote 2 - Finance	27 536	(3 799)	23 737	15 025		(8 713)	0.0%	0.0%				-
Vote 3 · Community and public safety	1 139	3	1 139	0	15.0	(1 139)	0.0%	0.0%				-
Vote 4 - Infrastructure Development	82 364	(35 354)	47 010	16 376		(30 634)	0.0%	0.0%				
Vote 5 - Economic Development			_	-								_
Example 6 - Vote6	12	-	-	-		_						
Example 7 - Vote7	-	-	-	-		_						
Example 8 - Vote8	-	21	_			_						
Example 9 Vote9	:=:			-		_					100	
Example 10 - Vote10	-	_		-	" 11 S	_	_				31.7	
Example 11 - Vote11		_	_	-	DISCUL.	_					100	
Example 12 - Vote12	-	_	_	-		_					11.18	
Example 13 - Vote13	-			2		_		ì				_
Example 14 - Vote14		-	_		-	_		Ĭ				
Example 15 - Vote15					E 4 1	_		1				-
Total Revenue by Vote	137 409	(45 625)	91 784	88 621		(3 163)	0.0%	0.0%				-
Expenditure by Vote to be appropriated												
Vote 1 - Executive and Council	9 859	06	0.000	10 4000		400						
Vote 2 - Finance	18 915	25 973	9 883	(9 480)	-	403	0.0%	0.0%	~	-	-	-
Vote 3 - Community and public safety	3663		19 887	(19 528)	7	360	0.0%	0.0%		150	- 1	-
		(311)	3 352	(13)	-	3 339	0.0%	0.0%	-	-	-	-
Vote 4 - Infrastructure Development	37 001	(3 638)	33 363	(33 491)		(127)	0.0%	0.0%	-	199	-	-
Vote 5 - Economic Development	-	-	-	-	2	-	0.0%	0.0%	= 1		-	=
Example 6 - Vote6	=	5	-	1	-	- 1	0.0%	0.0%	-	(#S)	-	=
Example 7 - Vote7	-	-	-	-		-	0.0%	0.0%	==:	130	-	
Example 8 - Vote8	=	=	-	-	-	-	0.0%	0.0%	-	- Table 1	-	-
Example 9 - Vote9		- 5	-	-		-	0.0%	0.0%	300	<b>17</b>	-	Ħ
Example 10 - Vote10	-	Ε.	-	-	-	-	0.0%	0.0%	- 1	-	-	-
Example 11 - Vote11	=		-	=	=	- 1	0.0%	0.0%	100	-	-	*
Example 12 - Vote12	-	-	-		2	-	0.0%	0.0%	30	=	-	=
Example 13 - Vote13	Ħ	78	-	-	=	-	0.0%	0.0%		-	-	=
Example 14 - Vote 14	9	(2)	-	- 1	=	-	0.0%	0.0%	3.	=	-	-
Example 15 · Vote15	-	) 💓	-	(₩	=		0.0%	0.0%	- 4	=		
otal Expenditure by Vote	69 437	(2 951)	66 486	(62 511)		3 975	0.0%	0.0%	-	-	-	-
urplus/(Deficit) for the year	67 971	(48 576)	25 298	26 110		(7 138)	0.0%	0.0%				

# APPENDIX D - Audited KAREEBERG LOCAL MUNICIPALITY NATIONAL TREASURY APPROPRIATION STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019 REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE (REVENUE BY SOURCE AND EXPENDITURE BY TYPE)

Reconciliation of Table A4 Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure)

Description				201	8/2019			1		2017/2	018	
R thousand	Original Budget	Budget Adjustments (i.t.o. MFMA s28)	Final adjustments budget	Actual Outcome	Unauthorised expenditure	Variance	Actual Outcome as % of Final Budget	Actual Outcome as % of Original Budget	Reported unauthorised expenditure	Expenditure	Balance to be recovered	Restate Audited Outcom
Revenue By Source	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Property rates	7 070	440	7 407	0.000								
Service charges - electricity revenue	7 079	418	7 497	8 328	and a di	830	0.0%	0.0%			-37	7-
Service charges - water revenue	10 390	(1 204)	9 185	9 849		663	0.0%	0.0%				7.5
Service charges - senitation revenue	2 675	(2 817)	(142)	2 718		2 860	0.0%	0.0%				-
Service charges - refuse revenue	2 092	(2 882)	(790)	1 567		2 357	0.0%	0.0%			200	1.2
Rental of facilities and equipment	1 687	(2 784)	(1 097)	1 889		2 987	0.0%	0.0%				
	376		376	294	W 8	(82)	0.0%	0.0%				
Interest earned - external investments	1 319	1 500	2 819	3 440		620	0.0%	0.0%				-
Interest earned - outstanding debtors	200	- 31	200	1		(198)	0.0%	0.0%				-
Dividends received	-	-	50	-		-	0.0%	0.0%			1 3	S-
Fines, penalties and forfeits	13		13	10		(3)	0.0%	0.0%				
Licences and permits	6	:=:	6	13		7	0.0%	0.0%			-	-
Agency services	-	-	-	151		151	0.0%	0.0%			- A	-
Transfers and subsidies	26 106	-	26 106	29 888	1-151	3 782	0.0%	0.0%				
Other revenue	20 044	(5 078)	14 966	2 177		(12 790)	0.0%	0.0%				-
Gains on disposal of PPE	120	(4)	- 4	-		-	0.0%	0.0%				12
Total Revenue (excluding capital transfers and contributions)	71 987	(12 848)	59 139	60 323		1 184	0.0%	0.0%				_
Expenditure By Type			_					.]				
Employee related costs	22 526	1 351	23 877	20 781	-	(3 096)	0.0%	0.0%	-		-	04
Remuneration of councillors	2 816	(11)	2 805	2 532	-	(273)	0.0%	0.0%	1-1	74	-	- 12
Debt impairment	3 401	263	3 664	3 958	2	294	0.0%	0.0%	1.0			-
Depreciation & asset impairment	5 154	1 000	6 154	4 430	-	(1 724)	0.0%	0.0%	(+:	-	_	-
Finance charges	959	9	959	2 377	9	1 418	0.0%	0.0%	12	-	-11	
Bulk purchases	12 549	(1 800)	10 749	9 485	9	(1 263)	0.0%	0.0%			_	_
Other materials	894	200	1 094	-		(1 094)	0.0%	0.0%		)=	_	
Contracted services	6 522	-	6 522	4	2	(6 522)	0.0%	0.0%			_	
Transfers and grants	1 782	(127)	1 655	-	-	(1 655)	0.0%	0.0%			_	
Other expenditure	12 834	(3 827)	9 007	18 941		9 933	0.0%	0.0%				
Loss on disposal of PPE	=		4	7	2	7	0.0%	0.0%			_	
otal Expenditure	69 437	(2 951)	66 486	62 511	_	(3 975)	0.0%	0.0%	-	_	-	= =
		(-11)			- 1	(0.0.0)						
urplus/(Deficit)	2 550	(9 896)	(7 347)	(2 188)		5 159	0.0%	0.0%			-	_
Transfers recognised - capital	65 422	(32 777)	32 645	28 297		(4 348)	0.0%	0.0%				
Contributions recognised - capital	30 -112	(02 ////	JE U-O	20 251		(4 340)	0.0%	0.0%				
Contributed assets	- 21			122		-	0.0%	0.0%	1 5 9			-
urplus/(Deficit) after capital transfers & contributions	67 972	(42 673)	25 298	26 109		811	0.0%	0.0%				-
Taxation		,			1				011	- 1	3350	
urplus/(Deficit) after taxation	67 972	(42.67%)	25 202	20 400		- 044	0.0%	0.0%				-
	01 912	(42 673)	25 298	26 109		811	0.0%	0.0%	7 7 7			-
Attributable to minorities urplus/(Deficit) attributable to municipality	67 972	(42 673)	25 298	26 109		811	0.0%	0.0%				=
	e. 412	1-15 (11 9)	PA 920	20 103		911	0.0%	U.U76	1000			-
Share of surplus/ (deficit) of associate				- 1	1	_	0.0%	0.0%	1000		199	

# APPENDIX D - Audited KAREEBERG LOCAL MUNICIPALITY NATIONAL TREASURY APPROPRIATION STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019 CAPITAL EXPENDITURE BY VOTE, STANDARD CLASSIFICATION AND FUNDING

Vote Description		1			8/2019					2017/2		
R thousand	Original Budget	Total Budget Adjustments (i.t.o. MFMA s28)	Final adjustments budget	Actual Outcome	Unauthorised expenditure	Variance	Actual Outcome as % of Final Budget	Actual Outcome as % of Original Budget	Reported unauthorised expenditure	Expenditure authorised in terms of section 32 of MFMA	Balance to be recovered	Restated Audited Outcome
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Capital expenditure - Vote												
Multi-year expenditure												
Vote 1 - Municipal Manager	-	-	_		-	_	0%	0%		-	_	-
Vote 2 - Finance	1 875	73	1 948	549	(1 399)	_	0%	0%			_	
Vote 3 - Corporate Services	1,010		1 0-10	179	(1 355)			11				
	60,400		0.000	04.070	(0.004)	-	0%	0%	-	. 20	-	-
Vote 4 - Infrastructure Development	69 422	(44 749)	24 673	21 870	(2 803)	-	0%	0%	-		-	-
Vote 5 · Economic Development	3		-			-	0%	0%	-	56	-	-
Example 6 - Vote6			-	:=:	-	-	0%	0%	-	-	- 1	- 5
Example 7 · Vote7	=	150	-	12.0	(2)	-	0%	0%	-	-	- 1	-
Example 8 - Vote8	-		-	- 1	70.	-	0%	0%			-	-
Example 9 - Vote9	- 3		-	197	000	-	0%	0%		-	- 1	
Example 10 - Vote10	-	160	_	140	540	_	0%	0%	-	9	- 1	
Example 11 - Vote11	=	- 2	_	20	2.1		0%	0%			_	
Example 12 - Vote12			_	-		_	0%	0%	(5)		-	
Example 13 - Vote13		- 5							:21	-	-	
	-		-	191	-	- 1	0%	0%	-	-	-	-
Example 14 - Vote14	-	-	-	-	4	- 1	0%	0%		2	-	-
Example 15 - Vote15		-	-	-	-	-	0%	0%	100		-	-
Capital multi-year expenditure	71 297	(44 676)	26 621	22 419	(4 202)	-	0%	0%	-	-	-	-
Single-year expenditure			-					.			-	
Vote 1 - Municipal Manager	16	- 57	_ 1			_	0%	0%				
Vote 2 - Finance			]	- 2	2	_					-	-
Vote 3 - Corporate Services		100		448	, š		0%	0%		-	-	*
		372	372	310	(62)	-	0%	0%	-	-	-	-
Vote 4 Infrastructure Development	2 200	5 772	7 972	6 040	(1 932)	-	0%	0%	5	- 5	-	-
Vote 5 - Economic Development	2.5	7	-	-		-	0%	0%	3	=	-	-
Example 6 - Vote6		*	-	-	+	-	0%	0%	-	+	-	-
Example 7 - Vote7	16	- 5	-		=	-	0%	0%		12	_	- 2
Example 8 - Vote8	12	2	-	-	-	- 1	0%	0%	-	-	_	_
Example 9 - Vote9	-		_		_	_	0%	0%	_	-	- 1	
Example 10 - Vote10			_	_		_	0%	0%			-	
Example 11 - Vote11											-	-
			-		-	-	0%	0%	- 1	-	- 1	- 6
Example 12 - Vote 12		- 5	-	=	F.	-	0%	0%	= =		-	5.7
Example 13 - Vote13	= 1	- 3	-	=			0%	0%	=	+:	-	06
Example 14 - Vote14	-	3	-	-	+	- 1	0%	0%	~	-	-	-
Example 15 Vote15	-	2		-	- 2	-	0%	0%		-		
apital single-year expenditure	2 200	6 144	8 344	6 350	(1 994)	-	0%	0%	-	-	-	-
otal Capital Expenditure - Vote	73 497	(38 532)	34 965	28 769	(6 196)		0%	0%	-	-	-	-
apital Expenditure - Standard					- 1		-				1	
Governance and administration	1 875	73	1 948	549	(1 399)	-	8%	0%	_		_	-
Executive and council		_	_	- 1	(4)	1	0%	0%	-	7.5	_	
Finance and administration	1 875	73	1 948	549	(1 399)	_	0%	0%		1	- 1	
Internal audit	1070	/3	1 540	343	(1 404)	-					-	
		480	-	53.	107.0	- 1	0%	0%	*		-	
Community and public safety	-	372	372	310	(62)	-	0%	0%	-	-	-	-
Community and social services	-	372	372	310	(62)	-	0%	0%	-	-	-	-
Sport and recreation	-	2	-	7.5	-	-	0%	0%	- 1		-	- 3
Public safety	- 1	1.2	-	15	100	-	0%	0%	-	**	-	-
Housing	3	-	-	100	:000	-	0%	0%	(6)	1	-	:=:
Health	156	-	-	16	120	-	0%	0%	141	-	-	120
Economic and environmental services	11 972	(4 000)	7 972	6 040	14 012	- 1	0%	0%	-	-	-	-
Planning and development	-	-	- 1	-	-	-	0%	0%	(4)	-	_	-
Road transport	11 972	(4 000)	7 972	6 040	14 012	_	0%	0%	-	-		-
Environmental protection		=		920	55.5		0%	0%	1	-		
Trading services	57 450	(32 777)	24 679	24 970	42.442	-					-	-
		(SE 111)	24 673	21 870	42 143	-	0%	0%	-		-	
Electricity	1 000	(0.0.000)	1 000	1 009	9	-	0%	0%	) <del>=</del> :	-	-	-
Water	56 450	(33 977)	22 473	19 534	42 007	-	0%	0%	-		-	-
Waste water management	=	1 200	1 200	1 327	127	-	0%	0%	•	9	-	3
Waste management		250	-	- 0	-	-	0%	0%		<b>35</b> 5	-	=
Other	71 207	(26 372)	24000	20 700	E4 004	-	0%	0%	· · · ·	-	-	
otal Capital Expenditure - Standard	71 297	(36 332)	34 965	28 769	54 694		0%	0%			-	
inded by:	4					fi						
National Government	65 422	(32 777)	32 645	28 280		_	OBA	0%		7 3 4 4		i.
	03 422	(02 111)	32 UND	10 100			0%		9			
Provincial Government		-	-	-		-	0%	0%	-	-	1 2	- 2
District Municipality	-	-	-	-	1 3	-	0%	0%	-	3	-	
Other transfers and grants	= =		-	-	1.5	-	0%	0%	-	3	-	. 8
Transfers recognised - capital	65 422	(32 777)	32 645	28 280	-	-	0%	0%	-	-	-	-
Public contributions & donations	-	-	-	= 1	D 20	-	0%	0%	-		- 1	-
	20	-	_	-		_	0%	0%	-	-		-
Borrowing				17	100			*				
Borrowing Internally generated funds	5 875	(3 555)	2 320	489	-	-	0%	0%	90		-	-

# APPENDIX D - Audited KAREEBERG LOCAL MUNICIPALITY NATIONAL TREASURY APPROPRIATION STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019 CASH FLOWS

Reconciliation of Table A7 Budgeted Cash Flows

Description				2018/2019				2017/2018
R thousand	Original Budget	Budget Adjustments (i.t.o. s28)	Final adjustments budget	Actual Outcome	Variance	Actual Outcome as % of Final Budget	Actual Outcome as % of Original Budget	Restated Audite Outcome
0401151.004.5004.0000.0004.000	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES								
Receipts					,			
Property rates, peanalties and collection charges	7 079	418	7 497	7 159	(338)	0.0%	0.0%	=
Service charges	16 843	(9 688)	7 156	11 522	4 366	0.0%	0.0%	*
Other revenue	20 639	(5 078)	15 561	4 342	(11 219)	0.0%	0.0%	=
Government - operating	26 106	-	26 106	26 106	-	0.0%	0.0%	2
Government - capital	65 422	(32 777)	32 645	28 019	(4 626)	0.0%	0.0%	7
Interest	1 319	1 500	2 819	3 336	517	0.0%	0.0%	-
Dividends	-	=	.=	=	-	0.0%	0.0%	
Payments								
Suppliers and employees	(58 142)	4 087	(54 055)	(50 173)	(3 882)	0.0%	0.0%	1/4
Finance charges	(959)	=	(959)	(2 377)	1 418	0.0%	0.0%	1=
Transfers and Grants	(1 622)	臺	(1 622)	-	(1 622)	0.0%	0.0%	/.=
NET CASH FROM/(USED) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	76 687	(41 538)	35 149	27 935	(15 386)	0.0%	0.0%	_
		(11 000)	00 145	27 000	(10 000)	0.076	0.078	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				- 1				
Receipts				1				
Proceeds on disposal of PPE	-	-	-	37	(37)	0.0%	0.0%	
Decrease (Increase) in non-current debtors	8	(8)	_			0.0%	0.0%	-
Decrease (increase) other non-current receivables	-	= :	_	=	_	0.0%	0.0%	-
Decrease (increase) in non-current investments	=	2	_	5	_	0.0%	0.0%	
Payments								
Capital assets	(60 814)	60 814	_	(28 800)	28 800	0.0%	0.0%	-
NET CASH FROM/(USED) INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(60 806)	60 806	-	(28 762)	28 762	0.0%	0.0%	-
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES						-	-	
Receipts								
Short term loans						0.00/	0.00/	
Borrowing long term/refinancing	=	=	-	-	-	0.0%	0.0%	
Increase (decrease) in consumer deposits	-	7400	-	5	5	0.0%	0.0%	-
Payments	10	(10)	-	2	2	0.0%	0.0%	2.0
Repayment of borrowing						2.04		
repayment of borrowing		15	-	15	-	0.0%	0.0%	<u>≥</u> .
IET CASH FROM/(USED) FINANCING ACTIVITIES	10	(10)	-	7	7	0.0%	0.0%	-
ET INCREASE/ (DECREASE) IN CASH HELD	45.001	40.000	25.445		40.000			
, ,	15 891 I	19 258	35 149	(821)	13 384	UB111		-
Cash/cash equivalents at the year begin:	1	40.000	-	43 249				*
Cash/cash equivalents at the year end:	15 891	19 258	35 149	42 428	13 384	0.0%	0.0%	12

# APPENDIX E - Audited KAREEBERG LOCAL MUNICIPALITY DEVIATIONS ACCORDING TO SECTION 36(2) - SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

R2,001 - R30,000			
Date of tender committee	Supplier	Amount	Reason
16-07-2018	GS Survey	29 900.00	Service Provide
26-10-2018	SAW Africa	4 897.69	Exceptional
26-10-2018	SAW Africa	4 302.56	Exceptional
09-10-2018	Blue Planet Trading	10 695.00	Exceptional
16-10-2018	SAW Africa	2 148.87	Exceptional
08-01-2019	CSB Handel	2 946.18	Exceptional
14-01-2019	De Aar Bande en Gas	10 800.00	Exceptional
		65 690.30	,
R30,001 - R200,000			
	Supplier	Āmount	Reason
	Supplier Calteau & Partners	<b>Amount</b> 60 205.46	to 11 monatures. According
ate of tender committee			Exceptional
ate of tender committee 30-10-2018	Calteau & Partners	60 205.46	Exceptional Exceptional
30-10-2018 29-11-2018	Calteau & Partners Calteau & Partners	60 205.46 277 920.05	Exceptional Exceptional Exceptional
30-10-2018 29-11-2018 20-12-2018	Calteau & Pariners Calteau & Partners Calteau & Partners	60 205.46 277 920.05 184 616.62 69 331.39	Exceptional Exceptional Exceptional Exceptional
30-10-2018 29-11-2018 29-12-2018 30-01-2019	Calteau & Partners Calteau & Partners Calteau & Partners Calteau & Partners	60 205.46 277 920.05 184 616.62 69 331.39 97 615.13	Exceptional Exceptional Exceptional Exceptional Exceptional Exceptional
30-10-2018 29-11-2018 29-12-2018 20-12-2018 30-01-2019 27-03-2019	Calteau & Pariners Calteau & Partners Calteau & Partners Calteau & Partners Calteau & Partners	60 205.46 277 920.05 184 616.62 69 331.39	Exceptional Exceptional Exceptional Exceptional Exceptional Exceptional
30-10-2018 29-11-2018 29-12-2018 20-12-2018 30-01-2019 27-03-2019 28-03-2019	Calteau & Partners Calteau & Partners Calteau & Partners Calteau & Partners Calteau & Partners Calteau & Partners	60 205.46 277 920.05 184 616.62 69 331.39 97 615.13 200 394.19 136 398.63	Exceptional Exceptional Exceptional Exceptional Exceptional Exceptional Exceptional
30-10-2018 29-11-2018 29-12-2018 20-12-2018 30-01-2019 27-03-2019 28-03-2019 29-04-2019	Calteau & Partners	60 205.46 277 920.05 184 616.62 69 331.39 97 615.13 200 394.19	Exceptional Exceptional Exceptional Exceptional Exceptional Exceptional

R2,001 - R30,000			
Data of tender committee	Supplier	Amount	Reason
27-07-2018	Karoo Vleisboere	4 554.00	Exceptional
13-08-2018	De Aar Bande en Gas	16 980.00	Exceptional
17-10-2018	CSB Handel	5 908.40	Exceptional
14-01-2019	De Aar Bande en Gas	4 250.00	Exceptional
14-01-2019	Karoo Vleisboere	5 198.00	Exceptional
15-02-2019	Lexis Nexis	7 932.01	Exceptional
14-03-2019	Arch Actuarial	15 525.00	Exceptional
		60 347.41	p.ionai

R2,001 - R30,000			
Date of tender committee	Supplier	Amount	Reason
05-12-2018	CSB Handel	4 436.48	Sole Provider
09-01-2019	GWK Vanwyksvlei	6 944.98	Emergency
		11 381.46	,
R30,001 - R200,000			
Date of tender committee	Supplier	Amount	Reason
09-01-2019	Tricom Africa	30 034.38	Emergency
26-11-2018	Profound Pursuit	53 610.00	Emergency
•		83 644.38	,

# APPENDIX E - Audited KAREEBERG LOCAL MUNICIPALITY DEVIATIONS ACCORDING TO SECTION 36(2) - SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 201

### DEVIATIONS ACCORDING TO SECTION 36(2) - SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019 AVAILABILITY R2,001 - R30,000 Date of tender committee Supplier Amount Reason 03-07-2018 EMC Electrical Reticulation 21 079.50 Exceptional 01-07-2018 XYX Construction 3 634.00 Exceptional 01-07-2018 XYX Construction 2 593.25 Exceptional 04-07-2018 CSB Handel 9 200,00 Service Provider 06-07-2018 Camaryon Abattoir 2.036.02 Exceptional 16-07-2018 Carnaryon Spar 3.020.20 Exceptional 17-07-2018 Info Atronics 4 180 85 Exceptional 17-07-2018 Bester's Auto 19 404.99 Service Provider 19-07-2018 XYX Construction 2 530.00 Service Provider 23-07-2018 Karoo Vleisboere 2 421.69 Service Provider 27-07-2018 Jacobs Broers 5 228.55 Exceptional 23-08-2018 Bester's Auto 2 969.20 Service Provider 30-08-2018 PDK Office - De Aar 2 248.50 Service Provider 30-08-2018 PDK Office - De Aar 2 900.00 Service Provider 05-09-2018 GB Kempen en De Wet Nei 15 042.23 Service Provider 17-09-2018 Bester's Auto 22 374.18 Service Provider 19-09-2018 Jacobs Broers 2 088.47 Service Provider 08-10-2018 Karno Vleishoere 2 942.26 Service Provider 09-10-2018 Bester's Auto 2 641.75 Service Provider 09-10-2018 CSB Handel 2 419.02 Service Provider 09-10-2018 Karoo Vleisboere 2 276.50 Service Provider 15-10-2018 KVB Camaryon 2 421.69 Service Provider 18-10-2018 KVB Carnarvon 3 110.98 Service Provider 01-11-2018 KVB Carnaryon 7 702 67 Service Provider 05-11-2018 CP Nel/Rodmile Motors 3 006.46 Service Provider 05-11-2018 CP Nel/Rodmile Motors 3 878.03 Service Provider 12-11-2018 Jacobs Broers 9 074.84 Service Provider 12-11-2018 KVB Camarvon 13 487.15 Service Provider 26-11-2018 KVB Camarvon 25 219.65 Emergency 29-11-2018 Carnarvon Boukontrakteurs 6 670.00 Service Provider 03-12-2018 Travelstart 3 059.00 Exceptional 06-12-2018 KVB Carnarvor 3 300.00 Service Provider 06-12-2018 KVB Camarvon 7 595.06 Service Provider 06-12-2018 Jacobs Broers 5 645.10 Service Provider 06-12-2018 PDK Office - De Aar 5 059.20 Service Provider 07-12-2018 Karoo Vleisboere 12 064.18 Service Provider 10-12-2018 KVB Camaryon 11 392.59 Service Provider 17-12-2018 Jacobs Broers 7 312.35 Service Provider 17-12-2018 KVB Camaryon 6 999.08 Emergency 18-12-2018 Jacobs Broers 2 471.65 Service Provider 18-12-2018 KVB Carnarvon 3 226.25 Service Provider 04-01-2019 **CSB Handel** 7 168.16 Service Provider 04-01-2019 PDK Office - De Aar 3 515.00 Service Provider 07-01-2019 KVB Carnarvon 16 010.25 Service Provider 08-01-2019 Karoo Vleisboere 6 421.09 Service Provider 08-01-2019 Rodmile Motors 3 638.54 Exceptional Luvuyo and Mihle Property and Services 11-01-2019 29 900.00 Exceptional 14-01-2019 XYX Construction 2 196.50 Service Provider 15-01-2019 Karoo Vleisboere 3 421.54 Service Provider 24-01-2019 Jacobs Broers 6 868.30 Service Provider 25-01-2019 XYX Construction 10 350.00 Exceptional 07-02-2019 PDK Office - De Aar 12 908.50 Service Provider 08-02-2019 PDK Office - De Aar 9 012.00 Service Provider 18-02-2019 PDK Office - De Aar 4 627.80 Service Provider 19-02-2019 **Boland Fire** 7 164.50 Service Provider 27-02-2019 Jacobs Broers 7 364.86 Service Provider 28-02-2019 Jacobs Broers 7 337.30 Service Provider 01-03-2019 Jacobs Broers 9 916.25 Service Provider 12-03-2019 Witcornelius Enterprises 2 800.00 Service Provider 16-03-2019 XYX Construction 18 112.50 Service Provider 16-03-2019 XYX Construction 18 112.50 Service Provider 25-03-2019 PDK Office - De Aar 3 181.40 Service Provider 06-04-2019 PDK Office - De Aar 9 482.00 Service Provider 04-04-2019 Witcornelius Enterprises 2 100.00 Service Provider 05-04-2019 XYX Construction 5 410.75 Service Provider 11-04-2019 Leon Swanepoel 2 760.00 Service Provider 16-04-2019 CSB Handel 2 268.72 Service Provider 18-04-2019 Jacobs Broers 4 471.65 Service Provider 18-04-2019 Jacobs Broers 18 655.00 Service Provider 23-04-2019 KLK Landbou Beperk 3 739.40 Service Provider 14-05-2019 Jacobs Broers 4 885.65 Service Provider 21-05-2019 Jacobs Broers 2 590.30 Service Provider 21-05-2019 Karoo Vleisboere 2 116.41 Service Provider 06-06-2019 Jacobs Broers 3 992.00 Service Provider 20-06-2019 De Aar Motors 9 548 25 Service Provider

8 065.20

16 457.65

562 497.06

Service Provider

Service Provider

CP Nel/Rodmile Motors

**UIS Analytical Services** 

27-06-2019

30-06-2019

# APPENDIX E - Audited KAREEBERG LOCAL MUNICIPALITY DEVIATIONS ACCORDING TO SECTION 36(2) - SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

R30,001 - R200,000			
Date of tender committee	Supplier	Amount	Reason
03-07-2018	De Jagers Loodgieters	44 108.50	Service Provider
	Wholehearted Music cc	62 800.00	Sole Provider
	Herman van Heerden Ing/Inc	49 732.54	Service Provider
		156 641.04	

R2,001 - R30,000			
ate of tender committee	100		
ate of terioer committee	Supplier	Amount	Reason
21-07-2017	Nashua	2 459.31	Service Provider
	Afrihost	21 087.00	Service Provider
18-07-2019	UTD HR Consulting	15 640.00	Service Provide
30-07-2018	CP Nel/Rodmile Motors	4 076.36	Service Provider
01-08-2018	Nico Swart Consultancy	28 947.95	Exceptional
03-08-2018	Nico Swart Consultancy	22 723.00	Exceptional
17-08-2018	SRK Consulting	16 387.50	Service Provider
17-09-2018	Chartered Institute	14 852.00	Sole Provider
25-09-2018	Ignite	24 021.20	Service Provider
28-09-2018	Ignite	29 900.00	Service Provider
03-10-2018	GB Kempen en De Wet Nel	17 595.00	Service Provider
22-11-2018	SAGE South Africa	2 109.10	Sole Provider
29-11-2018	Carnaryon Boukontrakteurs	3 003.16	Service Provider
30-01-2019	SAGE South Africa	2 415.00	Service Provider
06-02-2019	GB Kempen en De Wet Nei	6 560.98	Service Provider
21-02-2019	CP Nel/Rodmile Motors	6 705.00	Service Provider
09-03-2019	Besters en Seuns Ford	3 970.85	Service Provider
09-03-2019	CP Nel/Rodmile Motors	6 953.05	Service Provider
21-03-2019	GB Kempen en De Wet Nel	3 000.00	Service Provider
31-03-2019	CP Nel/Rodmile Motors	3 265.39	Service Provider
16-04-2019	CSB Handel	4 776.72	Service Provider
10-05-2019	CP Nel/Rodmile Motors	21 041.39	Service Provider
17-05-2019	CP Nel/Rodmile Motors	6 495.55	Service Provider
30-05-2019	Noordwester	2 357.50	Service Provider
04-06-2019	Mubesko Africa	9 004.50	Service Provider
03-06-2019	UTD HR Consulting	14 283.30	Service Provider
20-06-2019	Top Carpets	18 360.00	Service Provider
	TOP OST, POLO	311 990.81	Service Provider
R30,001 - R200,000			
100,001 -1120,000			
te of tender committee	Supplier	Amount	Reason
	Fantique Trade	88 655.02	Service Provider
21-08-2018	Conlog	30 530.90	Service Provider
13-08-2018	EDK Besigheidsmasjiene BK	95 127.97	Service Provider
	CSB Handel	35 502.23	Exceptional
		249 816.12	Exceptional

TOTAL DEVIATIONS	2 754 891.59